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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, 2002

City of St. Peters

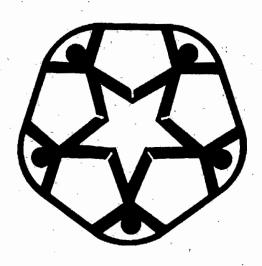
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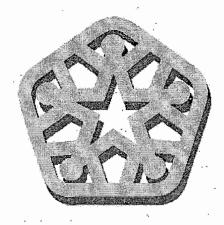
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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal year ended September 30, 2002



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002



Report issued by the Office of Administration

Timothy M. Wilkinson Assistant City Administrator

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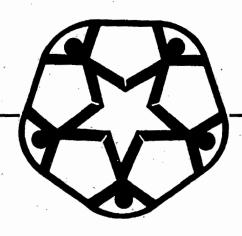
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Part I - Introductory Section



ST. PETERS

December 16, 2002

To the Citizens of the City of St. Peters, Missouri:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the City of St. Peters, Missouri (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart, and a list of principal City officials. The financial section includes the independent auditors' report on the general-purpose financial statements, the combining and individual fund and individual account group financial statements and schedules, and supplementary data. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information generally presented on a multiyear basis.

This report includes all funds and account groups of the City. The City provides a full range of services that include police protection; water and sanitary sewer service; residential trash collection; construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; planning, zoning and code enforcement; health; recreational activities; and cultural events. This report also includes the financial statements of the City of St. Peters Natatorium Foundation, a separate not-for-profit corporation established to support the City's recreational complex. In addition, this report includes the financial statements of the City of St. Peters Public Improvement Corporation (the PIC), a separate not-for-profit corporation, established to finance capital projects of the City. Both the City of St. Peters Natatorium Foundation are reported as component units of the City and blended as a separate enterprise fund and an expendable trust fund, respectively.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

For over two decades, St. Peters has been the center of dynamic growth and progressive change in St. Charles County. From the fully equipped REC-PLEX, to antique Old Town, to shopping at our more than 1-million square foot Westfield Shoppingtown Mid Rivers, to the St. Peters Community & Arts Center, we have something for every member of today's busy family.

Due to this growth, the City has been able to retain a property tax rate of 90 cents per hundred dollars of valuation (sixty-four cents in the General Fund and twenty-six cents in the Debt Service Fund) without cutting any City services. The assessed valuation for the City of St. Peters continued to increase and is estimated at \$741,345,000 for the 2002 calendar year.

The population of St. Peters is younger than the national average and of the state of Missouri. The median age of the population in 2000 was 34.2 years compared to 35.3 years for the Nation. Approximately 37% of St. Peters' residents are under the age of 25 years. Older adults, 65 years and above, comprise 7.8% of the population.

According to statistics from the United States Bureau of Census, in 2000, St. Peters' residents over the age of 3 enrolled in school totaled 15,841. The percentage of the City's adult population who graduated from high school was 91.4% and 27.2% of the population obtained a bachelor's degree or higher. This compares favorably to the State of Missouri which had a population graduated from high school of 81.3% and a population obtaining a bachelor's degree or higher of 21.6%.

The 2000 Census shows St. Peters with a population of 51,381, making us the seventh fastest growing city in the State of Missouri. Today, approximately 56,000 residents call St. Peters home, ranking us as one of the 10 most populated cities in Missouri. St. Peters continues to grow as a suburban community. And, St. Charles County is now the fastest growing Missouri County with an estimated population of 283,883 in 2000.

As has been the trend for more than a decade, the City's economy continues to diversify with modern housing, numerous commercial enterprises, several shopping centers, support services, and some industries. Commercial growth is attributable to the City's transportation network, central location in the United States, and expanding resources of labor and materials. The City of St. Peters currently has over 2,000 business establishments. New businesses to the area include: Home Depot, Costco, Marshall's, Home Goods, Borders Book Store, David's Bridal, Burlington Coat Factory, and Petco.

There are several major shopping corridors in St. Peters and the City serves as a shopping hub to surrounding communities located throughout St. Charles County. The City's retail service area encompasses an estimated 30-mile radius with a population of approximately 350,000 in the 10-mile radius immediately surrounding the City. The largest shopping center in St. Peters, Westfield Shopping Town-Mid Rivers, is also the largest shopping center in St. Charles County. The mall opened in 1987. Four major department stores anchor the mall, which has approximately 162 shops including a food court, restaurants, and a 14 screen Wehrenberg Theater.

During fiscal year 2002, residential and commercial building permits were issued with estimated construction values of \$24,285,105 and \$47,701,387, respectively. The City continues to see strong growth in the residential arena, with 218 building permits issued during the year. During the year, the City had over 36,000 square feet of industrial space under construction, with an estimated value of \$1,555,200. Also during the year, 190,000 square feet of retail and commercial space, with a value of approximately \$9 million, and 76,000 square feet of office space, with an estimated value of \$7.8 million, was either added or re-occupied. In addition, approximately \$20.2 million was invested in church, educational, hospital and government facilities resulting in approximately 138,000 square feet of new space.

The economy of St. Peters has flourished even during periods of recession as evidenced by historical increases in assessed valuation, retail sales, and new construction. However, as a suburban community, which is a part of a larger metropolitan area, the City's continued growth can be affected by economic events occurring outside its corporate limits. Future opportunities will be carefully and conservatively evaluated as

the City continues to actively seek new development.

In December 1999, a new 1,640-acre Tax Incremental Financing (T.I.F.) district was created North of Interstate 70 along the Highway 370 corridor. The land is currently agricultural and subject to flooding by the Mississippi River. The plan calls for construction of a levee that will flood protect the area and allow for commercial, retail, and office development. On April 4, 2000, St. Peters' voters approved a \$35 million general obligation bond issue to purchase land in the T.I.F. district and construct a levee. During a previous fiscal year the City issued \$10,000,000 of these bonds to purchase land in the area at pre-development agricultural values. To date, the City has purchased approximately 1,520 acres. During fiscal year 2002 the City issued an additional \$2,500,000 for remaining land acquisitions and for levee design. The City has contracted with an engineering firm to develop a detail design of the levee and contracted with a land use consultant to plan development of the area. The expected assessed valuation of the area after full redevelopment is estimated at \$106,436,000.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Information Systems

During fiscal year 2001, the City of St. Peters introduced e-Government to the community in conjunction with the development of a new web site. The web site was designed to provide timely news and information to area residents and to become a relied upon communication tool between the city and those residents who require city services. Some of the more prominent features currently available on the web site include: Aldermanic meeting schedules, agendas and minutes; access and search capability of the City Code; full viewing and download access to the Leisure Line and Upfront publications; and ability to search and view geographic information about our community and properties within. Online forms are also conveniently available for residents requesting specific services of city departments during or after hours. New features that were added during fiscal year 2002 include implementation of RecConnect, which allows the public to register and pay for recreational programs and view parks and recreational facility availability via the internet, and the upgrade of the GIS software to allow for added functionality.

In addition, during fiscal year 2002 the City added new GIS data layers created for census information, sanitary sewer, storm water, water, traffic signals, fiber, etc.; implemented REJIS system to allow the Police department to add and view photos and other information to a regional crime database; and purchased new software intended to upgrade the functionality of the Building department's existing application while providing for enhanced developer/contractor workflow tracking for Engineering and Planning departments. The network infrastructure was upgraded to provide additional capacity and logical redundancy of the existing network.

Water Works/Sanitary Sewer Operations

The City has two sources of water supply. The first is a 6 million-gallon per day treatment plant that is supplied by a well system. The second source of water is the City of St. Louis Howard Bend Water Treatment Plant. Several years ago, the City and the City of St. Charles, Missouri formed a joint venture to build a pipeline to the Howard Bend plant. The City has a long-term agreement with St. Louis that provides for a supply of up to 9.858 million gallons of potable water per day. The City has been able to balance the use of these two sources of water such that energy costs associated with water production treatment and distribution are minimized.

During fiscal year 2002, the City continued to expand the water and sanitary sewer system. City crews constructed approximately 7,300 lineal feet of water main. This construction was necessary to allow the City to serve its expanding service area and to upgrade the existing distribution system. During the year over 1,500 water meters and touch pads were installed or replaced under a plan to convert to an automated meter reading system. The system provides for meters to be read via a touch pad installed near the house or on top of the meter well. This remote read is digital and ensures greater accuracy. The system includes hand-held computer reading units and route manager software. The system can be modified in the future to deliver readings through radio, cable, or telephone lines.

In 2002, the City continued building the database for the Sanitary Sewer Management System (SSMS). Several thousand feet of sanitary sewer mains were inspected with closed circuit TV equipment to assess physical condition and identify inflow/infiltration sources and blockages. This information was incorporated into the SSMS database and 8 sewer spot repair projects were identified and executed including 561-feet of sewer rehabilitation involving no-dig technology. Also, 18,000-feet of sewer mains were cleaned for proactive maintenance to reduce the number of sewer overflows.

During fiscal year 2002, the City completed the installation of a new Water Plant Control System, construction of a new Brown Road Sanitary Pump Station, and the continued development of a wastewater biosolids/yard waste composting operation. Development of the wastewater biosolids program included the operation of the farm property that is utilized for the land application of biosolids and lime. The fields consist of cropland for the production of various agricultural products.

The new computerized water plant control system replaced the 20-year old system that was obsolete and was manually operated. The new system allows operators and supervisors to control and monitor the water plant operations from desktop computers. They are able to monitor and control operations at the remote wells, pump stations, and water storage tanks via radio and telephone communications. Sensors and programmable logic controllers increased automation of the water production process.

Construction was completed on the Brown Road Sanitary Pump Station located in Brown Road Park. This project upgraded the existing 20-year old pump station at the site to provide more reliability, reduce odors, and eliminate sewer backups in the area.

Solid Waste Management

During 1990 the City began providing residential trash collection. This comprehensive service includes curbside trash and recycling collection twice per week, yard waste collection one time per week, and bulk pickup service. The yard waste that is collected is disposed of at the City's composting facility. During fiscal year 2000, the City expanded service to include multi-family and commercial collections. By September 2002, total customers included 15,600 single-family homes, 3,900 multi-family homes, and 350 commercial trash and cardboard clients.

Fiscal year 2002 was the fifth full year for operations at the municipal waste Central Material Processing Facility (CMPF) and transfer station that became operational in April 1997. City collected residential trash is delivered to the CMPF for separation of material that can be either recycled or composted. The residual trash is then hauled to a landfill. The facility operates in conjunction with a "bluebag" collection system. City residents dispose of recyclables in blue bags, which are placed in their trash containers with other garbage. The blue bags and loose cardboard are separated from the other

trash at the CMPF, and the recyclables are sorted on various conveyor systems within the facility. Operation of the CMPF has enabled the City to achieve a 40% reduction goal of residential waste to landfills, as legislated by the State of Missouri. Eleven different commodities are processed and recycled at the plant. Approximately 11,815 bales and approximately 18.6 million lbs. of material were recycled during the year; an equivalent production tonnage from the previous fiscal year.

The year 2002 marked the continuation of our recycling promotion program, "Wild About Recycling" featuring a recycling contest, signage and promotion, and a mascot. A Governor's Pollution Prevention Award and a Missouri Waste Control Coalition Special Recognition Award recognized this promotion program during fiscal year 2002.

Health

The City moved kennel operations to the new St. Charles County Pet Adoption Center in December 1999, where the City leases kennel space and has an office for City personnel. The high profile of the new adoption center has significantly increased adoptions. The Pet Adoption Center reached a record number of approximately 2,394 adoptions in the third year, a 10% increase.

The City of St. Peters Health Department also conducts quarterly inspections of all food service establishments in the city. These establishments include restaurants, caterers, schools, delicatessens, temporary and permanent food stands, taverns, day cares, bakeries, and frozen dessert stands. These inspections are unannounced, and are conducted by a Public Health Sanitarian. Considerable time during an inspection is spent evaluating food workers' practices. Practices that are observed include the manner at which food is received and stored, how foods are processed, and the temperatures used to cook, hold and reheat foods.

Public Works

During fiscal year 2002, the City continued its program to repair and maintain existing roadways within the City limits. Over 100,000 square yards of asphalt streets were repaired by milling off the old asphalt surface and applying a new overlay. In addition, the City replaced 22,000 square yards of concrete streets and replaced over 10,000 lineal feet of concrete curbing. This effort is facilitated by a computerized pavement maintenance management system that is linked to the City's GIS system. This method prioritizes street repair projects by objective measures using a pavement distress rating system. The City utilizes software programs that assist in performance curve cost-analysis. This helps the City decide when and where to concentrate maintenance dollars to extend the life and improve quality of our streets.

Construction Management

Fiscal year 2002 included several significant construction projects and right-of-way acquisition tasks. Right-of-way acquisition continued for the Spencer Road project and roadway construction included: the Mid-Rivers Mall Drive/Mexico Road intersection improvements, Central School Road from Kisker to Hwy 94, and Mexico Road from Sunny Hills to West Sunny Hills.

Municipal Police Services

During fiscal year 2002, the Department coordinated the purchase and installation of the Citywide Communications System upgrade. The new 800MHz trunked radio system will go on-line in early 2003. The key features of the system are its ability to handle the growing communications needs of the City, and provide regional emergency

communications interoperations with our neighboring communities. The system design is compatible with emerging federal initiatives enabling our City to communicate with federal and state authorities in the event of a regional emergency.

The Department purchased the equipment to participate in the Regional Justice Information System (REJIS) arrest/booking system. The equipment in use while a software interface is being developed to permit the automated transfer of arrest data from REJIS into our local records management system.

Recreation Activities

The REC-PLEX continues to be the recreation hub for St. Charles County. This multipurpose recreation complex includes: an olympic caliber 50-meter competition pool and diving tank; an indoor recreational pool; an indoor ice rink; a gymnasium with an elevated running track; and many other assorted recreation components. When the facility initially opened, the City was in the national spotlight, as the aquatic events of the 1994 U.S. Olympic Festival and the Alamo World Diving trials were held at the REC-PLEX in July and August of 1994. Thousands of sports fans flocked to the REC-PLEX to see America's top athletes in action. Since that time, the focus of activity has been on the everyday recreation enjoyment of area residents. In excess of 1,250,000 people visited the REC-PLEX this year and enjoyed the numerous recreation alternatives the facility offers. The facility was also the venue for numerous swimming, diving, skating, and ice hockey competitions.

Construction of the REC-PLEX was originally funded by a combination of private corporate donations and a portion of the proceeds from a \$16,000,000 general obligation (G.O.) bond issue issued in February 1993. Major St. Louis corporations had a strong desire to construct world class competitive swimming and diving facilities in the St. Louis metropolitan area. To that end, these corporations donated approximately \$4,500,000 toward the REC-PLEX project. An additional \$1,000,000 was pledged by local businesses and individuals. Approximately \$2,000,000 of these donations were deposited in a permanent endowment fund, the City of St. Peters' Natatorium Foundation, the earnings of which will be used to defray operating expenses of the facility.

The G. O. bonds are linked to a 581-acre Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District that includes the REC-PLEX site. As this economic development district develops, the incremental tax revenue generated by this development will be used to satisfy debt service on the general obligation bonds. To the extent that these incremental revenues are not available, the bonds will be supported as typical G. O. bonds.

During fiscal year 2002 the REC-PLEX again hosted the Missouri State High School Boys and Girls Swim Championships, Speedo International Water Polo Tournament, ISI District Figure Skating Championships, two Youth Hockey Tournaments, All County Swim Meet, USA Swim Meet, and five Ozark Age Group Swim Meets. In addition, the REC-PLEX hosted two Ice Skating Shows, Summer Getaway Skating Competition, NAIA Division III Swimming and Diving Meet, GAC Boys and Girls Swim Meet, Gateway Diving Cup, Zone Diving Championships, St. Louis University Invitational, Ellis and Associates Regional Lifeguard Competition, Missouri Water Polo Championship Tournaments and the Gators Water Polo Tournament. For the first time, the Rec-Plex hosted a very successful Triathlon.

Parks

The Parks Department once again had a productive year in 2002. New playground

equipment was installed at Rabbit Run Park. Ball field lighting was added to two fields at Woodlands Sports Park completing the lighting on the quad complex. Irrigation was added to eight soccer fields and six fields were re-graded and converted to a Bermuda grass playing surface. The city's trail system was lengthened to over 10 miles with the construction of .5 miles of trail development in Rabbit Run Park. A handicapped accessible fishing dock was completed at Woodlands Sports Park with an asphalt trail leading to the dock from the parking lot. Laurel Park outdoor pool was sandblasted and received a new coat of paint and a new canopy was added leading into the pool. Five regional and state youth baseball tournaments were held at Woodlands Sports complex highlighted by the first Annual St. Peters Father's Day Tournament.

We continued our national recognition by receiving for the third consecutive year Tree City USA status and received Growth Awards from the National Arbor Day Foundation. We were also awarded a Communitree Award from the Missouri Community Forestry Council for our comprehensive Forestry program. The department added 140 new trees along city streets with 48 of those trees being planted through a large volunteer project. An additional 100 street trees were installed by Developers in new subdivisions as a result of our Tree and Landscape Ordinance.

Ranger Enforcement Division

Fiscal year 2002 was another outstanding year. The Ranger Division continued the partnership with the residents and general park users by expanding its role of customer service to the public. Rangers have a visible presence in the parks and assist in such things as overseeing the lighting of the fields.

The Ranger Mounted Patrol entered its fifth year. The unit provides educational and community programming to the residents, including Francis Howell and Fort Zumwalt school districts by demonstrations, and participating in Career Days at local schools. The Ranger Division expanded its Park Watcher program to include the expanded trail system from Jungerman Road through the Barkwoods Trail subdivision into Laurel Park.

The Ranger Division along with the Park Watchers provide a safe and secure trail system for the residents of the City of St. Peters. The Rangers continue to interact with the young people of the community by holding the popular Kite Extravaganza, Day and Night fishing derbies, Bike safety rodeo, Concerts in the Park, and Hunter Education programs. For the third straight year the Rangers have been able to allow the residents and guests to ride at the Brown Road BMX track two evenings a week at no cost to the resident.

Community and Arts Center

This has been a productive year with the Community and Arts Center as part of the community's cultural focus. The center is fast becoming a destination for St. Peters' families as surrounding subdivisions embrace the Center as a safe place for family activities. The new facility features expanded exhibition space, spacious classrooms, a piano and voice lab and a raised stage. The Center's ample parking and delightful atmosphere has established the Center as a place to hold small receptions, birthday parties and community events.

The Center hosted nearly one hundred performances from our Community Theater, piano and voice recitals, poetry readings, concerts and demonstrations. Over fifty different visual art exhibits were displayed ranging from watercolors to wood working with an average of more than 6,000 pieces of work each year being displayed. Our

outreach into the community continues by working with home school groups, local school districts and selected festivals. Our reach extends well in to the St. Louis area with the St. Louis Watercolor Society Annual Show and the St. Louis Magic Guild giving our residents unusual and impressive visual exhibitions.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's Board of Aldermen. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and enterprise activities are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the capital projects funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level.

The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts do not lapse at year-end. All encumbrances are supported by either a purchase order or a contract.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

General Governmental Functions

The following schedule presents a budget basis summary of general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service fund revenues, expressed in thousands, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year revenues.

•			Increase	Percent
		Percent of	(Decrease)	of Increase
Resources	Amount	<u>Total</u>	From 2001	(Decrease)
Taxes	29,757.	66.29%	\$2,656	9.80%
Licenses and Permits	1,030	2.30%	104	11.23%
Interest	388	0.86%	(668)	(63.26)%
Intergovernmental	6,501	14.48%	738	12.81%
Fines and Forfeitures	1,373	3.06%	391	39.82%
Charges for Services	3,499	7.79%	205	6.22%
Miscellaneous	2,343	5.22%	<u>1,514</u>	<u>182.63%</u>
Total	\$44,891	100.00%	*** \$4,940	,

The most significant revenue source for general governmental functions is taxes. Historically tax revenues included a combination of four distinct resources: sales tax, property tax, utility franchise taxes, and the cigarette tax. Table 3 in the statistical section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report details a 10-year history of these revenues. The \$2,656 million increase in these revenues is primarily due to a change in three of these areas. Sales tax increased by \$2,211,000 due to strong sales within the City of St. Peters and the first full year of a new Local Park and Storm Water Sales Tax that was approved by voters in fiscal year 2001. Fiscal year 2002 was a reassessment year for the City of St. Peters and property tax increased by \$712,000 due to the increase in valuation of property within the City. In addition, utility franchise taxes decreased by \$268,000. This is due primarily to a decline in the amount received for natural gas consumption. During fiscal year 2001 extreme cold weather and an increase in the cost of natural gas raised revenue to an unusually high rate. This revenue source adjusted to a more historically expected amount in fiscal year 2002.

Interest revenue in fiscal year 2002 decreased approximately \$668,000 from the prior year. This is due to lower fund balances and a significant decrease in the interest rate. During fiscal year 2002, returns on the normal investments ranged from a low of 1.75% to a high of 2.6%. This compares to a range of 3.29% to 6.58% in the prior year.

Intergovernmental revenues in fiscal year 2002 were approximately \$6.5 million. The most significant of these revenues were state motor vehicles fuel taxes and fees totaling approximately \$2,200,000, St. Charles County road and bridge taxes totaling approximately \$862,000, and approximately \$3,000,000 from the Federal Government and St. Charles County for new road construction. The \$738,000 increase from the prior year is partially attributed to an increase in construction projects funded by grants of \$430,000. In addition, the first full year of the new metropolitan park and recreation funding accounts for \$183,000 of the increase. An increase of \$333,000 for the state motor vehicles fuel taxes and fees resulted from increasing the City of St. Peters' portion of these revenues due to increases in the City's population. All of the above increases were offset by a decrease in funding from federal grants related to police protection programs of \$194,000.

During fiscal year 2002 the City of St. Peters earned an additional \$391,000 for fines and forfeitures over fiscal year 2002. The majority of this increase is attributed to municipal court fines associated with stringent traffic control efforts by the Police Department.

The \$205,000 increase in charges for services is primarily due to revenue related to the Recreation Fund. Program revenue generated at the REC-PLEX and general recreation programs increased by a total of \$141,000.

The \$1,514,000 increase in miscellaneous revenue for fiscal year 2002 is largely related to a transfer of \$1,008,000 from the City Centre TIF to the Transportation Trust Fund. This represented a reimbursement of prior year road project expenditures that were paid out of the Transportation Trust Fund for projects within the TIF district. In addition, there was an increase in contributions of \$175,000.

The following schedule presents a summary of general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service fund budget basis expenditures, expressed in thousands, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, and the percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts.

			Increase	Percent of
		Percent 🔭	(Decrease)	Increase
<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Amount</u> "	of Total	From 2001	(Decrease)
General Government	\$1,444	3.39%	\$(1,444)	(50.00)%
Administration	. 5,023	11.79%	186	3.85%
Police	8,276	19.42%	200	2.48%
Municipal Court	. 263	0.62%	18	7.35%
Public Works	5,440	12.77%	(401)	(6.87)%
Engineering	1,906	4.47%	91	5.01%
Maintenance	713	1.67%	7	0.99%
Health	569	1.34%	52	10.06%
Parks and Recreation	7,492	17.58%	(10)	(0.13)%
Community Relations	746	1.75%	16	2.19%
Cultural/Civic Affairs	275	0.65%	. 24	9.56%
Street Improvements	7,138	16.75%	(776)	(9.81)%
Debt Service	3,322	<u>7.80%</u>	<u>506</u>	<u>17.97%</u>
Total	<u>\$42,607</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	(1,531)	

General Government expenditures decreased by approximately \$1,444,000 during 2002. This decrease is related to the purchase and renovation of a new Community Arts Center during fiscal year 2001 that cost approximately \$1,300,000 and savings of \$164,000 in 2002 related to governmental professional services. The above decreases are offset by an increase of \$46,000 in the Community Development Block Grant fund that provides assistance for low to moderate-income residents pursuant to a grant from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Administration expenditures increased by approximately \$186,000 during fiscal year 2002. Approximately \$238,000 is related to staffing needs, \$83,600 related to repair and maintenance, and 64,700 related to property insurance and claims. These increases are offset by a decrease in capital expenditures of \$216,800

In the Police Department, employee related expenditures increased by \$182,000 which includes pay increases and changes in personnel and an increase in capital expenditures of approximately \$19,500.

Public works expenditures had a net decrease of approximately \$401,000. Personnel expenditures increased by \$132,700, however, this increase was offset by a \$124,200 decrease in professional services relating to storm water projects, a decrease of \$125,300 relating to repair and maintenance, a decrease of \$93,700 for insurance and supplies and a decrease of \$179,500 toward capital expenditures.

Significant new road construction continued in fiscal year 2002. Approximately \$7,138,000 was spent on new construction in fiscal year 2002. Major projects included Central School Road from Kisker to Highway 94, Mexico Road from Salt Lick to Sunny Hills and from Sunny Hills to West Sunny Hills, Mid-Rivers Mall Drive/Mexico Road intersection improvements, Spencer Road from Mexico to Willott, Woodstone Drive, and Executive Centre Parkway improvements.

Debt service increased by \$506,000 primarily due to payments associated with the 2000 General Obligation Bond Issue for land acquisition in the Lakeside Business Part TIF.

Fund Balance

On a budget basis, the fund balances of the general, special revenue, and debt service

funds remained strong in fiscal year 2002. These fund balances are necessary for implementation of the long-range plan of the City. For instance, in the special revenue Transportation Trust Fund, several major road construction projects are planned for the next several fiscal years. In the General Fund, these accumulated funds will aid in meeting the demand for City services and provide funding for additional capital projects. Sound financial planning has allowed the City to keep pace with community needs while maintaining a strong financial position.

Enterprise Operations

The City's enterprise operations are comprised of four separate and distinct funds: the combined Waterworks/Sanitary Sewer Fund; the Solid Waste Fund; the City of St. Peters Public Improvement Corporation (the PIC); and the Central Materials Processing Facility (CMPF).

The PIC was established in 1990 to finance capital projects of the City. During fiscal year 1998, the PIC issued \$5,000,000 of leasehold revenue bonds of which \$4,125,000 was outstanding at September 30, 2002. Proceeds of these bonds were used to expand the police station, enclose the outdoor in-line rink for use as in ice rink in the winter. and construct renovations to the City Hall building. During fiscal year 2002, the PIC issued \$2,900,000 of leasehold revenue bonds all of which was outstanding at (September 30, 2002. Proceeds of this bond issue is being used to finance the acquisition and renovation of a building for use primarily by the City's cable television operations and construction management department, acquisition of solid waste vehicles and the acquisition of a communications system for the City of St. Peters. These revenue bonds do not constitute legal debt or liability for the City and do not constitute indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction. Concurrent with the issuance of these bonds, the City entered into a lease agreement whereby the assets acquired or constructed by the PIC will be leased to the City. The lease terminates each September 30, and can be renewed for a period of twenty years. At the end of the twenty-year period, these assets become the property of the City. Rental payments by the City are to be sufficient at all times to pay, when due, the principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the 1998 and 2002 Leasehold Revenue Bonds.

City-provided residential trash collection operated at a deficit in fiscal year 2002. The deficit was covered by a General Fund contribution. Long-range financial plans call for this fund to be self-supporting in the future. Budget basis operating revenues for the solid waste collection operation amounted to \$2,531,622, a 10.2% increase over fiscal year 2001. The cost of collection including capital expenditures and exclusive of depreciation amounted to \$2,573,453, representing a decrease of approximately \$16,900 from the previous year. Capital expenditures amounted to approximately \$89,700, a decrease of approximately \$81,800 over fiscal year 2001, primarily due to the purchase of collection vehicles during 2001. Salaries and fringe expenditures increased by approximately \$90,100 from the prior year due to pay increases and changes in personnel. In addition, repair and maintenance expense decreased by approximately \$56,700 and landfill disposal costs increased by \$40,000.

The CMPF Fund operated at a surplus in fiscal year 2002. The CMPF had operating revenues and operating expenses of \$3,500,922 and \$3,379,689, respectively. Future profitability of this facility is dependent on a strong recycled materials market and the continued efforts to ensure the facility is operating in the most efficient manner. Disposal expense increased by \$152,600 during fiscal year 2002, however was offset by savings of \$75,100 in salaries and fringe expenses and \$23,000 in capital expenses.

The waterworks/sanitary sewer operation maintained its sound financial condition in fiscal year 2002. On a budget basis, total revenues exceeded total expenses (exclusive of capital expenditures and debt service) by approximately \$1.73 million. Operating revenues and expenses increased by 2.9% and 2.4%, respectively. Water revenue and sewer revenue increased approximately \$111,900 and \$54,500, respectively. Out of City charges increased by \$ 71,000 due to an increase in fees, however, interest income decreased by \$65,400 due to lower interest rates. Salaries and fringe increased by approximately \$203,000 due to pay increases and personnel changes, repair and maintenance to utility systems increased by \$216,000 due to an increase in projects accomplished during fiscal year 2002. In addition, capital expenses increased by \$97,000. These increases were offset by decreases in professional services of \$47,600, due primarily to fiscal year 2001 project specific expenses that did not occur in fiscal year 2002, and insurance expense of \$226,000, due to an decrease in sewer back-ups. In addition, water purchased from St. Louis decreased by \$116,000 due to increased production from the City water treatment plant; however, the increase in production resulted in increased chemical expense of \$83,000.

Debt Administration

At September 30, 2002, the City had a number of debt issues outstanding. These issues included \$30,905,000 of general obligation (G.O.) bonds, \$16,070,000 of water/sewer revenue bonds, \$7,025,000 of PIC leasehold revenue bonds, and \$8,679,000 of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Notes. The City continues to maintain its A1 rating from Moody's Investor Service on general obligation issues.

Under the statutes of the State of Missouri, the City's general obligation bonded debt is limited to no more than 10% of the most recent assessed valuation of the City. At September 30, 2002, the City was well within this limit with a legal debt margin of \$44,256,059. This does not include an additional debt limit of 10% of assessed valuation available for street, waterworks, or electric plant improvements. This additional debt margin amounted to \$73,295,822 at September 30, 2002.

Cash Management

Cash on hand during the year was invested in demand deposits, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and obligations of the U.S. Treasury. The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Most City investments are in instruments that have a maturity of less than one year. This is necessary because surplus funds must be available for the next fiscal year should the Board of Aldermen decide to appropriate these monies. All City deposits and investments are either insured by federal depository insurance, collateralized, or held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Acceptable collateral are obligations of the U. S. Treasury, U. S. government agencies, State of Missouri, and local governments in Missouri with populations greater than 400,000. The City's primary investment risk is Reinvestment Risk". This is the risk that the City's short-term investments may be reinvested at lower yields upon maturity.

Risk Management

Since July 1998 the City has had self-insurance for its general liability, property and workmen's compensation claims. The self-insurance program is administered through a structured program involving a major broker and third party claims administrator. Losses are limited through the purchase of umbrella insurance policies, which limit losses at the individual claim level and at an annual aggregate of all claims combines

for a year. Prior to 1998 the City participated in a self-insurance pool with other Missouri municipalities.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Rubin, Brown, Gornstein, & Company LLP was retained by the City. The independent auditors' report on the general-purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

Certificate of Achievement Award

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of St. Peters for our Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The City of St. Peters has received this prestigious award since 1991. We believe this report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements. Since the Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only, we will be submitting this report to the GFOA for their review.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department and all City employees who supplied information have my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership, interest, and support of the City Administrator, Mayor, and Board of Aldermen, preparation of this report would not have been possible. In addition, I commend the dedicated efforts of Rita Westerson, Accounting Manager, and her finance department personnel and would like to thank Beth French, Budget Analyst, for her efforts in preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Timothy M. Wilkinson

Assistant City Administrator

City of St. Peters Missouri

<u>Mayor</u> Thomas W. Brown

<u>Aldermen</u>

<u>Ward I</u> Terry Hawkins John "Rocky" Reitmeyer

<u>Ward II</u> Jerry Hollingsworth David Hayes

<u>Ward III</u> Len Pagano Michelle Stiens Ward IV
Patrick Barclay
Bob Morrison

<u>City Administrator</u> William P. Charnisky

Assistant City Administrator
Timothy M. Wilkinson

Organizational Structure
Organizational Struct OUTPATIENT SURGICAL TIE COMMISSION TREATMENT CENTER PERSONNEL REVIEW REVIEW BOARD MONIFORING CITALING COMMITTEE BOARD is standing CABLE ADVISORY CITY TRANSIT S. S. Halling AUTHORITY Connic state BOARD The state of the s HISTORICAL Connict State BOARD OF BOARDOK PLAMING & ADJISTARY, **APPEALS** COMMESON CITY COLLECTOR CITY CLERK MUNICIPAL JUDGE SPECIAL COUNSEL BOARD of **ALDERMEN** CITY TREASURER. MUNICIPAL PROSECUTING MAYOR ATTORNEY ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT Citizens Action Center. SUPPORT SERVICES Community Relations Économic Development Construction Management STAFF Administration Information Systems Human Resources planning & Development SERVICES Traffic Management Municipal Court Finance Engineering CITY ADMINISTRATOR PUBLIC MORKS SERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH red Maintenance Steed Bed In Some !! State of Senter Hilles PARKS RECREATION MUNICIPAL Central Materials Processing Facility POLICE SERVICES SERVICES Community & Ranger Division Police. Parks REC-PLEX

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of St. Peters, Missouri

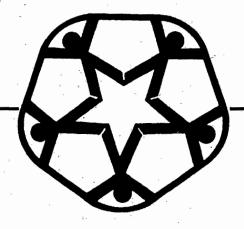
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2001

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



William Fath Fate

Executive Director



Part II - Financial Section

Rubin, Brown, Gornstein & Co. LLP, Certified Public Accountants & Business Consultants

One North Brentwood St. Louis, MO 63105

T 314.290.3300 F 314.290.3400

www.rbg.com -rbg@rbg.com

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of St. Peters, Missouri

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of St. Peters, Missouri as of and for the year ended September 30, 2002, as listed in Part II of the accompanying table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City of St. Peters, Missouri's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

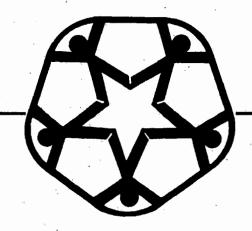
In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of St. Peters, Missouri as of September 30, 2002, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 16, 2002 on our consideration of the City of St. Peters, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

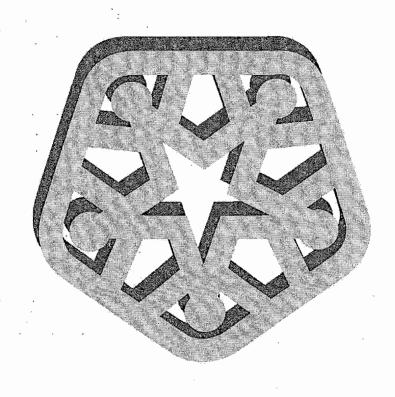
Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining, individual fund and individual account group financial statements and schedules listed in Part II of the accompanying table of contents, which are also the responsibility of the management of the City of St. Peters, Missouri, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the City of St. Peters, Missouri. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Rubin, Brown Gornstein & Co. LLP

December 16, 2002



General Purpose Financial Statements



COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Page 1 Of 2 September 30, 2002

		`				Fiduciary	Account	Groups		
•		Governmenta	l Fund Types		Proprietary	Fund Types	General	General	Tot	als
		Special	Debt	Capital	Fund Type	Trust And	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memoran	dum Only)
• .	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Debt _	2002	2001
Assets And Other Debits										
Cash and cash equivalents:			,*							
Held by trustees	\$	\$ —	\$	\$	\$ 3,482,402	\$ 2,153,222	\$ —	\$ · —	\$ 5,635,624	\$ 5,785,877
Unrestricted	7,368,547	11,766,985	1,874,336	4,253,766	653,505		_		25,917,139	23,330,239
Restricted		_		_	3,258,255	_			3,258,255	3,903,089
Investments:						• - 20	**			
Restricted	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1,113,043	, '	_	~	1,113,043	182,400
Receivables, net of allowances										
where applicable:										
Taxes	1,651,363	696,549	51,898		, -	_	-	_	2,399,810	2,289,326
Intergovernmental	114,484	1,018,509	-	_	_		_		1,132,993	2,810,863
Services				_	1,589,088			_	1,589,088	1,491,177
Interest		761	-		10,216	16,672	· —	_	27,649	25,880
Other	123,475	194,260		_	461,637	·			779,372	680,396
Due from other funds	855,536	1,008,423	1 discourse		199,400		_	_	2,063,359	1,038,032
Investment in joint venture	_		·		2,444,205	-	_	_	2,444,205	2,494,091
Inventory/prepaids	784,863	9,358			60,462	_	_	_	854,683	1,001,354
Property, plant and equipment, net					• •	•				
of accumulated depreciation	· ·	_	_	 .	43,728,958	_	70,744,463		114,473,421	108,514,429
Amount available for retirement of							, ,			
general long-term debt	_		·		_	_	-	1,865,237	1,865,237	1,719,317
Amount to be provided for					1					, , ,
retirement of general		ı								
long-term debt					_	_		37,718,763	37,718,763	35,745,683
Total Assets And	······································				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		.,,			
Other Debits	\$ 10,898,268	\$ 14,694,845	\$ 1,926,234	\$ 4,253,766	\$ 57,001,171	\$ 2,169,894	\$ 70,744,463	\$ 39,584,000	\$ 201,272,641	\$ 191,012,153

(Continued)

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Page 2 Of 2 September 30, 2002

						Fiduciary	Accoun	t Groups		
		Governmental			Proprietary	Fund Types	General	General	Tot	als
		Special	Debt	Capital	Fund Type	Trust And	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorano	lum Only)
Liabilities, Equity And Other Credits	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Debt	2002	200
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ 485,099	\$ 556,285	\$ 9,099 \$	39,057	\$ 799,944	s _	\$	\$	Ø 1 000 404	A 0.004.00
Accrued payroll	1,008,814	98,631	ψ 5,055 ψ	111	182,683	Φ —	Φ	\$	\$ 1,889,484	
Accrued vacation	703,810	68,828		_	174,709	_			1,290,239	979,47
Accrued interest payable	-	-		_	216,964		_	_	947,347	867,13
Deposits held for others/guarantee bonds		71,451	_	_			_	_	216,964	256,84
Due to other funds		1,234,380	_		100,150		_	_	171,601	175,42
Deferred revenue	127,588	196,901	51,898		828,979	_			2,063,359	1,038,03
Revenue bonds payable	121,000	136,301			10 410 071	_		destina	376,387	320,47
Tax increment revenue notes payable	_	_	_	_	19,413,271	-	_		19,413,271	17,921,84
General obligation bonds payable	_	_	_	_			_	8,679,000	8,679,000	7,470,00
Other liabilities	1,737,059	20.404	_	_		-	_	30,905,000	30,905,000	29,995,00
Total Liabilities	4,062,370	36,464	40.004		33,900		_		1,807,423	2,097,91
	4,002,370	2,262,940	60,997	39,168	21,750,600	_		39,584,000	67,760,075	63,416,44
Equity And Other Credits									60000	
Investment in general fixed assets	_	_	_	*****		_	70,744,463		70,744,463	66,379,26
Contributed capital	_	_		-	19,026,345	_	_		19,026,345	19,026,34
Retained earnings:										
Reserved for revenue bond requirements	_	_	_	-	4,371,298	_	_	_	4,371,298	4,085,48
Unreserved	-	_	_	_	11,852,928	_	-	_	11,852,928	11,366,57
Fund balances:									20	
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	660,161	3,492,964	_		_	_	_	_	4,153,125	4,559,43
Capital improvements	_	334,726	_		_	_	_		334,726	378,56
Stormwater management	184,008		_	_	_	_	- magnetic	_	184,008	164,76
Inventory/prepaids	784,863	9,358		_		_	_		794,221	928,08
Spencer Creek land sales	_	_		_	-	_	_	_	101,221	55,41
Other projects	1,393,403	29,100	_	_	-	_	-	_	1,422,503	1,274,49
Natatorium Foundation		_		_	and the second	2,169,894	-	_	2,169,894	2,616,03
Unreserved - undesignated	3,813,463	8,565,757	1,865,237	4,214,598	_	2,103,034	_	_	18,459,055	16,761,23
Total Equity And Other Credits	6,835,898	12,431,905	1,865,237	4,214,598	35,250,571	2,169,894	70,744,463		133,512,566	127,595,70

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

			Gover	nmental Fund	Types				Fiduciary Fund Type	Totals		
				Special	7	Debt		Capital	xpendable	(Memorandun	Only)	
		General		Revenue		Service		Projects	Trust	2002		2001
Revenues	-											
Sales tax	\$	10,729,420	\$	8,070,047	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 18,799,467	\$	16,579,729
Property tax		4,961,883		1,284,888		1,919,654		_	_	8,166,425		7,467,135
Utility franchise tax		2,560,107		3,016		_				2,563,123		2,830,813
Cigarette tax		206,383		-		water		_		206,383		214,221
Licenses and permits		1,030,145		_		_		_	_	1,030,146		926,193
Interest		124,940		216,675		46,041		106,518	95,237	589,411		1,464,131
Intergovernmental		3,328,938		3,172,139		_		_		6,501,077		5,762,672
Fines and forfeitures		1,372,841		_		-		_	_	1,372,841		981,851
Charges for services		301,343		3,197,823		_		_	_	3,499,166		3,294,206
Miscellaneous		859,270		1,464,747		18,495				2,342,512		828,726
Total Revenues		25,475,270		17,409,335		1,984,190		106,518	95,237	45,070,550		40,349,677
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government		820,802		686,446		_		_	_	1,507,248		2,815,951
Administration		5,045,795				-		_	541,382	5,587,177		5,360,095
Police		8,199,622				-		_	_	8,199,622		8,100,652
Municipal court		262,991		-		_		_	_	262,991		245,471
Public works		2,505,755		3,037,195		_		_	-	5,542,950		5,789,860
Engineering		1,902,461		_		_		_		1,902,461		1,825,392
Maintenance		713,071		_		_		_	_	713,071		705,693
Health		569,180		_		_		_	_	569,180		516,660
Parks and recreation		3,554,565		3,987,503		_		_	_	7,542,068		7,837,967
		748,392		-		_		-	****	748,392		749,207
Community relations Cultural and Civic Affairs		274,821		_		_		_		274,821		250,920
		274,021		8,590,976				2,871,662		11,462,638		14,641,963
Capital outlay Debt service:				5,550,510				2,0.1,002				
Principal retirement		_		547,400		1,042,600		_	_	1,590,000		1,210,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_		936,767		750,807		south.	name.	1,687,574		1,564,307
Other						44,863			_	44,863		42,010
Total Expenditures		24,597,455		17,786,287		1,838,270		2,871,662	 541,382	47,635,056		51,656,148
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		877,815		(376,952)		145,920	((2,765,144)	(446,145)	(2,564,506)		(11,306,471
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Operating transfers in		1,235,000		100,000		_		_	_	1,335,000		231,544
Operating transfers out		_		(300,000)				(1,400,000)	-	(1,700,000)		(721,544
Proceeds from General Long Term Debt		_		1,209,000		_		2,500,000	_	3,709,000		7,470,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,235,000		1,009,000				1,100,000		3,344,000		6,980,000
Revenues And Other Financing Sources Over (Under)												
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		2,112,815		632,048		145,920	((1,665,144)	(446,145)	779,494		(4,326,47
Fund Balances										0.0 0.00		01.001.50
Beginning of year		4,723,083		11,799,857	100	1,719,317		5,879,742	 2,616,039	 26,738,038		31,064,509
End of year	\$	6,835,898	\$	12,431,905	\$	1,865,237	\$	4,214,598	\$ 2,169,894	\$ 27,517,532	\$	26,738,038

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - GENERAL, SPECIAL REVENUE AND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

,				General	, ÷		Special Revenue		De	bt Service	
4				Gozda	Variance -	(* j	,	Variance -			Variance -
,	,		Revised	-, 1.	Favorable	Revised		Favorable	Revised	. e . e . d	Favorable
_ `	, .		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	. Actual (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues		7		*,	1.6	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		A (05 500)	's s		
Sales tax	1.1.	•	\$ 10,700,000 \$	10,729,420	\$ 29,420		\$ 8,070,047		· · · · · ·	1 006 200	20,009
Property tax		- 3 1	4,961,404	4,977,626	16,222	1,297,700	1,284,888	(12,812)	1,906,300	1,926,309	20,009
Utility franchise tax	•		2,436,000	2,560,107	124,107	_	3,016	3,016	- ,	<i>-</i>	
Cigarette tax	f .	. 1	200,000	206,383	6,383	_		—	- ,	· · · · ·	Sec. 199
Licenses and permits			927,400	1,030,145	102,745	100 505	010.005	25.050	100.000	46,041	(53,959)
Interest		,	110,000	124,940	14,940	180,725	216,675	35,950	100,000	40,041	(55,565)
Intergovernmental		- 1	3,081,820	3,328,938	247,118	4,279,280	3,172,139	(1,107,141)	 -	—	
Fines and forfeitures	· ,		1,429,000	1,372,841	(56,159)	0.100.050	0.107.000	93,873	_		42 A. A.
Charges for services			287,705	301,343	13,638	3,103,950 2,584,500	3,197,823 1,464,747	(1,119,753)	_	18,495	18,495
Miscellaneous Total Revenues			802,900 24,936,229	859,270 25,491,013	56,370 554,784	19,601,730	17,409,335	(2,192,395)	2,006,300	1.990.845	(15,455)
			24,936,229	25,491,013	554,754	19,601,730	17,409,335	(2,192,390)	2,000,300	1,330,040	(10,400)
Expenditures	,			4		200.55-	7000.446				
General government	;		1,016,773	757,093	259,680	826,899	686,446	140,453	_		_
Administration		- 1	5,398,091	5,023,156	374,935		_	· –			
Police			8,292,904	8,275,798	17,106	_		_	- '		· _
Municipal court	;		264,209	262,991	1,218	0.000.000	07100.010				
Public works	· .		2,273,607	2,313,250	(39,643)	3,682,378	3,126,319	556,059	_		, –
Engineering		,	2,003,435	1,905,993	97,442	<u> </u>		_		. –	
Maintenance	,		753,862	713,071	40,791	~			· -	· · ·	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Health	•		597,558	569,180	28,378	4 000 506	4 111 022	111,493	, =		1
Parks and recreation	:		3,904,221	3,381,433	522,788	4,222,526	4,111,033	111,455	, 		
Community relations	` ,		832,695	746,012	86,683		1	· -	_), a, <u> </u>	· · Ξ
Cultural and Civic Affairs			304,177	274,821	29,356	10 420 261	7,137,669	3,292,692	-	·	-1 -1 =
Street construction	,e *		·	:		10,430,361 1,484,400	1,484,167	233	1,843,725	1.838.270	5,455
Debt service Total Expenditures	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		25.641.532	24,222,798	1,418,734	20,646,564	16,545,634	4.100,930	1,843,725	1,838,270	5,455
	- 					7 8 7	863,701	1,908,535	162,575	152,575	(10,000)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			(705,303)	1,268,215	1,973,518	(1,044,834)	003,701	1,900,000	102,070	1,02,070	(10,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	r,				/	1	٠,	
Operating transfers in		, .	1,235,000	1,235,000	_	100,000	100,000		- ,	_	· -
Operating transfers (out)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(300,000)	(300,000)				
Total Other Financing Source	es (Uses)		1,235,000	1,235,000		(200,000)	(200,000)				
Revenues And Other Financing Source	ces Over			٠.							•
(Under) Expenditures And Other F	inancing Uses		529,697	2,503,215	1,973,518	(1,244,834)	663,701	1,908,535	162,575	152,575	(10,000)
Fund Balances						,	,				
Budget basis:		<					* · ·		٠		t
Unreserved:	٠						*,			خيم	
Beginning of year		: '	2,021,636	2,021,636	_	7,867,572	7,867,572	·	1,764,560	1,764,560	· , —
Transfer from (to) reserved		,, `, . •	137,302	(102,561)	(239,863)	51,500	43,842	(7,658)	100	1 <u>-</u>	
End of year			2,688,635	4,422,290	1,733,655	6,674,238	8,575,115	1,900,877	1,927,135	1,917,135	(10,000
Reserved:	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ε			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.			
Beginning of year	•		1,762,462	1,762,462	-	407,668	407,668	t : 	,		—
Transfer from (to) unreserved	^*		(137,302)	102,561	239,863	(51,500)	(43,842)	7,658			
End of year			1,625,160	1,865,023	239,863	356,168	363,826	7,658			
Budget basis, end of year	369		\$ 4,313,795	6,287,313	¢ 1 073 510	\$ 7,030,406	8,938,941 \$	1,908,535	\$ 1,927,135	1,917,135	\$ (10,000
. – ,	. , .		4,313,795	-	φ. 1,973,518	φ 1,030,406		1,500,000	ψ <u> </u>	1,011,100	7 (20,000
Encumbrances, end of year		*		660,161			3,492,964		٠	(51,898)	
 Property tax - deferred revenue, end of 	year	,	, * / ₁	(111,576)		<i>'</i>		. *			
GAAP basis, end of year	, ,	,	. \$	6,835,898	1	_	\$ 12,431,905		. \$.	1,865,237	
											

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

(With Comparative Totals For Year Ended September 30, 2001)

Operating Revenues Water Sewer Solid waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees Rental income Recycling income Earth Centre Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues Operating Expenses Personnel costs	·	\$	3,069,842 2,734,591 2,463,035 292,877 2,180,779 440,954	\$	2,957,92 2,680,11 2,171,94 364,88
Sewer Solid waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees Rental income Recycling income Earth Centre Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues Operating Expenses			2,734,591 2,463,035 292,877 2,180,779		2,680,11 2,171,94
Solid waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees Rental income Recycling income Earth Centre Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues Operating Expenses			2,463,035 292,877 2,180,779	e.	2,171,94
Tap-on fees Tipping fees Rental income Recycling income Earth Centre Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues Operating Expenses	· .		292,877 2,180,779	•	
Tipping fees Rental income Recycling income Earth Centre Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues Description:			2,180,779	•	304 XX
Rental income Recycling income Earth Centre Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues Description of the control					1,959,83
Recycling income Earth Centre Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues Description:	;s	,	110,001		434,21
Earth Centre Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues Description:	•	*	1,137,171		1,015,49
Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues Operating Expenses			170,669		198,81
Total Operating Revenues Operating Expenses			979,360		
Operating Expenses			13,469,278		$\frac{945,98}{12,729,20}$
	:		10,100,210	-	12,120,20
Personnel costs			4,796,637	:	4,574,04
Depreciation	,		2,722,395	•	3,099,93
Utilities			459,231		455,76
Purchased water	,		530,233		646,63
Wastewater treatment costs	,		89,869		84,61
Landfill fees	';		2,489,424	•	2,296,77
Repairs and maintenance			918,552		787,56
Chemicals and supplies			189,236		102,64
Professional services	,		546,870		652,49
			-		, ,
Office expense	,		269,905	,	284,61 465,82
Insurance	7 .	a	249,903		, ~ .
Gasoline and fuel			107,391		125,66
Bad debts	·	g/ 3-4	48,061		25,91
Rent			27,559	٠.,	55,87
Miscellaneous			189,774		190,99
Total Operating Expenses		:	13,635,040		13,849,34
Operating Loss		<u>·</u>	(165,762)		(1,120,14
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					, , ,
Interest on investments			148,453		382,35
Bond interest and fees			(923,444)	i i	(1,063,46
Amortization of bond issue costs		~	(51,324)	1	(44,47
Equity loss in joint venture			(49,886)		(41,34
Nonoperating Expenses, Net			(876,201)		(766,93
Loss Before Operating Transfers In		*	(1,041,963)		(1,887,07
and Capital Contributions					. 44
Operating Transfers In	· ·		365,000		490,00
Net Loss Before Contributions	,		(676,963)		(1,397,07
Capital contributions			978,547		342,99
Depreciation on contributed assets	. 1				995,23
Increase (Decrease) In Retained Earnings	+		301,584		(58,84
Fund Equity					į
Contributed capital	<u>;</u> ;		19,026,345		19,026,34
Retained earnings:					, ;
Beginning of year, as previously reported			15,452,062		15,510,91
Prior period adjustment	,		470,580		-
Beginning of year, as restated			15,922,642		15,510,91
,	,				
Increase (Decrease) in retained earnings	٠		301,584		(58,84
End of year			16,224,226		15,452,06
Total Fund Equity		. \$	35,250,571	\$	34,478,40

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

(With Comparative Totals For Year Ended September 30, 2001)

	2002	2001
Reconciliation Of Operating Loss To Net Cash		
Provided By Operating Activities	*	
Operating loss	\$ (165,762)	\$ (1,120,141)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	•	
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,722,395	3,099,932
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in services receivable	(97,911)	(74,467)
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous receivables	65,357	(66,940)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	13,639	(35,965)
Increase in other assets	(832)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	208,010	(264,969)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	48,483	
Increase in accrued vacation	26,593	13,031
Increase in deposits held for others	19,300	13,550
Decrease in other liabilities	(11,042)	
Total Adjustments	2,993,992	2,663,882
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	0 000 000	1 740 741
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	2,828,230	1,543,741
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances	365,000 (323,137)	490,000 355,472
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities	365,000	490,000
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities	365,000 (323,137) 41,863	490,000 355,472 845,472
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427)	490,000 355,472 845,472
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100	490,000 355,472 845,472
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000)	490,000 355,472 845,472 — — — (1,210,000)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000) (642,897)	490,000 355,472 845,472 — — (1,210,000) (741,967)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000)	490,000 355,472 845,472 — — (1,210,000) (741,967)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Used In Capital And Related	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000) (642,897)	490,000 355,472 845,472 — (1,210,000) (741,967) (2,607,558)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000) (642,897)	490,000 355,472 845,472 — (1,210,000) (741,967) (2,607,558)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Used In Capital And Related	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000) (642,897) (2,867,062)	490,000 355,472 845,472 — (1,210,000) (741,967) (2,607,558)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000) (642,897) (2,867,062)	490,000 355,472 845,472 (1,210,000) (741,967) (2,607,558) (4,559,525)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities Cash Flows From Investing Activities Purchase of investments	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000) (642,897) (2,867,062) (2,390,286) (930,643)	490,000 355,472 845,472 (1,210,000) (741,967) (2,607,558) (4,559,525)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities Cash Flows From Investing Activities Purchase of investments Interest on investments	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000) (642,897) (2,867,062) (2,390,286)	490,000 355,472 845,472 (1,210,000) (741,967) (2,607,558) (4,559,525)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities Cash Flows From Investing Activities Purchase of investments	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000) (642,897) (2,867,062) (2,390,286) (930,643) 141,816	490,000 355,472 845,472
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in Advances on interfund balances Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Issuance costs on revenue bonds Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities Cash Flows From Investing Activities Purchase of investments Interest on investments Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Investing Activities	365,000 (323,137) 41,863 (127,427) 6,922,100 (5,675,000) (642,897) (2,867,062) (2,390,286) (930,643) 141,816 (788,827)	490,000 355,472 845,472 (1,210,000) (741,967) (2,607,558) (4,559,525) 382,256 382,256

Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: During fiscal year 2002, the waterworks/sanitary sewer fund received \$978,547 in contributed water and sewer lines from developers.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2002

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of St. Peters, Missouri (the City) was incorporated in 1910. The City operates as a fourth-class city under the Missouri state statutes under the Board of Aldermen/City Administrator form of government. The Board of Aldermen is comprised of eight Aldermen and a Mayor. The City provides the following services: public safety (police), public works, public improvements, water and sanitation, residential trash collection, recreation, community development, health, planning and zoning, and general administration.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The City defines its reporting entity in accordance with Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100. The criteria used in determining the scope of the entity for financial reporting purposes includes, but is not limited to, the method of budget adoption, taxing authority, whether debt is secured by revenues or general obligations of the City, the obligation of the City to finance any deficits that may occur, and supervision over the accounting functions.

Component units are organizations for which the City, as the primary government, is financially accountable. To be considered financially accountable, the organization must be fiscally dependent on the City or the City must appoint a majority of the board of the organization and either 1) be able to impose its will on the organization or 2) the relationship must have the potential for creating a financial benefit or imposing a financial burden of the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's general purpose financial statements include all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities that are controlled by or dependent on the City. Accordingly, the City of St. Peters Public Improvement Corporation (the PIC) and the City of St. Peters Natatorium Foundation, separate not-for-profit corporations, have been reported as component units of the City and blended as a separate enterprise fund and an expendable trust fund, respectively.

The PIC was formed in August 1990 for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and facilities solely for the benefit of the City. The City of St. Peters Natatorium Foundation was formed in November 1993 for the purpose of accepting contributions from the community and using the resources to fund improvements to the St. Peters Rec-Plex facility. There are no séparate financial statements issued for these component units.

Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position rather than upon net income. The following are the City's governmental fund types:

General - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects - The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary fund type).

Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income and capital maintenance. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has four enterprise funds which provide water and sewer treatment, solid waste collection, solid waste processing and public improvement financing services.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting, offers the option of following all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued after November 30, 1989, unless the latter conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City elected not to follow FASB standards issued after such date.

Fiduciary Fund Types - Trust And Agency Funds

Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. When the assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, a trust fund is used. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the City holds on behalf of others and are purely custodial in nature.

Account Groups

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the City's general fixed assets and general long-term debt as follows:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the City, other than those accounted for in the proprietary fund type.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term debt of the City, except debt accounted for in the proprietary fund type.

Measurement Focus/Basis Of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the general purpose financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

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Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

The City records transactions during the year on the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types, the expendable trust fund, and the accrual basis of accounting for the proprietary fund type.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e. both measurable and available). The term "available" is defined as collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes, utilities franchise taxes, and sales taxes are considered measurable when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and recognized as revenue at that time. Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent it is collected within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days following the end of the current year. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on general obligation debt which is recognized when due.

The City follows GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions (GASB 33) which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for non-exchange transactions involving financial or capital resources.

GASB 33 groups non-exchange transactions into the following four classes, based upon their principal characteristics: derived tax revenues, imposed non-exchange revenues, government mandated non-exchange transactions, and voluntary non-exchange transactions.

The City recognizes assets from derived tax revenue transactions (such as sales and utilities franchise taxes) in the period when the underlying exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed occurs or when the assets are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the same period that the assets are recognized, provided that the underlying exchange transaction has occurred and when considered available under the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Resources received in advance are reported as deferred revenues until the period of the exchange.

The City recognizes assets from imposed non-exchange revenue transactions (such as real estate and property taxes) in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized in the period when the resources are required to be used or the first period that use is permitted. The City recognizes revenues from property taxes, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the period for which the taxes are levied and when considered available under the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Imposed non-exchange revenues also include court fines, and forfeitures.

Intergovernmental revenues, representing grants and assistance received from other governmental units, are generally recognized as revenues in the period when all eligibility requirements, as defined by GASB 33, have been met. Any resources received before eligibility requirements are met are reported as deferred revenues.

Charges for services and certain other revenue (such as licenses, permits and fees) in the governmental funds, which are exchange transactions and are therefore not subject to the provisions of GASB 33, are recognized as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Under the accrual basis of accounting used by the proprietary fund type, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Within the City's waterworks/sanitary sewer fund, an estimated amount has been recorded for services rendered but not billed as of the close of the fiscal year. The receivable was determined by prorating the subsequent cycle billings for the number of days applicable to the current fiscal year.

Budgetary Data

The Board of Aldermen follow the procedures outlined below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general purpose financial statements:

- 1. On or before August 1, the City Administrator submits to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. In addition, budgets for the waterworks/sanitary sewer, solid waste, and central materials processing facility fund operations are prepared on a basis similar to that of the general governmental funds in order to better manage these operations. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.
- 2. The annual operating budgets are approved through the adoption of the budget ordinance by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Board of Aldermen and approval by the Mayor on or before September 1 of the preceding budget year. If the budgets have not been passed and approved on or before the last day preceding the budget year (September 30), the budgets and appropriations for the current fiscal year shall be deemed to be rebudgeted and reappropriated for the budget year until a new budget is adopted and approved.
- 3. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer part, or all, of any unexpended balance among any departments within a given fund.
- 4. If it is determined that the original budgeted revenues and expenditures need to be increased or decreased, the Board of Aldermen may, by ordinance, make such changes in budgeted revenues and expenditures so long as the total budgeted expenditures do not exceed the amount of budgeted revenues plus beginning unencumbered fund balance. The amount of such supplemental appropriations for the year was not significant.
- 5. If it appears probable that revenues available will be insufficient to meet the amount appropriated, the Board of Aldermen may, by ordinance, reduce one or more appropriations.
- 6. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

The budgets for the general fund, the special revenue funds, and debt service funds are adopted on a basis which is consistent with accounting principles (GAAP) generally accepted in the United States of America, except for the following:

- For GAAP purposes, expenditures are recognized as incurred, whereas the City's budget basis recognizes encumbrances outstanding at year-end as expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, expenditures in the budget and actual comparisons (budget basis) for the general fund are less than expenditures in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances by \$374,657 for the general fund and less than expenditures in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances by \$1,240,653 for the special revenue funds. Encumbered appropriations do not lapse at year end.
- Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent it is collected within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days following the end of the fiscal period on a GAAP basis. Property tax revenue not received at year-end is recorded as deferred revenue. Property tax revenue is recognized on a budget basis at the point in time that the tax is levied. Accordingly, property tax revenues in the budget and actual comparisons (budget basis) for the general fund is greater than the corresponding revenues in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances all governmental fund types by \$15,743. The Debt Service Fund's property tax revenues on a budget basis were \$6,655 greater than the corresponding revenues in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances all governmental fund types.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year end are recorded as prepaid items.

Prepaid items are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of governmental fund-type inventories is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded, is employed by the governmental fund types. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reported as a reservation of fund balance to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for subsequent appropriation.

Fixed Assets And Depreciation

General Fixed Assets Account Group

Fixed assets purchased for general governmental purposes are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized at historical cost in the general fixed assets account group. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received.

Fixed assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems have not been capitalized. Such assets normally are immovable and of value only to the City. Therefore, the purpose of stewardship for capital expenditures can be satisfied without recording these assets.

No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets.

Proprietary Fund Type

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary fund type is stated at cost, including interest capitalized during construction, where applicable. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation on assets acquired through contributions is charged to contributed capital.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the property as follows:

		Lears
Plant and structures	and the second of the second o	20
Water and sewer lines		50 .
Machinery and equipment		3 - 5

Bond Discounts/Issuance Costs

In governmental fund types, bond discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period. Bond discounts and issuance costs for proprietary fund types are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding and straight-line methods, which both approximate the effective interest method. Both bond discounts and issuance costs are presented as a reduction of the face amount of bonds payable.

Debt Refunding

For current refundings and advance refunding resulting in defeasance of debt reported by proprietary activities, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the straight-line method since the results of the straight-line method are not materially different from the use of the effective interest method. The deferred refunding amounts are classified as a component of bonds payable in the financial statements. During the year ended September 30, 2002 deferred refunding amounts were recognized.

Compensated Absences

City employees earn vacation during the current year which must be taken in the subsequent year. Accrued vacation time is recognized as a liability when earned and any unused accumulated vacation is payable to employees upon termination. Accrued vacation is recorded in the respective governmental or proprietary fund type from which it will be paid. Sick leave benefits do not vest and are recorded as expenditures when paid.

Fund Equity

Contributed Capital

Contributed capital in the enterprise funds consist primarily of that portion of property, plant and equipment which was financed through government contributions and through federal and state capital grant revenues prior to October 1, 2000 when the City implemented GASB Statement No. 33. In accordance with GASB 33, capital contributions are recognized as revenue when the expenditure is made and amounts became subject to claim for reimbursement.

Retained Earnings - Reserved

Reserved retained earnings of the enterprise funds consist of amounts segregated from operating funds in accordance with the terms of revenue bond requirements. The related assets are reflected as restricted.

Fund Balance - Reserved

Reserved fund balances of the governmental fund types consist of reserves for encumbrances and various capital improvement projects legally segregated for a specific future use.

Interfund Transactions

The City has the following types of transactions among funds:

Operating Transfers 👵 🦠

Legally required transfers are reported when incurred as operating transfers in by the recipient fund and as operating transfers out by the disbursing fund.

Reimbursements

Reimbursement of expenditures made by one fund for another are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Equity Transfers

Nonroutine or nonrecurring transfers between funds are reported as additions to or deductions from fund balances of governmental fund types and additions or deductions of contributed capital or retained earnings, as appropriate, of the proprietary fund type.

Quasi-External Transactions

Charges or collections for services rendered by one fund for another are recognized as revenues of the recipient fund and expenditures or expenses of the disbursing fund. These transactions are recorded as quasi-external transactions because they would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City.

Investment In Joint Venture

The City's investment in the St. Peters - St. Charles Water Pipeline Project (the Joint Venture) is recorded on the equity method of accounting, taking into consideration capitalized interest.

Totals (Memorandum Only)

The totals (memorandum only) column is the aggregate of the fund types and account groups. No consolidating or other eliminations between the fund types or account groups were made in arriving at the total; thus, it is not intended to present consolidated information.

Interfund Eliminations

All significant interfund transactions between the PIC and other City funds have been eliminated.

Statement Of Cash Flows

The proprietary fund type considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of general purpose financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end and revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash And Investments

Investments primarily consist of short-term U.S. government treasury and agency securities which are carried at cost or amortized cost because of their short-term maturities. Certain investments of the Bond Reserve Fund in the enterprise fund and equity investments of the expendable trust fund are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices.

Missouri state statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government agencies; the State of Missouri; and local governments in Missouri with populations greater than 400,000. Deposits in financial institutions must be collateralized by securities pledged to the City by these same institutions or covered by FDIC insurance.

Cash deposits with financial institutions amounted to \$29,035,449. The bank balance was \$29,446,160 which, at the balance sheet date was entirely insured or collateralized by securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

The City's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered, or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

		Category	, .	Fair
	1	2	3	Value
Investments - U.S. Treasury		4, 4, 2, 1	1 1 1 1	
obligations	\$	\$ 2,173,919	\$ —	\$ 2,173,919
Marketable securities		966,395		966,395
**************************************	\$ —	\$ 3,140,314	\$ —	3,140,314
Pooled investments:		2.4.5		
Government money market funds				3,737,973
Deposits			*	29,035,449
Petty cash			,	10,325
Charles and a second second		- ;		
Total deposits and investments	4.4	R [®]	`;	\$ 35,924,061

3. Property Tax

The City's property tax is levied annually, on or before September 1, based on the assessed valuation of property located in the City as of the previous January 1. Assessed valuations are established by the St. Charles County Assessor. The City tax rate was levied at \$.90 per \$100 of assessed valuation of which \$.64 is for general revenue purposes and \$.26 for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds. Taxes are billed November 1, are due and collectible on December 31, and are delinquent and represent a lien on related property on January 1 of the following year. Taxes are billed, collected, and remitted to the City by the St. Charles County Collector.

4. Property, Plant And Equipment

The following represents a summary of changes in the general fixed assets account group for the year ended September 30, 2002:

· .	Balance - October 1,			Balance - September 30,
	2001	Additions	Deductions	2002
Land	\$ 8,949,156	\$ 2,740,987	\$ 260,414	\$ 11,429,729
Buildings	31,876,431		_	31,876,431
Improvements and				,
construction in progress	8,134,869	1,837,776	1,153,016	8,819,629
Machinery and equipment	12,033,431	1,261,869	330,752	12,964,548
Furniture and fixtures	1,082,157	32,057	2,817	1,111,397
Vehicles and other	4,303,220	521,629	282,120	4,542,730
	\$ 66,379,264	\$ 6,394,318	\$ 2,029,119	\$ 70,744,463

The following summarizes property, plant and equipment held by the enterprise funds at September $30,\,2002$:

		_ ′.					Central	
	Wat	erworks/				Public	Materials	
•		Sanitary		Solid	Impro	ovement	Processing	
		Sewer		Waste	Corp	oration	Facility	Total
Land	\$	469,534	\$		\$		\$ 538,671	\$ 1,008,205
Plant and structures	1	9,758,148	:	227,407	5	5,019,166	3,885,800	28,890,521
Water lines	1	9,949,721		_			_	19,949,721
Sewer lines	1	9,095,268		_		_		19,095,268
Machinery and equipment		3,125,091	2,	261,437	2	2,636,360	1,322,295	9,345,183
Other fixed assets		23,838				206,127	73,692	303,657
Less: Accumulated								
depreciation	2	8,118,943	1,0	632,870	2	2,911,029	2,200,755	34,863,597
	\$ 3	4,302,657	\$. {	355,974	\$ 4	1,950,624	3,619,703	\$ 43,728,958

5. Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri. LAGERS is a defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. LAGERS was created and is governed by statute, section RSMo. 70.600 - 70.755. As such, it is the system's responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and it is tax exempt.

The Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to LAGERS, P.O. Box 1665, Jefferson City, MO 65102 or by calling 1-800-447-4334.

Funding Status

The City's full-time employees contribute 4% of their gross salary to the pension plan. The City is required by state statute to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 12.1% (general) and 12.0% (police) of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by the governing body of the political subdivision. The contribution provisions of the political subdivision are established by state statute.

Annual Pension Cost

For the 2002 Plan year, the City's annual pension cost of \$2,553,737 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the February 29, 2000 and/or February 28, 2001 annual actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.5% per year, compounded annually, before retirement and 4.0% per year, compounded annually, after retirement, (b) projected salary increases of 4.0% per year, compounded annually, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.0% to 4.2% per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit, (d) pre-retirement mortality based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality table, and (e) post-retirement mortality based on the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality table projected to 2000 set back one year for men and seven years for women. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The amortization period at February 28, 2002 was 14 years.

Three-Year Trend Information Fiscal Annual Percentage Net Year Pension Of APC Pension **Ending** Costs (APC) Contributed **Obligation** June 30, 2000 \$ 1,888,664 100% \$0 \$1,945,031 \$ 0 June 30, 2001 100% June 30, 2002 \$ 2,553,737 100% \$0

Required Supplementary Information Schedule Of Funding Progress

•		(b)	(b-a)			[(b-a)/c]
., .	(a)	Entry Age	Unfunded		(c)	UAL As A
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	(a/b)	Annual	Percentage Of
Valuation	Value	Accrued	Liability	Funded	`Covered	Covered
Date	Of Assets	Liability	(UAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
February 28, 1997	\$ 9,444,778	\$ 11,507,835	\$ 2,063,057	82%	\$ 10,046,410	21%
February 28, 1998	11,708,155	16,457,305	4,749,150	90	11,488,884	41
February 28, 1999	14,454,223	18,719,947	4,265,724	77	12,647,965	34
February 29, 2000	18,516,233	21,374,977	2,858,744	87	14,667,535	19
February 28, 2001	22,914,427	23,587,920	673,493	97	16,405,237	4
February 28, 2002	26,095,648	34,790,135	8,694,487	75	16,869,756	52

NOTE: The above assets and actuarial accrued liability do not include the assets and present value of benefits associated with the Benefit Reserve Fund and the Casualty Reserve Fund. The actuarial assumptions were changed in conjunction with the February 28, 2001 annual actuarial valuations.

6. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the City's long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2002, including the long-term debt obligations of the Public Improvement Corporation (see Note 7):

	· · · ·	General Obligation Bonds Payable	Revenue Bonds Payable	Tax Increment Revenue Notes Payable
Balance - October 1, 2001		\$ 29,995,000	\$ 18,219,046	\$ 7,470,000
Debt issued		2,500,000	7,010,000	1,209,000
Capital appreciation bond accretion	:., · l		318,458	· · ·
Debt retired		(1,590,000)	(5,675,000)	<u> </u>
Balance - September 30, 2002		30,905,000	19,872,504	8,679,000
Less: Unamortized deferred loss	on · · · · ·	· , w	110.100	
refunding Unamortized discount and	•		118,160	· .
bond issue costs			341,073	
, manufacture Constitution and the second se		\$ 30,905,000	\$ 19,413,271	\$ 8,679,000

General Obligation Bonds Payable

All general obligation bonds are recorded in the general long-term debt account group and are serviced through the debt service fund and certain special revenue funds. These bonds are supported by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit. The related bond ordinances require a levy and collection of a tax on all taxable, tangible property within the City sufficient to pay the principal and interest on such bonds as they become due.

General obligation bonds payable are as follows:

•	Balance -		Balance -	
	October 1,	·.	September	
	2001	Additions	Reductions	2002
Refunding general obligation bonds dated February 26, 1997, 3.40% to 4.75%, interest payable March 1 and September 1, principal payable September 1, beginning in 1997	\$ 4,680,000	* —	\$ 665,000	\$ 4,015,000
Refunding general obligation bonds dated April 20, 1999, 3.50% to 4.75%, interest payable January 1 and July 1, principal payable July 1	15,315,000		595,000	14,720,000
General obligation bonds dated August 1, 2000, 4.40% to 5.40%, interest payable March 1 and September 1, principal payable March 1, beginning in 2002	10,000,000		330,000	9,670,000
General obligation bonds dated February 1, 2002, 4.5% to 5.0%, interest payable March 1 and September 1, beginning in 2003, principal payable March 1, 2014		**	, r	
through 2021		2,500,000		2,500,000
	Ü			
·	\$ 29,995,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 1,590,000	\$ 30,905,000

Revenue Bonds Payable (Excluding Public Improvement Corporation)

All revenue bonds payable are recorded in the appropriate enterprise funds since the ordinances authorizing the bond issues require that the bonds be repaid from operations of the respective enterprise fund.

Revenue bonds payable are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Balance - October 1, 2001	Additions	Reductions	Balance - September 30, 2002
				that it is
Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Refunding Revenue Bonds			2	· -
Series 1992A (Tax Exempt), (1992				
Revenue Bonds Series A) dated	ė :			
June 10, 1992, 3.5% to 6.25%, interest	. *			
payable November 1 and May 1,				
principal payable November 1;				*
through 2009	\$ 4,990,000	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 4,990,000	\$ —
			1 1	
Combined Waterworks and Sewerage				
System Refunding Revenue Bonds		**		,
Series 1992B (Taxable), (1992				*
Revenue Bonds Series B) dated June 10, 1992, 3.95% to 8.10%,				,
interest payable November 1 and				
May 1, principal payable November 1,				
through 2005	2,500,000	· —	450,000	2,050,000
Combined Waterworks and Sewerage				
System Revenue Capital Appreciation				
Bonds Series 1999, dated July 30,		·	*	
1999, 4.60% to 5.25%, interest			4	1
payable November 1 and May 1,	, , ,		*	
principal payable May 1, 2006	0.010.000	4 3 4 4	7.	0.010.000
through 2015	9,910,000		. स्त्र	9,910,000
G (: 1m)		• •	,	₹ ' '
Combined Waterworks and Sewerage		,	٠.	
System Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2002, dated March 1, 2002,	•	•	•	e + 1
1.4% to 3.35%, interest payable		Α.		
November 1 and May 1, principal				
payable November 1, through 2007		4,110,000		4 110 000
	_ _	4,110,000		4,110,000
, ,	\$ 17,400,000	\$ 4,110,000	\$ 5,440,000	16,070,000
Take The Medical discount bond	Ψ 21,100,000	Ψ 1,110,000	Ψ 0,110,000	20,010,000
Less: Unamortized discount, bond				
issue costs and deferred			-	000000
amount on refunding		^		335,200
Unaccreted capital			_ 4	•
appreciation on bonds	, ,	* * *		3,222,496
			,	
	·		, , , .	\$ 12,512,304
	* 2		• • • • • •	<u> </u>
, , , , ,		•		

The Bonds are payable solely from, and secured by, a pledge of the net revenues to be derived from the operation of the Waterworks and Sewerage System. The bond ordinances require the establishment of certain cash reserve accounts which are described in Note 9.

Principal Requirements To Maturity (Excluding Public Improvement Corporation)

The annual principal requirements to maturity (excluding capital appreciation to maturity of \$3,222,496) of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2002 are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds			R		
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2003	\$ 1,655,000	\$ 1,597,883	\$ 3,252,883	\$ 1,240,000	\$ 245,733	\$ 1,485,733
2004	1,725,000	1,457,284	3,182,284	1,390,000	180,025	1,570,025
2005	1,795,000	1,381,736	3,176,736	1,445,000	121,171	1,566,171
2006	1,880,000	1,301,906	3,181,906	1,437,403	104,574	1,541,977
2007	1,965,000	1,216,253	3,181,253	1.175.218	363,977	1,539,195
2008 and thereafter	21,885,000	6,011,768	27,896,768	6,159,883	2,836,817	8,996,700
				Age and		
	\$ 30,905,000	\$ 12,966,830	\$ 43,871,830	\$ 12,847,504	\$ 3,852,297	\$ 16,699,801

In March 2002, the City issued \$4,110,000 in Revenue Refunding Bonds with interest rates ranging from 1.40% to 3.35% to currently refund \$4,395,000 of outstanding 1992A bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.50% to 6.25%. The net proceeds paid off the outstanding bonds which were called on March 1, 2002. The refunding resulted in a \$127,845 deferred loss which was the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2010 using the straight-line method since results are not materially different than the use of the bonds outstanding method. The City completed the current refunding to reduce its debt service payments over the next eight years by approximately \$492,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$340,000.

Under the statutes of the State of Missouri, the limit of bonded indebtedness is 10% of the most recent assessed valuation. This does not include an additional debt limit of 10% assessed valuation available for street improvements or waterworks and electric plants as provided under the statutes of the State of Missouri. The computation is as follows:

Assessed valuation - 2001 tax year	er e er e	\$ 732,958,217
Debt limit - 10% of assessed valuation		\$ 73,295,822
		. 1
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:	:	
Total general obligation bonded debt		30,905,000
Less: Amount available in debt service fund		1,865,237
Bond indebtedness applicable to debt limit		29,039,763
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Legal debt margin		\$ 44,256,059

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Notes Payable

All tax increment financing notes payable are recorded in the general long-term debt account group. The bonds and notes are payable from payments in lieu of taxes collected by the Special Allocation special revenue funds and are comprised of the following individual issues:

en de la companya de	Balance -	***		Balance -
	October 1,		• • •	September 30,
	2001	Additions	Reductions	2002
Tax Increment Revenue Notes,	2 1		() F	
Taxable Series 2001, interest rate	,		1.	*** · •
8.5%, payable through	. • •			
December 1, 2012	\$ 4,966,000	\$ 434,000	\$ 	\$ 5,400,000
	- " , .			
Tax Increment Revenue Notes,				•
Tax-Exempt Series 2001, interest			1/15	J
rate 7.0%, payable through	, ,	,		
December 1, 2012	2,504,000	775,000	~ ^*	3,279,000
	* * * .	v	•	
	\$ 7,470,000	\$ 1,209,000	<u> </u>	\$ 8,679,000

The 2001 Taxable and Tax-Exempt Tax Increment Revenue Notes represent special, limited obligations of the City, payable solely from the incremental sales taxes generated by the development project. The balance at September 30, 2002 represents outstanding notes with no accrued interest. The annual debt service repayments of the TIF notes are contingent upon the amounts of payments in lieu of taxes collected by the special revenue fund.

7. City Of St. Peters, Missouri Public Improvement Corporation

On August 24, 1990, the Public Improvement Corporation (PIC) was formed as a Missouri not-for-profit corporation. The purpose of the PIC is to facilitate the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and facilities solely for the benefit of the City of St. Peters, Missouri.

Funding of such capital improvements and facilities has been provided through the issuance of leasehold revenue bonds. The revenue bonds do not constitute a legal debt or liability for the City, the State of Missouri, or for any political subdivision thereof and do not constitute an indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction. The issuance of the revenue bonds does not obligate the City to levy any form of taxation, therefore, or to make any appropriation for their payment in any fiscal year. The PIC has no taxing power.

On June 1, 2002, the PIC issued \$2,900,000 of Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2002. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the acquisition and renovation of a building for use primarily by the City's construction management department and for the City's cable television operations, acquisition of solid waste collection vehicles, acquisition of a communications system and acquisition of other personal property for municipal use. Simultaneously with the issuance of these 2002 Leasehold Revenue Bonds, the City entered into a lease agreement dated June 1, 2002 whereby a portion of the property, facilities and improvement acquired or constructed by the PIC have been leased to the City. The initial lease was renewed on September 30, 2002 and subject to annual budget appropriations. The lease will have successive one-year renewal options for a period of twenty years. At the end of the twenty-year period, the assets will be inventoried and become property of the City. Rental payments by the City are to be sufficient at all times to pay, when due, the principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the 2002 Leasehold Revenue Bonds. The first lease payment for the 2002 Leasehold Revenue Bonds was paid on November 15, 2002.

On July 1, 1998, the PIC issued \$5,000,000 of Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 1998. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance an expansion and renovation of the police station, an expansion to the City's senior citizens center, modifications to the skating rink, acquisition of computer system hardware, and renovation of the City Hall. Simultaneously with issuance of these 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bonds, the City entered into a lease agreement dated July 1, 1998 whereby a portion of the property, facilities and improvements acquired or constructed by the PIC have been leased to the City. The initial lease was renewed on September 30, 1998 and subject to annual budget appropriations. The lease will have successive one-year renewal options for a period of twenty years. At the end of the twenty-year period, the assets are intended to become the property of the City. Rental payments by the City are to be sufficient at all times to pay, when due, the principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bonds. For fiscal year 2002, the city made lease payments totaling \$437,404.

Revenue bonds payable are comprised as follows:

	Balance - October 1,	·		Balance - September 30,
	2001	Additions	Reductions	2002
Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 (1998 Leasehold Revenue Bonds), dated July 1, 1998, 3.65%	·			
to 5.0%, payable in varying			,	,
amounts through 2018	\$ 4,360,000	\$. l.,, —	\$ 235,000	\$ 4,125,000
Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 (2002 Leasehold Revenue Bonds), dated June 1, 2002, 3.90% to 4.45% payable varying amounts				
through 2022		2,900,000	· <u> </u>	2,900,000
	\$ 4,360,000	\$ 2,900,000	\$ 235,000	7,025,000
Less: Unamortized discount and bond issue costs				124,033
				\$ 6,900,967

Annual principal and interest requirements to maturity on the Leasehold Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2002 are as follows:

	A 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15		
State of the state	Principal	Interest	Total
Year ending September 30:	and the state of t		
2003	\$ 465,000 \$	301,738	\$ 766,738
2004	480,000	287,338	767,338
2005	500,000	271,203	771,203
2006	515,000	253,125	768,125
2007	545,000	233,500	778,500
2008 and thereafter	4,520,000	1,291,106	5,811,106
	\$ 7,025,000 \$	2,638,010	\$ 9,663,010

8. Prior Years' Debt Defeasance

In prior years, the City has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt had been issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is considered defeased and, therefore, removed as a liability from the City's General Long-Term Debt Account Group. As of September 30, 2002, the amount of prior years' defeased debt outstanding, but removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group amounted to \$3,070,000.

9. Enterprise Funds Revenue Bond Requirements

Cash and cash equivalents and investments restricted at September 30, 2002 are as follows:

Revenue fund	\$	5,940
Operation and maintenance fund		300,217
1992B (Taxable) Bond and Interest Fund	,	503,479
Series 1992B (Taxable) Bond Reserve Fund		546,246
Series 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bond Reserve Fund		438,295
Depreciation Fund		225,000
Interest Reserve Fund		500,000
Contingency Fund	,	367,448
Series 2002 Revenue Refunding Bond Reserve Fund		411,560
Series 2002 Revenue Refunding Bond and Interest		,*
Fund		825,723
Series 2002 Leasehold Revenue Bonds Reserve Fund		247,390
	7.	
,		

The 1990 Leasehold Revenue Bond documents and the City Ordinance No. 1873, which authorized the issuance of the combined Waterworks and Sewerage System refunding revenue bonds Series 1992B (Taxable) and 2002, provide for the restriction of operating revenues of the enterprise fund after current operating expenses have been met. The Ordinance also provides for additional restrictions of operating revenues. The following are descriptions of the related reserve requirements:

\$ 4,371,298

Revenue Fund

Requirements - deposit of the gross earnings (excluding tap-on fees) of the Waterworks and Sewer System as collected, to be disbursed to the following funds as required.

Operation And Maintenance Fund

Requirements - monthly credit of a sum sufficient to pay the expenses for that month.

1992B (Taxable) Bond And Interest Funds

Requirements - monthly credit of one-sixth (1/6) of the interest due on the succeeding interest payment date plus one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal amount due the next succeeding November 1, if any, to be used only for the payment of principal and interest.

Series 1992B (Taxable) Bond Reserve Fund

Requirements - initial deposit of \$545,376 to be used only for payment of principal and interest on the bonds in the event insufficient funds are available in the bond and interest fund. In the event monies are drawn from the fund, the City will replenish the fund to \$545,376 by making 12 monthly deposits into the fund in the 12 months immediately succeeding the use. The Bond Reserve Fund may also be used to call the Series 1992B (Taxable) bonds for redemption and payment prior to their maturity.

Series 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bond Reserve Fund

Requirements - initial deposit of \$441,000 to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds in the event insufficient funds are available in the bond fund. In the event monies are drawn from this fund, the city will replenish the fund the full amount that was withdrawn by making 12 monthly deposits into the fund in the 12 months immediately succeeding the use.

Series 2002 Revenue Refunding Bond Reserve Fund

Requirements - initial deposit of \$411,000 to be used only for payment of principal and interest on the bonds in the event insufficient funds are available in the bond and interest fund. In the event monies are drawn from the fund, the City will replenish the fund to \$411,000 by making 12 monthly deposits into the fund in the 12 months immediately succeeding the use. The Bond Reserve Fund may also be used to call the Series 2002 Revenue Refunding bonds for redemption and payment prior to their maturity.

Series 2002 Revenue Refunding Bond And Interest Fund

Requirements - monthly credit of one-sixth (1/6) of the interest due on the succeeding interest payment date plus one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal amount due the next succeeding November 1, if any, to be used only for the payment of principal and interest.

Series 2002 Leasehold Revenue Bond Reserve Fund

Requirements - initial deposit of \$239,721 to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds in the event insufficient funds are available in the bond fund. In the event monies are drawn from this fund, the city will replenish the fund the full amount that was withdrawn by making 12 monthly deposits into the fund in the 12 months immediately succeeding the use.

Depreciation Fund

Requirements - initial transfer and credit of \$225,000 to be used only for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds in the event that insufficient funds are available in the bond or bond reserve funds to pay for the costs of necessary replacements to the Waterworks and Sewerage System. In the event monies are drawn from this fund, the City will replenish the fund to \$225,000 by making 24 equal monthly deposits into the fund in the 24 months immediately succeeding the use.

Interest Reserve Fund

Requirements - initial transfer and credit of \$500,000 and thereafter such amounts as appropriated by the Board of Alderman of the City from the Contingency Account, the General Fund of the City, or other available funds of the City. Monies in the Interest Reserve Fund shall be held and used by the City to make up any deficiency in any of the accounts or subaccounts in the Revenue Fund and may be withdrawn by the City at any time and applied to its general governmental purposes if not required to satisfy the City's rate covenant.

Contingency Fund

Requirements - amounts remaining in the revenue fund after disbursement to other funds based on individual fund requirements shall be deposited in the Contingency Fund for the purposes of paying the costs of improvements, extensions, or additions to the system, retiring bonds in advance of maturity or for any lawful purpose of the City.

Rate Covenant

Requirements - the City will fix, establish, maintain and collect such rates, fees and charges for the use and services furnished by the Waterworks and Sewer System to provide revenues in each fiscal year to pay for the operating costs of the system, the bond principal and interest payments, and any required deposits. Such rates should generate available revenues (net revenues plus interest reserve fund monies) at least equal to 125% of the principal and interest requirements on all bonds during the fiscal year and net revenues at least equal to 100% of the principal and interest requirements on all bonds during the fiscal year.

The City met all related revenue bond reserve requirements.

10. Interfund Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of September 30, 2002 are as follows:

Cyclinda Commence	Amount
Receivable Funds	,
General Fund	\$ 855,536
Transportation	1,008,423
Public Improvement Corporation	199,400
	,
6:	\$ 2,063,359
Payable Funds	
Recreation	\$ 16,130
Transportation	201,016
Public Improvement Corporation	606,807
Solid Waste	116,487
Waterworks/Sanitary Sewer	79,711
Central Materials Processing Facility	25,974
CDBG	8,811
Special Allocations Fund TIF – City Centre	1,008,423
	\$ 2,063,359

11. Segments Of Enterprise Activities

The following represents key financial information concerning the enterprise funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002:

and the second	,	. ~	*, *	Central
	Waterworks/		Public	Materials
	Sanitary	Solid	Improvement	Processing
Commence of the commence of th	Sewer	Waste	Corporation	Facility
The state of the s		- 15-	7	
Operating revenues	\$ 6,999,333	\$ 2,531,619	\$ 437,404	\$ 3,500,922
Operating expenses:	, F			
Depreciation	1,724,843	332,438	360,444	304,670
Other	5,040,065	2,493,951	2,766	3,375,863
Operating income (loss)	234,425	(294,770)	74,194	(179,611)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		,		
Interest on investments	123,381	· · · · -	25,072	_
Interest expense	(681,488)		(241,956)	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
Other	(87,988)		(13,222)	
Operating transfers in	, *** -* -* ·	65,000	300,000	·
Contributed capital	978,547			978,547
Net income (loss)	566,877	(229,770)	144,088	(179,611)
Investment in joint venture	2,444,205	<u>.</u>		-
Property, plant and equipment	*			
additions	2,984,847	89,742	512,157	11,051
Net working capital (excluding	, .	•		
current restricted assets and	•	,		1
liabilities payable from				
restricted assets)	1,587,961	225,226	2,069,159	237,035
Total assets	43,138,916	1,299,295	8,407,791	4,155,169
Bonds and other long-term				,
liabilities - payable from	4	*, .	· **	,
operating revenues	11,272,304		6,435,967	. —
Fund equity:				*
Contributed capital	13,852,285	85,166	_	5,088,894
Retained earnings (deficit)	15,655,847	996,034	804,501	(1,232,156)

12. Joint Venture

In October 1985, the City of St. Peters, Missouri and the City of St. Charles, Missouri entered into a joint venture agreement to form the St. Peters - St. Charles Water Pipeline Project (the Joint Venture). The purpose of the Joint Venture is to construct and operate a water pipeline and appurtenant facilities from the Howard Bend Treatment Plant, owned and operated by the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to the separate facilities of the municipalities of St. Peters, Missouri and St. Charles, Missouri (the Owners), in order to adequately supply water by the pipeline to the citizens and businesses of the municipalities.

The Joint Venture is owned by the City of St. Peters, Missouri (31.8%) and the City of St. Charles, Missouri (68.2%). In accordance with the Joint Venture agreement, the City of St. Peters, Missouri is responsible for managing and accounting for the daily operations of the Joint Venture, except where concurrence of both cities is required. The Joint Venture receives all of its operating revenue from the water it sells to the Owners. The Owners financed the cost of construction of the pipeline and appurtenant facilities and, therefore, depreciation is excluded from the charges to the Owners. The cumulative investment in the Joint Venture by the City of St. Peters, Missouri through September 30, 2002 includes its proportionate share of water pipeline construction costs and an initial contribution to a water pipeline maintenance fund. Under terms of the Joint Venture agreement, additional contributions to maintain the water pipeline maintenance fund at an agreed-upon base amount may be required. The current base amount is \$500,000 which may be increased to a maximum of \$1,000,000 if maintenance costs so justify.

During 2002, the City of St. Peters, Missouri purchased water from the Joint Venture and paid related pumping charges totaling \$530,233. These costs are included as operating expenses of the City's waterworks/sanitary sewer enterprise fund.

Condensed summary of financial information for the Joint Venture as of and for its fiscal year ended September 30, 2002 is as follows:

Assets	\$ 7,656,540
Liabilities	\$ 476,656
Partnership capital:	
St. Peters	2,903,699
St. Charles	6,227,431
Retained deficit:	
St. Peters	(620,496)
St. Charles	(1,330,750)
• .	
	\$ 7,656,540
•	
Operating revenue	\$ 1,477,349
Operating expenses	1,636,741
Nonoperating revenue	16,983
Net Loss	\$ (142,409)

The joint venture issues a financial statement which may be obtained by writing to the St. Peters - St. Charles Water Pipeline Project, One St. Peters Centre Boulevard, St. Peters, Missouri 63376.

14. Insurance Programs

The City became self-insured with respect to workers' compensation, general liability and property and casualty insurance effective July 1, 1998 and medical insurance effective January 1, 1998. Unemployment compensation became effective in 1997. The estimated liability for payment of incurred (both reported and unreported) but unpaid claims relating to these matters is recorded in the general fund.

The City obtains periodic funding information from the claims-servicing company managing the self-insurance programs and adjusts the charges to the various funds as required to maintain the appropriate level of estimated claims liabilities. The City maintains excess liability coverages for workers' compensation, general liability, property and casualty and medical costs. Settled claims did not exceed commercial coverages for each of the past three fiscal years.

At September 30, 2002, the City's total estimated liability for payment of incurred (both reported and unreported) but unpaid claims for workers' compensation, property, unemployment and medical costs was \$586,132.

Changes in the self-insured claims liabilities at September 30, 2002 and 2001 were as follows:

C	Workers' ompensation/	TI o	-lo	Medical	Total
F	General	Unemp	oloyment	Medical	Total
Balance - October 1, 2000	\$ 110,677.	, .	\$ 24,651	\$ 137,593	\$ 272,921
				•	•
Add: Current year claims					
and changes in estimate	357,602		· 	1,934,430	2,292,032
Less: Claim payments	110,677		<u>:</u> ·	1,889,266	1,999,943
,					
Balance - September 30, 2001	357,602		24,651	182,757	565,010
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				14
Add: Current year claims				* 1	
and changes in estimate	383,594	٠.	<u>:</u>	2,107,546	2,491,140
	, the second		٠.٠	•	
Less: Claim payments	292,602		·	2,177,416	2,470,018
		· ·			
Balance - September 30, 2002	\$ 448,594		\$ 24,651	\$ 112,887	\$ 586,132

15. Retained Earnings Deficit

At September 30, 2002, the Central Materials Processing Facility enterprise fund's accumulated deficit equaled \$1,232,156. This accumulation is primarily due to operating deficits in the first four years of operation and noncash expenses such as depreciation. The cash portion of the operating deficits were covered by operating transfers from the City's General Fund. Going forward, the City will continue to evaluate all expenditures and processes to ensure the Facility is operating in the most effective and efficient manner.

16. Correction Of An Error

In the financial statements for previous years, an error was made in the accounting of fixed assets in the Waterworks and Sanitary Sewer Fund. Fixed assets that were placed in service in the late 1970's and early 1980's were not recorded by the City. This error has been corrected and has had the following effect on the beginning retained earnings:

	Waterworks/ Sanitary Sewer Fund
Beginning retained earnings, as	
previously reported	\$ 14,618,390 _, 470,580 [']
Adjustment to fixed assets	470,580
Beginning retained earnings, as	
corrected	\$ 15,088,970

17. Contingencies

Litigation

A lawsuit captioned <u>St. Charles County, Missouri vs. City of St. Peters, Missouri was filed in</u> the Circuit Court of St. Charles County in August 2000. The suit relates to the constitutionality of the state tax increment financing (TIF) statute that allows a portion of tax revenue collected from businesses in a TIF district to pay off bonds used to acquire land and develop business sites in blighted areas. The suit was subsequently voluntarily dismissed by the County and on October 4, 2001 the County filed a new lawsuit relating primarily to the validity of Tax Increment Financing for the St. Peters Centre Redevelopment Area. The County is requesting among other things, invalidation of the TIF District and reimbursement of the County taxes allocated to the tax increment fund.

The case has the potential of adversely affecting the validity of all of the City's pending TIFs, as well as those on a state-wide basis, if the TIF act itself is declared unconstitutional on any grounds, and therefore, may affect the validity of TIF bonds issued pursuant to various TIFs. Given the complexity of the matters raised in the petition, Counsel of the City is unable at this time to determine the likelihood of any outcome, or the financial impact on the City.

The City filed a motion for summary judgment on all claims in June 2002; the Plaintiffs filed motions for summary judgment on all claims. In addition to the City's defense to the suit, the Attorney General's office intervened to defend Counts VII and VIII of the Petition, which seek to invalidate, on constitutional grounds, portions of Missouri's Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Act ("TIF ACT"). Oral argument on the dispositive Motions is presently scheduled for December 2002.

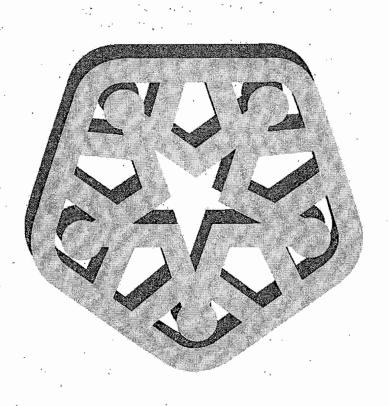
The City is a defendant in a number of other lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the current status of all of these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

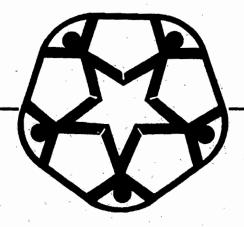
Federal Grants

Under the terms of Federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that such reimbursements, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

18. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments, issued June 1999, as amended by GASB Statement No. 37, will impose new standards for financial reporting. GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures modifies existing, and imposes new, disclosure requirements. These statements will be effective for the City for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2003. Management of the City has not yet completed its assessment of the statements, however, they will have a material effect on the overall financial presentation of the City.





Supplementary Data

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

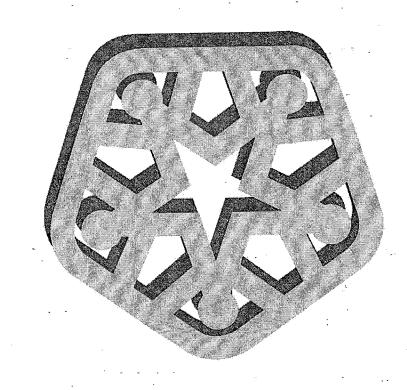
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Sales tax	\$ 10,700,000	\$ 10,729,420	\$ 29,420
Property tax	4,961,404	4,977,626	16,222
Utility franchise tax:			
Electric	1,586,000	1,690,337	104,337
Gas	550,000	551,044	1,044
Cablevision	300,000	318,726	18,726
	2,436,000	2,560,107	124,107
Cigarette	200,000	206,383	6,383
Licenses and permits	927,400	1,030,145	102,745
Interest	110,000	124,940	14,940
Intergovernmental	3,081,820	3,328,938	247,118
Fines and forfeitures	1,429,000	1,372,841	(56,159)
Charges for services	287,705	301,343	13,638
	6,035,925	6,364,590	328,665
Miscellaneous	802,900	859,270	56,370
Total Revenues	24,936,229	25,491,013	554,784
Expenditures	25,641,532	24,222,798	1,418,734
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(705,303)	1,268,215	1,973,518
Other Financing Sources			
Operating transfers in	1,235,000	1,235,000	
Revenues Over Expenditures And	F00 00F		1.050.510
Other Financing Sources	529,697	2,503,215	1,973,518
Fund Balance:			
Unreserved:			
Beginning of year	2,021,636	2,021,636	
Transfer from (to) reserved	137,302	(102,561)	(239,863)
End of year	2,688,635	4,422,290	1,733,655
Reserved:			
Beginning of year	1,762,462	1,762,462	· ·
Transfer from (to) unreserved	(137,302)	102,561	239,863
End of year	1,625,160	1,865,023	239,863
	\$ 4,313,795	\$ 6,287,313	\$ 1,973,518

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

		v		Revised Budget		Actual		Variance Savorable avorable)
General Government:	· .	•			_			
Personal services	**	,	\$	147,998	\$	144,640	\$	3,358
Capital outlay				25,000		27,185		(2,185)
Other		<u>.</u>		843,775	`	585,268		258,507
				1,016,773		757,093	<u> </u>	259,680
Administration:				2,957,891	-	3,001,353		(43,462)
Personal services				665,812		388,217		277,595
Capital outlay				1,774,388		1.633,586	~	140,802
Other				5,398,091		5,023,156		374,935
Police:								
Personal services				7,281,065		7,244,995		36,070
Capital outlay				329,384		321,862		7,522
Other				682,455		708,941		(26,486)
				8,292,904		8,275,798		17,106
Municipal Court:								
Personal services			٠	230,894		232,555		(1,661)
Capital outlay				2,120		2,055		65
Other		A		31,195		28,381		2,814
		, ,		264,209 -		262,991		1,218
Public Works:	A			7 ;				
Personal services		γ .		1,777,502		1,927,134		(149,632)
Capital outlay				108,350		101,841		6,509
Other		* .		387,755		284,275		103,480
				2,273,607	-	2,313,250		(39,643)
Engineering:				:		-		
Personal services				1,775,494		1,749,926	4	25,568
Capital outlay			,	24,935		22,435		2,500
Other				203,006		133,632		69,374
* .				2,003,435		1,905,993		97,442
Maintenance:				· .				
Personal services				647,797		634,125		13,672
Capital outlay			· .	14,600		10,270		4,330
Other		Υ,		91,465		68,676		22,789
				753,862		713,071		40,791
Health:								
Personal services				460,747		429,485		31,262
Capital outlay	•			66,775		53,913		12,862
Other			•	70,036		85,782		(15,746)
				597,558		569,180		28,378
Parks And Recreation:								
Personal services		100		2,824,960		2,528,994		295,966
Capital outlay		4		443,910		270,659		173,251
Other	*			635,351		581,780		53,571
Other				3,904,221		3,381,433		522,788
Community Relations:								
Personal services				488,457		452,955	,	35,502
Capital outlay				184,923		176,464		8,459
Other				159,315		116,593		42,722
- CVIICI				832,695		746,012		86,683
Cultural And Civic Affairs		······································					-	, -,,,,,,,,
Personal services				178,818		189,927		(11,109)
Capital outlay	r	,		25,682		24,030		1,652
Other				25,682 99,677		60,864		38,813
- Curei		·		304,177		274,821		29,356
Total Expenditures			\$		-\$		\$	
Total Expenditures			Φ	25,641,532	Ф	24,222,798	Φ	1,418,734



Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds maintained by the City are as follows:

Transportation Trust Fund

Used to account for transportation sales tax revenues and grants to be used for the construction, restruction, repair, and maintenance of streets, roads, and bridges.

Drug Enforcement Agency Fund

Used to account for Federal grant proceeds and other revenues restricted for drug-related law enforcement purposes.

Recreation Fund

Used to account for revenues restricted for recreation purposes.

Special Allocation Fund - City Centre

Used to account for revenues generated by the City Centre TIF district for the payment of debt service expenditures.

Special Allocation Fund - Old Town

Used to account for revenues generated by the Old Town Levy TIF district.

Special Allocation Fund - Lakeside Redevelopment Fund

Used to account for revenues generated by the Lakeside Redevelopment TIF district for the payment of debt service expenditures.

Community Development Block Grant Fund

Used to account for federal grant proceeds that provides assistance to low and moderate income persons.

Local Parks And Stormwater Fund

Used to account for one-tenth sales tax revenue and grant proceeds to be used for park and stormwater projects.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2002

			Drug					Spec	ial Allocat	Community Development				
	Tran	sportation	Enfe	orcement	Re	creation	City	Old	Lakeside	. Deve	Block	Stor	mwater	
		rust Fund	5.	ncy Fund		Fund	Centre		Redevelopment	Gra	nt Fund	Dioi	Fund	Total
Assets														1000
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	7,335,541	\$	120,557	\$	797,511	\$ 2,049,523	\$ 722,625	\$ 19,980	\$		\$	721,248	\$ 11,766,985
Receivables, net of allowances:									,			,		;,,
Taxes		472,010		<u>. </u>			130,238		. 				94,301	696,549
Intergovernmental		998,964		_			· —	_			19,545		· · ·	1,018,509
Accrued Interest					٠	761			_				_	761
Other		142,689				34,442	11,365	430	62				5,272	194,260
Due from other funds		1,008,423				·,								1,008,423
Inventory/prepaids						9,358	_	_			_	,		9,358
						: ;								
Total Assets	\$	9,957,627	\$	120,557	\$	842,072	\$ 2,191,126	\$ 723,055	\$ 20,042	\$	19,545	. \$	820,821	\$ 14,694,845
Liabilities And Fund Balances		•							*		. '			···
Liabilities Liabilities							,				,			
	\$	106 004	\$		ф	40 000	Φ	۵			1.010		04.445	A ==0.00=
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	Ф	426,924	Φ.	_	Ф	46,333	5 —	a —	,\$	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,613	\$,	81,415	
Accrued payron Accrued vacation		33,201				65,430	· . —	_	_		-			98,631
		39,322		. —		29,506	· —	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•	: -	68,828
Deposits/guarantee bonds						71,451	1 000 400	_	. —				·	71,451
Due to other funds		201,016		_		16,130	1,008,423	_			8,811			1,234,380
Deferred revenue		88,410		_		108,491			· —	× ,	_	. * .		196,901
Other liabilities	·					36,464								36,464
Total Liabilities		788,873				373,805	1,008,423				10,424		81,415	2,262,940
Fund Balances								•		٠.				
Reserved for encumbrances		3,144,694				57,193	_						291,077	3,492,964
Reserved for capital improvements		0,144,004				134,726					_		200,000	334,726
Reserved for inventory/prepaids		·				9,358	_						200,000	9,358
Reserved for medical insurance						29,100	_		_		_			29,100
Unreserved - undesignated		6,024,060		120,557		237,890	1,182,703	723,055	20,042		9,121		248,329	8,565,757
Total Fund Balances		9,168,754		120,557	_	468,267	1,182,703	723,055	20,042		9,121		739,406	12,431,905
Aveal I tillu Dalainee		0,100,104	-,	120,001		400,201	1,102,403	120,000	20,042		3,121		100,400	12,401,505
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$	9,957,627	\$	120,557	\$	842,072	\$ 2,191,126	\$ 723,055	\$ 20,042	\$	19,545	\$	820,821	\$ 14,694,845

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

							~				- Fd- 1		Community Development		Local Parks And			
	Twomanauta		Drug asportation Enforcement Recreat			navantian	on City Old				akeside	Block						
		rust Fund	Emi	Agency		Fund	Centre			Town Redevelopment		Grant Fund		Fund			Total	
Revenues				- 6 7												-		
Sales tax	\$	5,364,686	\$	_	\$		\$ 1,398,359	\$	235,209	\$	11,508	\$	_	\$	1,060,285	\$	8,070,047	
Property tax		_		_		_	1,123,316		135,071		26,501						1,284,888	
Utility franchise tax		_		****		_	3,016		_		_		_		_		3,016	
Interest		141,118		2,324		13,625	37,971		11,891		588		_		9,158		216,675	
Intergovernmental		3,035,956		-		_	-		_				133,514		2,669		3,172,139	
Charges for services		_				3,197,823			_		_		_		_		3,197,823	
Miscellaneous		1,231,013		_		233,734	_		_		_				_		1,464,747	
Total Revenues		9,772,773		2,324		3,445,182	2,562,662		382,171		38,597		133,514		1,072,112		17,409,335	
Expenditures																		
General government		_		*****		_	495,034		60,837		5,701		124,874				686,446	
Public works		3,011,034				_	_		_				_		26,161		3,037,195	
Parks and recreation		_		_		3,564,566	_		_		_		_		422,937		3,987,503	
Capital outlay		6,373,553					2,217,423		_				_		_		8,590,976	
Debt service		_		_		_	1,459,167		_		25,000		-				1,484,167	
Total Expenditures		9,384,587		_		3,564,566	4,171,624		60,837		30,701		124,874		449,098		17,786,287	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		388,186		2,324		(119,384)	(1,608,962)		321,334		7,896		8,640		623,014		(376,952)	
Other Financing Sources																		
Operating transfers in				_		100,000	_		_				_		_		100,000	
Operating transfers out		(300,000)		_		_	_		_		_		_				(300,000)	
Proceeds from general long-term debt				_		_	1,209,000		_						_		1,209,000	
Total Other Financing Sources		(300,000)				100,000	1,209,000		_		_						1,009,000	
Revenues And Other Financing																		
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures		88,186		2,324		(19,384)	(399,962)		321,334		7,896		8,640		623,014		632,048	
Fund Balances																		
Beginning of year		9,080,568		118,233		487,651	1,582,665		401,721		12,146		481		116,392		11,799,857	
End of year	\$	9,168,754	\$	120,557	\$	468,267	\$ 1,182,703	\$	723,055	\$	20,042	\$	9,121	\$	739,406	\$	12,431,905	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Page 1 Of 3

For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

Revenues Sales tax Property tax Utility franchise tax Interest Interest Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service Total Expenditures	Revised Budget 5,350,000 \$	141,118 3,035,956 1,231,013	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) \$ 14,686	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Sales tax Property tax Utility franchise tax Interest Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service	135,000 3,905,280 2,350,000	141,118 3,035,956 1,231,013	6,118	\$ _ _ _ _	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ _	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	
Property tax Utility franchise tax Interest Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service	135,000 3,905,280 2,350,000	141,118 3,035,956 1,231,013	6,118	\$ _ _ _ _	\$ _ _ _	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$
Utility franchise tax Interest Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service	3,905,280 	3,035,956 		=	_	_	-	,	
Interest Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service	3,905,280 	3,035,956 		_	_			****	-
Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service	3,905,280 	3,035,956 				_	_	_	_
Charges for services Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service	2,350,000	1,231,013	(869,324)		2,324	2,324	12,500	13,625	1,125
Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service				_	_	_		Above	
Total Revenues Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service				_	_	***	3,103,950	3,197,823	93,873
Expenditures General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service	11,740,280		(1,118,987)	_		_	234,500	233,734	(766)
General government Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service		9,772,773	(1,967,507)		2,324	2,324	3,350,950	3,445,182	94,232
Public works Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service									
Parks and recreation Street construction Debt service	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	
Street construction Debt service	3,095,378	2,910,719	184,659	_	_	-	-		
Debt service	_	_	****	~=		_	3,703,426	3,586,458	116,968
	8,230,361	6,129,246	2,101,115	_	_	_	0,100,120	5,000,400	110,500
Total Expenditures		-,,		_	_	_	_	_	_
	11,325,739	9,039,965	2,285,774	_			3,703,426	3,586,458	116,968
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	414,541	732,808	318,267	-	2,324	2,324	(352,476)	(141,276)	211,200
Other Financing Sources									
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	_	_	_	100,000	100,000	
Operating transfers out	(300,000)	(300,000)		_	_	_	makes.		estate.
Revenues And Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	114,541	432,808	318,267	_	2,324	2,324	(252,476)	(41,276)	211,200
Fund Balances									
Budget basis:									
Unreserved:				4.19.333			30500		
Beginning of year	5,591,252	5,591,252	_	118,233	118,233	***	144,682	144,682	_
Transfers from reserved		-	_			_	151,500	143,842	(7,658)
End of year	5,705,793	6,024,060	318,267	118,233	120,557	2,324	43,706	247,248	203,542
Reserved:								01-1-2	
Beginning of year Transfers to unreserved				_	_	-	307,668	307,668	
	***	_					(151,500)	(143,842)	7,658
End of year	_						156,168	163,826	7,658
	5,705,793	6,024,060	\$ 318,267	\$ 118,233	120,557	\$ 2,324	\$ 199,874	411,074	\$ 211,200
Encumbrances, end of year	_	3,144,694						E7 100 =	
GAAP basis, end of year				-			-	57,193	
	5	\$ 9,168,754		-	\$ 120,557		-	\$ 468,267	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Page 2 Of 3

For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

	Special Al	location Fund	· City Centre	Special Allo	cation Fund	- Old Town	Special Allocation Fund - Lakeside Redevelopment				
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues Sales tax	\$ 1,545,000	\$ 1,398,359	\$ (146,641)	\$ 176,575 \$	235,209	\$ 58,634	\$ 14,000	\$ 11,508	\$ (2,492)		
Property tax	1,138,500	1,123,316	(15,184)	130,200	135,071	4,871	29,000	26,501	(2,499)		
Utility franchise tax		3,016	3,016	_	_	-,	,	_			
Interest	29,725	37,971	8,246	2,000	11,891	9,891	. -	588	588		
Intergovernmental			_			·		. —	· —		
Charges for services	-		· ,	_			· —				
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	- .			· -		<u> </u>	* 1 <u>1</u> *	<u></u>		
Total Revenues	2,713,225	2,562,662	(150,563)	308,775	382,171	73,396	43,000	38,597	(4,403)		
						3.7,		• •			
Expenditures	497,038	495,034	2,004	67,628	60,837	6,791	7,233	5,701	1,532		
General government Public works	491,030	493,034	2,004	01,020	00,037	0,791	, 1,233	-5,701	1,552		
Parks and recreation	·	$=$ $^{\prime}$ $+$ $\sqrt{\pm}$	·						<u>.</u>		
Street construction	2,200,000	1,008,423	1,191,577					, , , .			
Debt service	1,459,400	1,459,167	233	 ' `	. ' '	 '	25,000	25,000			
Total Expenditures	4,156,438	2,962,624	1,193,814	67,628	60,837	6,791	32,233	30,701	1,532		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,443,213)	(399,962)	1,043,251	241,147	321,334	80,187	10,767	7,896	(2,871)		
Other Financing Sources							* .				
Operating transfers in	· · · · · - · ·	·	_	<u></u>		· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · ·		
Operating transfers out	· ' -		· <u>·</u>		; ; ; , _		· · · -				
Revenues And Other Financing Sources Over (Under)		,					1				
Expenditures	(1,443,213)	(399,962)	1,043,251	241,147	321,334	. 80,187	10,767	7,896	(2,871)		
Fund Balances	•							,	,		
Budget basis:			•			,		3' 4'	. ts		
Unreserved:	1 #00 44#	" #DO 005"		404 704	401.501			- 10 140			
Beginning of year Transfers from reserved	1,582,665	1,582,665		401,721	401,721	· , , , "	12,146	12,146			
End of year	139,452	1,182,703	1,043,251	642,868	723,055	80,187	22,913	20,042	(2,871)		
Reserved:					""	* . *					
Beginning of year	-	· (, - ·	<u> </u>	, ,	· - .		_	_ `	-		
Transfer to unreserved	<u></u>	·		:							
End of year				· · ·			<u>-</u>				
Budget basis, end of year	\$ 139,452	1,182,703	\$ 1,043,251	\$ 642,868	723,055	\$ 80,187	\$ 22,913	20,042	\$ (2,871)		
Encumbrances, end of year	,						, h		,		
GAAP basis, end of year	re to the first	\$ 1,182,703	* · · ·	\$	723,055		*	\$ 20,042			
	-		, "	, ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					

(Continued)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Page 3 Of 3

For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

		munity Develo Block Grant Fu		. Lo	cal Parks And S Water Fund	torm		Total	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Sales tax		¢	ę.	\$ 1,070,000	\$ 1,060,285	\$ (9,715)	\$ 8,155,575	\$ 8,070,047	\$ (85,528)
Property tax	ф —	φ —	φ · <u>—</u>	\$ 1,070,000 —	φ 1,000,200	φ (5,115)	1,297,700	1,284,888	(12,812)
Utility franchise tax	_	_	=			_	1,237,100	3,016	3,016
Interest	_	_		. 1,500	9,158	7.658	180,725	216,675	35,950
Interest	255,000	133,514	(121,486)	119,000	2,669	(116,331)	4,279,280	3,172,139	(1,107,141)
Charges for services	200,000	100,014	(121,400)	110,000	2,005	(110,001)	3,103,950	3,197,823	93,873
Miscellaneous		_					2,584,500	1,464,747	(1,119,753)
Total Revenues	255,000	133,514	(121,486)	1,190,500	1,072,112	(118;388)	19,601,730	17,409,335	(2,192,395)
Total Revenues	255,000	133,514	(121,400)	1,190,500	1,072,112	(110,000)	19,001,730	17,409,000	(2,192,393)
Expenditures									
General government	255,000	124,874	130,126			, 	826,899	686,446	140,453
Public works				587,000	215,600	371,400	3,682,378	3,126,319	556,059
Parks and recreation	*** *	· —	`	519,100	524,575	(5,475)	4,222,526	4,111,033	111,493
Street construction	·	_	· .	— ,		· ,	10,430,361	7,137,669	3,292,692
Debt service		, <u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	_	1,484,400	1,484,167	233
Total Expenditures	255,000	124,874	130,126	1,106,100	740,175	365,925	20,646,564	16,545,634	4,100,930
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	••••	8,640	8,640	84,400	331,937	247,537	(1,044,834)	863,701	1,908,535
Other Financing Sources Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	<u> </u>		, 	··		. <u>-</u>	100,000 (300,000)	100,000 (300,000)-	·
Revenues And Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures		8,640	8,640	84,400	331,937	247,537	(1,244,834)	663,701	1,908,535
Fund Balances Budget basis: Unreserved:		,			,		·		* *
Beginning of year	481	481	_	16,392	16,392		7,867,572	7,867,572	
Transfers from (to) reserved	401	401	~ . <u>⊤</u>	(100,000)	(100,000)		51,500	43,842	(7,658)
End of year	481	9,121	8,640	792	248,329	247,537	6,674,238	8,575,115	1,900,877
Reserved:	401	0,222	- 0,010		7 7 7		5,5,1,255	-,	
Beginning of year	_	·~	· · ·	100,000	100,000		407,668	407,668	<u> </u>
Transfer from (to) unreserved				100,000	100,000		(51,500)	(43,842)	7,658
End of year				200,000	200,000		356,168	363,826	7,658
									
Budget basis, end of year	\$ 481	9,121	\$ 8,640	\$ 200,792	448,329	\$ 247,537	\$ 7,030,406	8,938,941	\$ 1,908,535
					, 291,077			3,492,964	
Encumbrances, end of year	· · · · · -	<u> </u>	, ,		291,077	, , ,		3,452,504	
GAAP basis, end of year		\$ 9,121			\$ 739,406		,	\$ 12,431,905	

Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City's operations for enterprise activities are:

Waterworks/Sanitary Sewer
Solid Waste
Public Improvement Corporation
Central Materials Processing Facility

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

	W	aterworks/ Sanitary Sewer		Solid Waste		Public provement Corporation		Central Materials Processing Facility		Total
Assets						- Porture		1 4011103		
Current Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents:										
Held by trustees	\$	910,320	\$	_	\$	2,572,082	\$	_	\$	3,482,402
Unrestricted	*	551,932	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,012,002	Ψ	101,573	Ψ	653,50
Restricted		2,572,570		_		685,685		101,575		-
Investments - restricted		1,113,043	_	· . —		000,000		_		3,258,25
Receivables, net of allowances:	1 .	1,110,040	Ž.	_						1,113,04
Services		1,115,737		405,143				eo nho		1 500 00
Accrued interest		10,216		405,145		_		68,208		1,589,08
Other				27.046	,	_		200 200		10,21
Due from other funds		118,185	: 2	37,246	^ -	100 400		306,206		461,63
Inventory/prepaids			A			199,400		F0 450		199,40
Total Current Assets		C 200 054		, 932				59,479		60,46
Total Current Assets	4,2	6,392,054		443,321		3,457,167		535,466		10,828,00
Investment in joint venture	. ,	2,444,205		-				_		2,444,20
Property, plant, and equipment		62,421,600		2,488,844		7,861,653	_	5,820,458		78,592,55
Less: Accumulated depreciation		28,118,943	,	1,632,870		2,911,029		2,200,755		34,863,59
Property, plant, and equipment - net		34,302,657		855,974		4,950,624		3,619,703		43,728,95
	,	7.7.	_		- 4		-	5,020,100		10,720,00
Total Assets	\$	43,138,916	\$	1,299,295	\$	8,407,791	\$	4,155,169	\$	57,001,17
Liabilities And Fund Equity Liabilities Current Liabilities:		-								
	Φ.	500 5C0	٠	4 4 1 1	Φ.		•	105.050	•	5 00.04
Accounts payable	. \$.		\$	4,411	\$		Ф	195,970	Ф	799,94
Accrued payroll		97,930	-	46,498				38,255		182,68
Accrued vacation		85,778	٠,	50,699		05.510		38,232		174,70
Accrued interest payable		121,448		. —		95,516		-		216,96
Deposits held for others	, :	100,150		`,				_		100,15
Due to other funds		79,711		116,487		606,807		25,974		828,97
Current portion of revenue bonds		,								
payable (payable from					-9					**
restricted assets)		1,240,000		_		465,000		_		1,705,00
Other		33,900				-		_		33,90
Total Current Liabilities		2,358,480		218,095		1,167,323		298,431		4,042,32
Long-term portion of revenue bonds payable		11,272,304				6,435,967		_		17,708,27
Total Liabilities		13,630,784		218,095		7,603,290	_	298,431	_	21,750,60
und Equity										
Contributed Capital:										
Other governmental agencies		2,926,329		85,166		_		5,088,894		8,100,389
Developers "		10,925,956		_		_				10,925,95
Total Contributed Capital		13,852,285		85,166				5,088,894	_	19,026,34
Retained Earnings (Deficit):				,200				3,230,001		10,920,01
Reserved for revenue bond requirements		3,685,613		_		685,685				4,371,298
				006 024				(1 920 150)		
Unreserved (D.C.4)		11,970,234		996,034		118,816	_	(1,232,156)		11,852,92
Total Retained Earnings (Deficit)		15,655,847		996,034		804,501		(1,232,156)		16,224,220
Total Fund Equity		29,508,132		1,081,200		804,501	_	3,856,738		35,250,57
otal Liabilities And Fund Equity	\$	43,138,916	\$	1,299,295	\$	8,407,791	\$	4,155,169	\$	57,001,17

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

Operating Revenues Water Sewer Solid Waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees	W a	Sanitary Sewer 3,069,842	Solid Waste	Public Improvement Corporation	Central Materials Processing Facility	Total
Water Sewer Solid Waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees	, <u></u>	Sanitary Sewer 3,069,842	Waste	Improvement	Processing	Total
Water Sewer Solid Waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees	\$	Sewer 3,069,842	Waste	-		Total
Water Sewer Solid Waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees	. \$	3,069,842		Corporation	Facility	lotai
Water Sewer Solid Waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees	. \$,					
Sewer Solid Waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees	. \$			A		
Solid Waste Tap-on fees Tipping fees		0.001.001	Ф , —	s —	a -	\$ 3,069,842
Tap-on fees Tipping fees		2,734,591	0.400,005	~ · · · · · ·		2,734,591
Tipping fees		·	2,463,035	· · · · ·	- 1 -	2,463,035
• • • •		292,877	, -			292,877
		_	-		2,180,779	2,180,779
Rental income		_		437,404	3,550	440,954
Recycling income	٠.		, ,		1,137,171	1,137,171
Earth Centre	**		· '-> 	· . :	170,669	170,669
Miscellaneous	.11-	902,023	68,584	<u> </u>	8,753	979,360
Total Operating Revenues		6,999,333	2,531,619	437,404	3,500,922	13,469,278
Operating Expenses			*		,	
Personnel costs	1	2,354,887	1,272,547		1,169,203	4,796,637
Depreciation.		1,724,843	332,438	360,444	304,670	2,722,395
Utilities	***	391,821	10,581	·	56,829	459,231
Purchased water		530,233	_	, <u>,</u>		530,233
Wastewater treatment costs	, wi	88,822	-	. :. —:	1,047	89,869
Landfill fees		· · · · -	750,530	.	1,738,894	2,489,424
Repairs and maintenance		575,529	267,722		75,301	918,552
Chemicals and supplies		182,419	3,215	· · · · · ·	3,602	189,236
Professional services		510,083	27,864	· ` _	8,923	546,870
Office expense		84,340	39,537		146,028	269,905
Insurance		143,670	,42,325		63,908	249,903
Gasoline and fuel		30,050	65,114		12,227	107,391
Bad debts		34,289	12,365		1,407	48,061
Rent		21,446	414		5,699	27,559
Miscellaneous		92,476	1,737	2,766		189,774
Total Operating Expenses		6,764,908	2,826,389	363,210	3,680,533	13,635,040
Operating Income (Loss)		234,425	(294,770)	74,194	(179,611)	(165,762
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest on investments	-	123,381	_	25,072		148,453
Bond interest and fees		(681,488)		(241,956)		(923,444
Amortization of bond issue costs		(38,102)		(13,222)		(51,324
Equity loss in joint venture		(49,886)	_	(10,111)	` · _	(49,886
Nonoperating Expenses, Net		(646,095)	<u> </u>	(230,106)		1000 001
Loss Before Operating Transfers In and	· · ·	(411,670)	(294,770)	(155,912)		(1,041,963
Capital Contributions		(411,070)	(234,770)	(100,912)	(175,011)	(1,041,903
Operating Transfers In			65,000	300,000	•	365,000
		(411.050)	·		(470.044)	
Net Income (Loss) Before Contributions		(411,670)	(229,770)	144,088	(179,611)	(676,963
Capital Contributions		978,547	<u> </u>			978,547
Increase (Decrease) In Retained Earnings	4.	566,877	(229,770)	144,088	(179,611)	.301,584
Fund Equity						
Contributed capital		13,852,285	85,166		5,088,894	19,026,345
Retained earnings (deficit):						7 7 77
Beginning of year, as previously reported		14,618,390	1,225,804	660,413	(1,052,545)	15,452,062
Prior period adjustment		470,580		· · · · ·	·	470,580
Beginning of year, as restated		15,088,970	1,225,804	660,413	(1,052,545)	15,922,642
			•	***		
Increase (decrease) in retained earnings End of year	14	566,877 15,655,847	(229,770) 996,034	144,088	(179,611)	301,584
mile of year		10,000,047	220,034	804,501	(1,432,130)	16,224,226
			\$ 1,081,200	* 1.1	-	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

		erworks/ Sanitary Sewer	Solid Waste		Public provement orporation	M Pro	Central aterials cessing Facility		Total
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss)		Dewel	Waste		or por action		Pacificy		Total
To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities							,		
Operating income (loss)	\$	234,425	\$ (294,770)	.\$	74,194	\$	(179,611)	\$	(165,762)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,
to net cash provided by operating activities:									
Depreciation		1,724,843	332,438		360,444		304,670		2,722,395
Change in assets and liabilities:		, ,	•		, , , , ,		,		_,
(Increase) decrease in services receivable		(73,862)	(25,628))			1,579	,	(97,911)
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous receivables		(17,237)	20,205				62,389	r, 1	65,357
Decrease in inventory		149	_				13,490	• 1	13,639
Increase in other assets	. 4	4. —	(832))	_	•			(832)
Increase in accounts payable		188,812	2,915				16,283		208,010
Increase in accrued payroll		31,174	11,288		_		6,021	,	48,483
Increase in accrued vacation		8,796	10,628				7,169	., .	26,593
Increase in deposits held for others		19,300	_		٠				19,300
Decrease in other liabilities		(697)	_		_		(10,345)		(11,042)
Total Adjustments		1,881,278	351,014		360,444		401,256		2,993,992
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			,				_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	<u>.</u> , .	2,115,703	56,244		434,638		221,645	<u>. </u>	2,828,230
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities					-				
Operating transfers in		_	65,000		300,000		_		365,000
Advances on interfund balances	, F 1,	7,424	(31,703)		(188,837)		(110,021)	12.	(323, 137)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Noncapital	3.								-
Financing Activities		7,424	33,297		111,163		(110,021)		41,863
and the second s		,						17	, -
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing				,		54	-	-	
Activities	٠.		~ .					*	1.7
Issuance costs on revenue bonds		(66, 157)	_		(61,270)		_	-	(127,427)
Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds		4,022,100	_		2,900,000		_		6,922,100
Principal paid on revenue bonds	· ((5,440,000)	_		(235,000)		_		(5,675,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds		(446,993)	_		(195,904)		_		(642,897)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net		(1,918,157)	(89,741)		(848,113)		(11,051)		(2,867,062)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Capital And Related		٧		-				-,	
Financing Activities	(3,849,207)	(89,741)		1,559,713		(11,051)		(2,390,286)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						٠,			11
Purchase of investments		(930,643)	_		—				(930,643)
Interest on investments	,	116,744			25,072				141,816
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Investing Activities .		(813,899)	_		25,072		٠		(788,827)
									**
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash And Cash	<							,	, '- '
Equivalents -	(2,539,979)	(200)		2,130,586		100,573		(309,020)
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year	'. <u> </u>	6,574,801	200		1,127,181		1,000		7,703,182
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$	4,034,822	\$ _	\$	3,257,767	\$	101,573	\$	7,394,162

Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: During fiscal year 2002, the waterworks/sanitary sewer fund received \$978,547 in contributed water and sewer lines

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGET BASIS - ENTERPRISE FUND WATERWORKS/SANITARY SEWER FUND (UTILITY OPERATING FUND) For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

	•		
	Revised Budget	Actual*	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			·
Water and sewer	\$ 5,754,600	\$ 5,804,433	\$ 49,833
Interest	200,000	77,889	(122,111)
Miscellaneous	720,500	899,573	179,073
Total Revenues	6,675,100	6,781,895	106,795
Expenses			
Personnel costs	2,318,009	2,354,887	(36,878)
Utilities	353,450	391,821	(38,371)
Purchased water	550,000	530,233	19,767
Wastewater treatment costs	86,000	88,822	(2,822)
Repairs and maintenance	714,030	629,760	84,270
Professional services	464,085	500,830	(36,745)
Gas and fuel	31,000	30,050	950
Rent	32,000	20,696	11,304
Supplies and other expenses	531,845	502,642	29,203
Total Expenses	5,080,419	5,049,741	30,678
Net Revenues Before Capital			A.S
Expenditures And Debt Service			
And Fees	1,594,681	1,732,154	137,473
Capital expenditures	164,300	154,031	10,269
Debt service and fees	1,495,000	1,496,743	(1,743)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	\$ (64,619)	\$ 81,380	\$ 145,999

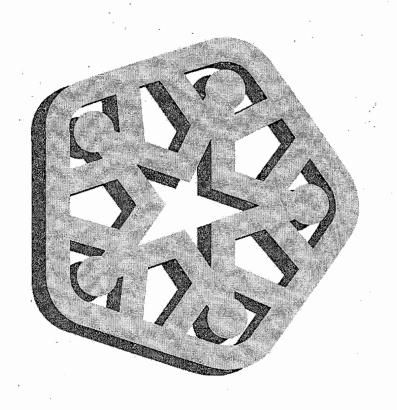
^{*} The City adopts a separate budget for the utility operating fund (part of the waterworks/sanitary sewer enterprise fund). Actual amounts presented above include amounts encumbered at year end which are treated as expenditures for purposes of the budget to actual comparison. Additionally, capital expenditures and bond principal payments are recognized as expenses for budget purposes.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - ENTERPRISE FUND - SOLID WASTE FUND For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

	 Revised Budget		Actual	Fa	riance - vorable vorable)
Revenues			:		
Trash collection	\$ 2,444,000	\$	2,463,035	\$	19,035
Miscellaneous	165,000		68,587	.**	(96,413)
Interest	1,000			٠	(1,000)
Total Revenues	2,610,000		2,531,622		(78,378)
Expenses				•	
Personnel costs	1,276,519		1,272,547		3,972
Utilities	16,880		10,581		6,299
Landfill fees	790,755		750,530		40,225
Repairs and maintenance	263,820		259,215	΄.	4,605
Capital expenditures	182,900		89,742		93,158
Professional services	19,545		27,864	1	(8,319)
Gas and fuel	71,500		65,114		6,386
Rent	2,965		414		2,551
Other expenses	78,784		97,446		(18,662)
Total Expenses	 2,703,668	. ^	2,573,453		130,215
Revenues Under Expenses	\$ (93,668)	- \$	(41,831)	\$	51,837

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGET BASIS - ENTERPRISE FUND CENTRAL MATERIALS PROCESSING FACILITY FUND For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

		Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Tipping fees	\$	2,251,500	\$ 2,180,779	\$ (70,721)
Recycling fees		475,000	480,463	5,463
Sales of recyclables		566,000	656,708	90,708
Earth Centre	٠	176,000	170,669	(5,331)
Miscellaneous		55,000	12,303	(42,697)
Total Revenues	A	3,523,500	3,500,922	(22,578)
Expenses Personnel costs		1,174,410	1,169,203	5,207
Landfill fees Utilities		1,825,750 63,360	1,738,894 56,829	86,856 6,531
Capital expenditures		103,725	3,956	99,769
Professional services		10,630	8,923	1,707
Repairs and maintenance		65,440	75,769	(10,329)
Gas and fuel		16,000	12,227	3,773
Supplies and other expense		309,230	313,888	(4,658)
Total Expenses		3,568,545	3,379,689	188,856
Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	\$	(45,045)	\$ 121,233	\$ 166,278



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General Fixed Assets Account Group

The Account Group is established to account for all fixed assets of the City, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCE For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

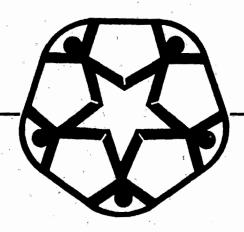
General Fixed Assets		
Land	\$	11,429,729
Buildings		31,876,431
Improvements and construction in progress		8,819,628
Machinery and equipment		12,964,548
Furniture and fixtures	٠.	1,111,397
Vehicles and other		4,542,730
Total General Fixed Assets	\$	70,744,463
Town Concini I aca indeed		
Investment In General Fixed Assets		
General fund revenues	\$	40,085,586
Special revenue fund revenues		715,838
General obligation bonds		29,609,305
Gifts		269,418
State grants		64,316
Total Investment In General Fixed Assets	\$_	70,744,463

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

Function And Activity	Land	Buildings	Con	ovements And struction Progress	Machinery And Equipment		Furniture And Fixtures		Vehicles And Other	Total
General government	\$ 9,511,722	\$ 5,271,521	\$	1,041,672	\$ 370,199	\$	304,620	\$	25,968	\$ 16,525,702
Administration	Ψ 5,011,122	0,271,521 $2,067,557$	ξ Ψ	2,145,342	4,780,701	Ψ	212,920	. Ψ	125,227	9,331,747
Police		973,884	٠.	169,882	1,092,286		103,987		1,069,391	3,409,430
Public works	111,087	753,057		782,112	2,254,606		22,393		1,272,462	5,195,717
Engineering	´ —	14,065		7,486	514,848		63,558		906,175	1,506,132
Maintenance	· · · · · —			118,315	301,868		6,780		52,231	479,194
Health	175,986			· / ·	46,062		11,125		108,222	341,395
Parks and recreation	1,630,934	22,796,347		4,470,187	2,660,366	,	314,926		951,834	32,824,594
Community relations			**	84,632	943,612	•	71,088		31,220	1,130,552
	\$ 11,429,729	\$ 31,876,431	\$	8,819,628	\$ 12,964,548	\$	1,111,397	\$	4,542,730	\$ 70,744,463

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY For The Year Ended September 30, 2002

Function And Activity		Balance - October 1, 2001		Additions	. Dec	ductions	Balance - September 30, 2002
							, *
General government		\$ 16,544,447	· \$	326,492	\$	345,237	\$ 16,525,702
Administration		7,476,591	•	2,073,599		218,443	9,331,747
Police	*	3,263,800		271,676		126,046	3,409,430
Public works		4,782,366		564,701		151,350	5,195,717
Engineering		1,438,107		118,519		50,494	1,506,132
Maintenance	:	476,312	,	10,270		7,388	479,194
Health	t	297,502	, ~	52,708		8,815	341,395
Parks and recreation		31,142,043		1,738,871		56,320	32,824,594
Community relations	,	958,096		174,049		1,593	1,130,552
**		\$ 66 379 264	\$	5 330 885	\$	965 686	\$ 70.744.463



Part III - Statistical Section

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION-BUDGET BASIS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

FUNCTION	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993
General Government	\$1,444	\$2,888	\$1,739	\$898	\$640	\$594	\$848	\$660	\$1,102	\$861
Administration	5,023	4,837	4,373	4,361	3,704	3,500	3,643	2,617	2,511	2,044
Police	8,276	8,076	7,338	6,354	5,142	4,922	4,073	3,853	3,522	3,285
Municipal Court(2)	263	245	217	196	175	124	135	136	0	. 0
Public Works	5,440	5,841	4,976	4,956	4,142	2,135	2,570	2,390	2,403	2,489
Engineering	1,906	1,815	1,662	1,750	1,409	1,421	1,370	1,110	1,130	1,092
Maintenance	713	706	660	671	709	668	658	506	. 476	500
Health	569	517	454	441	330	413	309	463	203	181
Parks and Recreation	7,492	7,502	7,608	7,876	5,550	5,468	4,707	3,791	2,528	1,577
Community Relations	746	730	767	618	415	404	374	333	629	557
Cultural & Civic Affairs(3)	275	251	309	290	295	246	204	197	0	0
Street Construction	7,138	7,914	4,548	8,789	10,076	7,265	6,176	8,765	2;339	2,815
Debt Service	3,322	2,816	2,353	2,327	2,392	2,388	2,426	2,643	3,507	2,156
Total	\$42,607	\$44,138	\$37,004	\$39,527	\$34,979	\$29,548	\$27,493	\$27,464	\$20,350	\$17,557

Includes general, special revenue, and debt service funds.
 Included as part of Police expenditures prior to fiscal year 1995.
 Included as part of Community Relations expenditures prior to fiscal year 1995.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE-BUDGET BASIS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

SOURCE	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993
Taxes	\$29,757	\$27,101	\$25,526	\$0	\$23,676	\$20,337	\$18,790	\$17,918	\$17,316	\$16,057
Licenses and Permits	1,030	926	643	476	389	376	402	415	344	286
Interest	388	1,056	1,302	1,468	2,239	1,618	1,647	1,661	1,097	940
Intergovernmental	6,501	5,763	4,872	3,845	4,792	4,300	4,801	8,301	3,447	1,760
Fines and Forfeitures	1,373	982	969	1,043	762	700	541	528	370	323
Charges for Services	3,499	3,294	3,396	3,487	3,525	3,014	2,610	2,455	624	303 ′
Miscellaneous	2,343	829	1,006	370	283	218	377	96	68	48_
Total	\$44,891	\$39,951	\$37,714	\$10,689	\$35,666	\$30,563	\$29,168	\$31,374	\$23,266	\$19,717

⁽¹⁾ Includes general, special revenue, and debt service funds.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE-BUDGET BASIS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

SOURCE	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993
Sales Tax	\$18,799	\$16,589	\$15,798	\$14,216	\$13,789	\$12,935	\$11,750	\$11,437	\$11,010	\$9,796
Use Tax (2)		(9)	(10)	(170)	1,289	-	-	.	-	•
Property Tax	8,189	7,476	7,212	6,525	6,121	5,101	4,769	4,433	4,280	4,183
Utility Franchise Tax:		,	•		•			N		,
Electric	1,691	1,630	1,643	1,602	1,580	1,428	1,445	1,362	1,281	1,334
Gas.	553	894	500	447	505	522	479	349	434	392
Cablevision	319	307	161	149	139	127	,122	. 108	99	95
Cigarette Tax	206	214	222	243	253	224	225	229	212	257
Total	\$29,757	\$27,101	\$25,526	\$23,012	\$23,676	\$20,337	\$18,790	\$17,918	\$17,316	\$16,057

⁽¹⁾ Includes general, special revenue, and debt service funds.

⁽²⁾ Use tax revenue relates to a local use tax enacted at the State level that was held by the courts to be invalid for future years. The revenue recognized represents the non-refundable portion of the use tax collected by the City. The ability to collect use tax in future years is contingent on voter approval. No such proposition has been submitted to the voters at this time.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

FISCAL YEAR	TOTAL TAX LEVY	CURREI TAX COLLECTI		PERCENTAGE OF CURRENT TAXES COLLECTED	7	NQUENT CAX		OTAL TAX ECTIONS	RATIO OF TOTAL TAX COLLECTIONS TO TOTAL TAX LEVY	DELI	TANDING NQUENT AXES	RATIO OUTSTANI DELINQU TAXES TO TAX LE	DING JENT TOTAL
1993	\$3,983	\$ 3	,879	97.39%	\$	79	\$	3,958	99.37%	\$	214		5.37%
1994	4,075		,986	97.82%		88		4,074	99.98%		215		5.28%
1995	4,210	. 4	,154	98.67%		123	4	4,277	101.59%		148	*	3.52%
1996	4,536	4	,455	98.21%		78		4,533	99.93%		151	,	3.33%
1997	4,755	4	,696	98.76%		93	., -	4,789	100.72%		117		2.46%
1998	5,452	, .s	,366	98.42%	,- ·	60		5,426	99.52%		143		2.62%
1999	5,571	. 5	,494	98.62%		93		5,587	100.29%		127	•	2.28%
2000	6,106	ϵ	,032	98.79%		53		6,085	99.66%		148		2.42%
2001	6,111	6	5,010	98.35%		91	:	6,101	99.84%	•	、 157		2.57%
2002	6,620	6	5,506	98.28%		92		6,597	99.65%	,	179		2.70%

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF PROPERTY(1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

•		Real	Property	Persona	l Property	тт	Ratio of Total Assessed Value	
Fisc Yea		Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	To Total Estimated Actual Value
. 19	93 \$	348,223,214	\$ 1,535,402,238	\$ 75,428,778	\$ 226,512,847	\$ 423,651,992	\$ 1,761,915,085	24.04%
19	94	352,730,222	1,551,788,814	83,134,540	249,653,273	435,864,762	1,801,442,087	24.20%
19	9.5	360,543,736	1,599,190,051	90,799,211	272,670,303	451,342,947	1,871,860,354	24.11%
19	96	385,235,344	1,718,572,159	99,218,910	297,954,685	484,454,254	2,016,526,844	24:02%
19	97	397,499,362	1,780,611,526	109,322,920	328,2 9 7,057	506,822,282	2,108,908,583	24.03%
` 19	98	461,162,549	2,063,239,522	122,032,142	366,462,889	583,194,691	2,429,702,411	24.00%
19	99	467,821,768	2,097,380,772	123,053,660	369,530,511	590,875,428	2,466,911,283	23.95%
20	00	517,402,539	2,330,679,354	132,109,974	396,726,649	649,512,513	2,727,406,003	23.81%
. 20	01 .	530,444,834	2,387,450,492	144,782,271	434,346,813	675,227,105	2,821,797,305	23.93%
20	02	584,499,084	2,635,570,590	148,459,133	445,377,399	732,958,217	3,080,947,989	23.79%

(1) Property is subclassified for purposes of assessment as follows:
(i) commercial real property - 32% of true value, (ii) residential real property - 19% of true value, (iii) agricultural property - 12% of productivity value, and (iv) personal property - 33-1/3% of book value.

Source: Office of the St. Charles County Clerk.

PROPERTY TAX RATES

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation)
Overlapping School Districts(1)

Fort Zumwalt			St. Charles			Francis Howell			St. Charles County Community College			
Fiscal Year	Operating	Debt Service	Total	Operating	Debt Service	Total	Operating	Debt Service	Total	Operating	Debt Service	Total
1993	\$3.3000	\$0.7900	\$4.0900	\$3.3500	\$0.4000	\$3.7500	\$3.7300	\$0.8900	\$4.6200	\$0.1000	\$0.1500	\$0.2500
1994	3.2600	0.8300	4.0900	3.4500	0.4000	3.8500	3.7300	0.8900	4.6200	0.1100	0.1400	0.2500
1995	3.2300	0.8600	4.0900	3.4500	0.4000	3.8500	3.7500	0.8900	4.6400	0.1300	0.1200	0.2500
1996	3.2400	0.8600	4.1000	3.6100	0.4100	4.0200	4.2900	0.8900	5.1800	0.1300	0.1200	0.2500
1997	3.2100	0.8900	4.1000	3.6500	0.4100	4.0600	4.2900	0.8900	5.1800	0.1300	0.1200	0.2500
1998	3.6000 .	0.8900	4.4900	3.5200	0.4900	4.0100	4.0500	0.8900	4.9400	0.1300	0.1200	0.2500
1999	3.6200	0.9000	4.5200	3.8200	0.4500	4.2700	4.0000	0.9400	4.9400	0.1700	0.0800	0.2500
2000	3.4700	0.9000	4.3700	3.7200	0.5500	4,2700	3.9500	0.9400	4.8900	0.1700	0.0800	0.2500
2001	3.4700	0.9000	4.3700	3.7252	0.5448	4.2700	3.8900	0.9400	4.8300	0.1700	0.0800	0.2500
2002	3.3534	0.9000	4.2534	3.6086	0.6614	4.2700	3.7618	0.9313	4.6931	0.1673	0.0800	0.2473

⁽¹⁾ The City is served by three school districts and the St. Charles County Community College District, which began operations in 1986. While all three school districts overlap the City, none of the school districts overlap another school district.

Source: Tax rates provided by respective school district.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation)

		ity of St. Peters		·	t. Charles County				
Fiscal Year	Operating	Debt Service	Total	Operating	Debt Service	Total	School District(1)	Others(2)	Total
1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	\$ 0.4800 0.4800 0.2800 0.6800 0.6800 0.6600 0.6600 0.6400	\$ 0.4500 0.4500 0.6500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2700 0.2700 0.2600 0.2600	\$ 0.9300 0.9300 0.9300 0.9300 0.9300 0.9300 0.9300 0.9300 0.9000	\$ 0.3300 0.3400 0.3100 0.3000 0.3000 0.2900 0.2800 0.2600 0.2600 0.2480	\$ 0.0400 \$ 0.0400 0.0400 0.0300 0.0300 0.0200 0.0200 0.0100 0.0013	0.3700 0.3800 0.3500 0.3300 0.3300 0.3200 0.3000 0.2800 0.2700 0.2493	\$ 4.8700 4.8700 4.8900 5.4300 5.1900 5.1900 5.1400 5.0800 4.9404	\$ 0.9200 0.9500 1.2000 1.2400 1.2400 1.1900 1.2400 1.2300 1.2300	\$ 7.0900 7.1300 7.3700 7.9300 7.9300 7.6300 7.6600 7.5800 7.4800 7.3848

- (1) The City is served by three school districts and the St. Charles County Community College District, which began operations in 1986. While all three school Districts overlap the City, none of the school districts overlap another school district. Accordingly, the tax rate for the School District represents the largest rate for a school district in any year plus the tax rate for the Community College.
- (2) Includes the tax rate for Central County Fire and Rescue, St. Charles County Ambulance District, Handicapped Facilities Board, St. Charles County Dispatch & Alarm Agency and St. Charles County Library District.
- (3) In addition to the tax rate shown, there is a \$.53 tax rate (surcharge) imposed on all commercial properties located in St. Charles County.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

1994 47,200 435,864,762 26,355,000 464,642 25,890,358 5.94% 5.94% 1995 48,100 451,342,947 25,400,000 827,698 24,572,302 5.44% 5.94% 1996 49,000 484,454,254 24,600,000 898,658 23,701,342 4.89% 44 1997 49,500 506,822,282 24,270,000 1,138,767 23,131,233 4.56% 44 1998 50,300 583,194,691 23,240,000 1,202,106 22,037,894 3.78% 44 1999 50,850 590,875,428 22,435,000 970,755 21,464,245 3.63% 45 2000 51,381 649,512,513 31,205,000 1,381,538 29,823,462 4.59% 56	Fiscal Year	Population(1)	Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt	Less Debt Service Fund	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
1995 48,100 451,342,947 25,400,000 827,698 24,572,302 5.44% 5 1996 49,000 484,454,254 24,600,000 898,658 23,701,342 4.89% 44 1997 49,500 506,822,282 24,270,000 1,138,767 23,131,233 4.56% 44 1998 50,300 583,194,691 23,240,000 1,202,106 22,037,894 3.78% 43 1999 50,850 590,875,428 22,435,000 970,755 21,464,245 3.63% 43 2000 51,381 649,512,513 31,205,000 1,381,538 29,823,462 4.59% 56	1993	46,300	\$ 423,651,992	\$27,705,000	\$ 1,068,579	\$ 26,636,421	6.29%	575
1996 49,000 484,454,254 24,600,000 898,658 23,701,342 4.89% 44 1997 49,500 506,822,282 24,270,000 1,138,767 23,131,233 4.56% 44 1998 50,300 583,194,691 23,240,000 1,202,106 22,037,894 3.78% 4 1999 50,850 590,875,428 22,435,000 970,755 21,464,245 3.63% 4 2000 51,381 649,512,513 31,205,000 1,381,538 29,823,462 4.59% 56	1994	47,200	435,864,762	26,355,000	464,642	25,890,358	5.94%	549
1997 49,500 506,822,282 24,270,000 1,138,767 23,131,233 4.56% 46 1998 50,300 583,194,691 23,240,000 1,202,106 22,037,894 3.78% 4.56% 1999 50,850 590,875,428 22,435,000 970,755 21,464,245 3.63% 4.59% 2000 51,381 649,512,513 31,205,000 1,381,538 29,823,462 4.59% 56	1995	48,100	451,342,947	25,400,000	827,698	24,572,302	5.44%	511
1998 50,300 583,194,691 23,240,000 1,202,106 22,037,894 3.78% 4.78% 1999 50,850 590,875,428 22,435,000 970,755 21,464,245 3.63% 4.78% 2000 51,381 649,512,513 31,205,000 1,381,538 29,823,462 4.59% 50	1996	49,000	484,454,254	24,600,000	898,658	23,701,342	4.89%	484
1999 50,850 590,875,428 22,435,000 970,755 21,464,245 3.63% 47 2000 51,381 649,512,513 31,205,000 1,381,538 29,823,462 4.59% 50	1997	49,500	506,822,282	24,270,000	1,138,767	23,131,233	4.56%	467
2000 51,381 649,512,513 31,205,000 1,381,538 29,823,462 4.59% 58	1998	50,300	583,194,691	23,240,000	1,202,106	22,037,894	3.78% .	438
	1999	50,850	590,875,428	22,435,000	970,755	21,464,245	3.63%	422
ϵ . The second of the secon	2000	51,381	649,512,513	31,205,000	1,381,538	29,823,462	4.59%	580
2001 53,000 675,227,105 29,995,000 1,719,317 28,275,683 4.19% 5	2001	53,000	675,227,105	29,995,000	1,719,317	28,275,683	4.19%	534
2002 56,000 732,958,217 30,905,000 1,865,237 29,039,763 3.96% 5	2002	56,000	, 732,958,217	30,905,000	1,865,237	29,039,763	3.96%	51 9

⁽¹⁾ Estimates made by the City.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

Fiscal Year		Pr	Principal		Interest and Fees		Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures (3)		Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
	1993	- \$	1,200	\$	956	(\$	2,156	\$.	17,557	12.3%
	1994		1,350		2,157	· (3,507	, · · .	20,350	17.2%
	1995		955		1,688	1	2,643		27,464	9.6%
*	1996		800		1,626		2,426		27,493	8.8%
	1997		550		1,838	1)*	2,388		29,548	8.1%
	1998		1,030		1,362	,	2,392		34,979	6.8%
	1999	•	1,075	٠.	1,252 (2)	2,327		39,527	5.9%
	2000		1,230		1,123		2,353		37,004	6.4%
	2001	. ,	1,210		1,606		2,816		44,138	6.4%
	2002	e.	1,590		1,732	; · ;	3,322		42,607	7.8%

Includes \$ 581,000 contribution from bond reserves toward the refunding of the 1988 and 1989 general obligation bonds.
 Includes \$ 247,000 contribution from bond reserves toward the refunding of the 1993 general obligation bonds.
 Total General Governmental Expenditures are budget based.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

	Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding(1)	Percentage Applicable to St. Peters(2)	Amount Applicable to St. Peters
Direct:	City of St. Peters	\$30,905,000	100.00%	\$30,905,000
Overlapping:	Central County Fire and Rescue St. Charles County Community College St. Charles School District Fort Zumwalt School District R-II Francis Howell School District Total Overlapping	9,550,000 30,695,000 30,670,517 106,650,000 165,178,987 \$342,744,504	64.80% 17.84% 7.14% 32.52% 21.60%	6,188,400 5,475,988 2,189,875 34,682,580 35,678,661 \$84,215,504
Total Direct And Overlag	oping Bonded Debt	\$373,649,504	* .	\$115,120,504

⁽¹⁾ Outstanding bond amounts were provided by the respective taxing district and excludes \$3,231,000 of Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds which are a general obligation of St. Charles County but are to be paid by special assessments levied in the Neighborhood Improvement District.

⁽²⁾ Percentages were based on total assessment data provided by the respective taxing district and by the office of the St. Charles County Assessor.

1.054

1.168

1.094

1.157

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI REVENUE BOND COVERAGE WATERWORKS/SANITARY SEWER FUND-BUDGET BASIS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

Net Revenue Debt Service Requirements Operating **Available For Fiscal** Gross **Debt Service** Interest and Fees Total Coverage Expenses(1) Principal Year Revenues 1,414 1.193 1993 1,687 640 774 \$ \$ 4,010 2,323 \$. 1.302 1,449 1994 4,487 2;601 1,886 605 844 1,490 1.429 675 815 1995 4,903 2,774 2,129 1.487 783 1,488 5,351 2,212 705 1996 3,139 740 1,530 1.277 790 1997 5,714 3,760 1,954 1.034 695 1,520 1998 3,929 1,572 825 5,501

865

910

985

1,045

1,592

1,754

1,659

1,732

645

592

532

452

1,510

1,502

1,517

1,497

4,242

4,375

4,929

5,050

5,834

6,129

6,588

6,782

1999

2000

2001

2002

⁽¹⁾ Represents total budget basis operating expenses less capital outlay.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2001 Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation(1)
Westfield America	Mid Rivers Mali	\$19,376,930	2.64%
Airwick Industries, Inc. (Reckitt & Coleman, Inc.)	Chemicals	13,700,080	1.87%
May Co. Inc	Department Store	4,414,949	0.60%
Nationwide Life Insurance Co.	Life Insurance	3,873,860	0.53%
Wentzway Corp	Strip Mall	3,031,330	0.41%
Sears, Roebuck and Company	Department Store	3,006,597	0.41%
JC Penney's Properties, Inc.	Department Store	2,932,768	0.40%
John H. Harland Printing Co	Printing	2,886,926	0.39%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Strip Mail	2,821,088	0.38%
Jungs Station Association	Strip Mall	2,786,760	0.38%

(1) Based on 2001 assessed valuation equal to \$732,958,217

Source: Office of the St. Charles County Assessor.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population(1)	*	Ca	Per apita ome(2)		Un	employment Rate(3)
1993	46,300		\$			1	5.00%
1994	47,200		-	''			3.30%
<u>)</u> 1995	48,100			-		4	3.00%
1996	49,000			-			2.60%
1997	49,500	٠,		-	-		2.40%
1998	50,300			· 		7	2.80%
1999	50,850			- '		-	1.50%
2000	51,381			22,792			2.20%
2001	53,000		4.	- · ·	; ; '`		na .
2002	56,000			· - ' · .			na 🔭

School Enrollment Last Ten Years(4)

 Year	Fort Zumwalt	13	St. Charles	Francis Howell
 1993	11,850	,	6,395	15,432
1994 -	12,000		6,393	15,491
1995	11,449	,	6,380	16,413
1996	12,595		6,561	17,325
1997	13,720	•	6,587	18,240
1998	14,488		6,338	18,108
1999	16,000	**	6,205	18,831
2000	16,099		6,190	18,773
2001	16,615		5,876	18,490
2002	17,270		5,709	18,353

- All figures are estimates made by the City except for 2000 which is an official count from the United State Census Bureau.
 Per capita income represents the periodic estimates made by the Bureau of Census.
 All figures are estimates of the Missouri Division of Employment Security.
 Data provided by the respective school district.

PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

•			Commercial Construction(1)			Residential Construction(2)					
Year		Residential	Commercial	gricultural	Total	Number Of Units		Value	Number Of Units	il action	Value
		Residential	 COMMERCIAL	 griculturar	Total	Of Chits		V RIUC	OI CHIES		V NIUE
1993		\$ 1,097,436,684	\$ 435,771,888	\$ 2,193,667	\$ 1,535,402,239	15	\$	4,144,079	565	\$	48,978,445
1994		1,098,131,526	448,231,788	5,425,500	1,551,788,814	51		27,116,434	421		42,359,327
1995	(3)	1,156,450,105	438,447,113	4,292,833	1,599,190,051	29		28,914,889	381		41,791,488
1996		1,259,878,053	454,076,106	4,618,000	1,718,572,159	44		37,487,781	340		38,310,621
1997		1,320,006,163	457,127,738	3,477,625	1,780,611,526	50		25,961,590	327		32,986,885
1998		1,526,562,921	533,572,009	3,104,592	2,063,239,522	45		23,366,288	365	,	36,492,082
1999		1,559,386,211	534,895,203	3,099,358	2,097,380,772	58		47,951,903	264	11.	26,328,171
2000		1,750,733,379	575,848,400	4,097,575	2,330,679,354	58		38,154,195	150		12,095,946
2001		1,790,658,526	593,023,391	3,768,575	2,387,450,492	40		24,923,011	823		49,161,645
2002		1,979,351,652	648,379,988	7,838,950	2,635,570,590	37		47,701,387	218 .	. :	24,285,105

⁽¹⁾ Excludes permits issued for miscellaneous purposes and tenant finishes.

Source:

Property values were provided by the St. Charles County Clerk. Construction data from the City of St. Peters, Missouri.

⁽²⁾ Excludes permits issued for miscellaneous purposes.

⁽³⁾ The decline in commercial property assessment and increase in residential assessment is attributable to a legislative change which reclassified appartments from commercial to residential.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

Date of Incorporation	1910
Form of Government	City Administrator
Number of employees (excluding police officers):	200
Full-time	285
Part-time and seasonal	255
Area in square miles	21.9
City of St. Peters facilities and services:	
Miles of streets	223
Number of street lights	2,370
Culture and recreation:	
Community centers:	
City Hall	
Community and Arts Center	1
Sports Center(gymnasium)	
Senior Citizen Center(includes a fitness trail	
REC-PLEX(2 pools; ice rink; ice/in-link rink;	gymnasium; fitness facilities)
Parks	19
Park acreage	590
Golf Courses	í
Outdoor swimming pools	3
Tennis Courts	
Miles of hiking/biking trails	9.33
Police Protection:	
Number of stations	1
Number of police officers	83
Average number of physical arrests per month	214
Average number of calls for service per month	3,900
Sewerage System:	
Miles of sanitary sewers	210
Number of treatment plants	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Number of service connections	16,823
Daily average treatment in gallons	5,170,000
Daily capacity of treatment plant in gallons	6,900,000
Miles of storm sewers	122 Jan 1986
Water System:	
Miles of water mains	229
Number of service connections	15,319
Number of fire hydrants	1,198
Daily average consumption in gallons	5,200,000
Maximum daily capacity in gallons:	
Water treatment plant	6,000,000
City of St. Louis system(per contract)	9,858,000

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

facilities and services not included in the reporting entity:			**
Fire Protection(1):			
Number of stations			6.
Number of employees:			
Full-time			76
Volunteers			. 6
Average number of calls per month			280
Average number of inspections conducted per month			307
Education:			
Number of elementary schools(2)			17
Number of certified elementary school instructors(2)	,		830
Number of secondary schools(2)			5
Number of certified secondary school instructors(2)			536
Number of community colleges(3)			1
Hospitals:		, ,	
Number of hospitals			. 1.
Number of licensed patient beds	,		111
			12
argest Employers:			
Number of employees:		ν"	or a service of the
MEMC (4)			1,175
City of St. Peters			540
Fort Zumwalt School District R-II			534
Barnes St. Peters Hospital			500
Francis Howell School District R-III		- £.	298
National Information Solutions			260
Schnucks		٠,	240
Continental Sprayers		1	219
Reckitt & Benckiser Inc.		`	194
Dierbergs			182
Woodbridge Foam Manufacturing	п		134

- (1) Two districts provide fire protection to the City. During fiscal year 1998, St. Peters Fire Protection District consolidated with St. Charles Fire Protection District forming Central County Fire and Rescue. These statistics are for Central County Fire and Rescue as it covers the majority of the City.
- (2) These numbers reflect private schools and schools in the public districts that service residents of the City of St. Peters.
- (3) The community college campus is less than one mile from the City limits.
- (4) Located adjacent to corporate limits of St. Peters.