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**Political Science Department** 

1-1-2006

# Financial Statements, 2005

City of Crestwood

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS,
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2005

# City of Crestwood, Missouri

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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Crestwood, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crestwood, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the City of Crestwood, Missouri's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Crestwood, Missouri's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crestwood, Missouri as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City of Crestwood, Missouri has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Crestwood, Missouri's basic financial statements. The supplemental information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

June 22, 2006

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Statement of Net Assets**

December 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 723,409
Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	1,765,514
Other assets	140,484
Total Current Assets	2,629,407
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted cash and investments	876,139
Deferred charges	78,894
Capital assets:	
Land	1,683,703
Machinery and equipment	2,805,241
Infrastructure	1,880,959
Buildings and other structures	13,231,862
Vehicles	1,399,234
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,050,566)
Net capital assets	12,950,433
Total Noncurrent Assets	13,905,466
TOTAL ASSETS	16,534,873
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	746,912
Accrued salaries	369,225
Accrued interest	81,282
Compensated absences	345,271
Current portion of long-term obligations	2,785,000
Refundable deposits	29,724
Total Current Liabilities	4,357,414
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	5,530,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,530,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,887,414
NET ASSETS	
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	436,406
Debt service	865,610
Nonexpendable trust	225,306
Unrestricted	5,120,137
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 6,647,459

# **Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds**

December 31, 2005

	Major Funds		Major	r Funds	Major Funds				nds					
	General Fund	Specia Revenu		Capital Improvement	Cer Pa	bt Service for tificates of rticipation ries 2002	s	Park &	Ce Pa	ebt Service for rtificates of articipation eries 2001		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmenta Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ (311,305)	\$ 83,2	ሰ7	\$ 3,675	e		\$	19,319	\$		\$	020 512	ď	722 400
Cash and investments - restricted	\$ (311,303)	φ 03,2	.07	а 3,073 -	Φ	<u>-</u>	Þ	19,519	Þ	- 876,139	Þ	928,513	\$	723,409 876,139
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:						(3)								ŕ
Taxes: Property	199,038	29,8	54	_										220 002
Sales	808,488	29,0	J <del>-1</del>	137,818		-		154,232		-		58,181		228,892 1,158,719
Utilities taxes	345,428			-		-		32,475				-		377,903
Net receivables	1,352,954	29,8	54	137,818		-		186,707		-		58,181		1,765,514
Other assets	120,574			-		-		19,910		-		•		140,484
Internal balances	1,192,152	176,1	37	554,561				474,835		_		25,681		2,423,366
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,354,375	\$ 289,1	98	\$ 696,054	\$	-	\$	700,771	\$	876,139	\$	1,012,375	\$	5,928,912
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable and														
accrued liabilities	\$ 399,887	\$ -		\$ 4,429	\$	-	\$	120	\$	-	\$	242,476	\$	646,912
Accrued salaries	369,225	-		-		-		~		-		-		369,225
Internal balances	1,022,491	4	40	200,000		-		1,146,460		10,529		43,446		2,423,366
Refundable deposits	29,724	-		-		-		-		-		-		29,724
Line of credit	2,000,000			-				-		-		-		2,000,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,821,327	4	40	204,429		_		1,146,580		10,529		285,922		5,469,227
FUND BALANCES (Deficit) Reserved for:														
Encumbrances	29,052	35,6	60	55,219		-		64,791		-		_		184,722
Debt service	-	00		-		_		-		865,610		_		865,610
Nonexpendable trust	≥ -	-		-		-		-		-		225,306		225,306
Unreserved: Undesignated	(1,496,004)	253,0	98	436,406		-		(510,600)				501,147		(815,953)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	(1,466,952)	288,7	58 58	491,625		-		(445,809)		865,610		726,453		459,685
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$ 2,354,375	\$ 289,1	98 \$	696,054	· ·		\$	700,771	·	876,139	¢.	1,012,375	e ·	5,928,912

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2005

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 459,685
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,		
therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements. Those assets consist of:		
Land and improvements	\$ 1,683,703	
Machinery and equipment	2,805,241	
Infrastructure	1,880,959	
Buildings and other structures	13,231,862	
Vehicles	1,399,234	
Accumulated depreciation	 (8,050,566)	
		12,950,433
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are		
not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as		
fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental		
funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both		
current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net assets. Balances at		
December 31, 2005 are:		
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(81,282)	
Compensated absences and future accruals	(445,271)	
Unamortized issuance costs for certificates of participation	78,894	
Certificates of participation - Series 2001	 (6,315,000)	
Total long-term liabilities		(6,762,659)
Total net assets of governmental activities		\$ 6,647,459

### **Statement of Activities**

Year Ended December 31, 2005

					Net (Expense) Revenue		enue
					and Changes in Net Assets		
		Program Revenues		Pri	mary Governme	ent	
			Operating	Capital			
				Grants and		Business-	
		Charges For	Contri-	Contri-	Governmental	Type	
	Expenses	Services	butions	butions	Activities	Activities	Total
FUNCTION PROGRAMS							
Primary Government							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 2,146,346	\$ 1,011,401	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,134,945)	\$ -	\$ (1,134,945)
Public works	1,913,297	207,113	-	135,068	(1,571,116)	-	(1,571,116)
Public safety:							
Police and municipal court	4,347,705	255,252	-	-	(4,092,453)	-	(4,092,453)
Fire	2,775,648	-	39,604	-	(2,736,044)	-	(2,736,044)
Parks and recreation	1,575,791	682,993	3,837	-	(888,961)	-	(888,961)
Interest and fiscal charges	588,210	-	-	-	(588,210)	-	(588,210)
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 13,346,997	\$ 2,156,759	\$ 43,441	\$ 135,068	\$ (11,011,729)	\$ -	\$ (11,011,729)
	General Reve	nues:					
	Taxes:						
	Property tax	ces			\$ 823,815	\$ -	\$ 823,815
	Utilities tax	es			1,319,761	-	1,319,761
	Sales tax				8,021,347	-	8,021,347
	Investment ear	nings			217,251	-	217,251
	Tot	al general rev	enues		10,382,174	-	10,382,174
	CHANGE IN	NET ASSET	S		(629,555)	-	(629,555)
	Net assets, be	ginning of ye	ar		7,277,014	-	7,277,014
	Net assets, en	d of year			\$ 6,647,459	\$ -	\$ 6,647,459

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Maj	or Funds		Majo			
	General Fund	Special Revenue	Capital Improvement	Debt Service for Certificates of Series 2002	Park & Stormwater	Debt Service for Certificates of Series 2001	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	_							
Taxes: Property taxes Utilities taxes Sales tax Intergovernmental taxes	\$ 823,815 1,319,761 4,459,402 530,014	\$ - - -	\$ - 1,402,853	\$ - - - -	\$ - 1,629,078	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 823,815 1,319,761 7,491,333 530,014
Licenses and permits Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment earnings Grants Other	7,132,992 792,722 11,253 255,252 10,212 39,604 98,035	140,359 - 35	1,402,853 - - - 2,676 135,068 31,461	- - - - 159,007 - -	1,629,078 - 660,430 - 3,035 3,837 11,310	23,916 - -	18,370 - 155,937	10,164,923 792,722 812,042 255,252 217,251 178,509 296,743
TOTAL REVENUES	8,340,070	140,394	1,572,058	159,007	2,307,690	23,916	174,307	12,717,442
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public works Public safety:	1,670,277 1,192,179	118,730 -	92,684 74,382	75,372 -	273,084	18,648	102,952 -	2,078,663 1,539,645
Police and municipal court Fire Parks and recreation Capital outlay Debt service:	3,152,012 2,662,991 - 52,923	- - -	- - - 611,212	402,003	1,224,404 219,110	- - -	2,255 1,563 17,394	3,154,267 2,664,554 1,241,798 1,285,248
Principal retired Interest and fiscal charges	-	- -	-	9,095,000 350,489	-	755,000 313,412	-	9,850,000 663,901
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,730,382	118,730	778,278	9,922,864	1,716,598	1,087,060	124,164	22,478,076
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(390,312)	21,664	793,780	(9,763,857)	591,092	(1,063,144)	50,143	(9,760,634)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	88,817 	<u>-</u>	(1,397,285)	1,259,394	26,664 (1,107,362)	1,039,640	90,132	2,504,647 (2,504,647)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES), NET	88,817	<i>n</i> -	(1,397,285)	1,259,394	(1,080,698)	1,039,640	90,132	•
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(301,495)	21,664	(603,505)	(8,504,463)	(489,606)	(23,504)	140,275	(9,760,634)
FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year	(1,165,457)	267,094	1,095,130	8,504,463	43,797	889,114	586,178	10,220,319
End of year	\$ (1,466,952) \$		<del></del>		\$ (445,809)			11

# Reconciliation of the Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(9,760,634)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement		
of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
reported as deprecation expense. This is the amount by which purchases and the		
construction of capital assets exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.		
Includes write-off of police building construction of \$1,060,125.		(515,505)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term		
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount represents the payment		
of long-term debt principal which is an expenditure in the governmental funds		
financial statements and reduces the long-term liability in the statement of activities.		9,850,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental		
funds financial statements, as follows:		
Accrued compensated absences		13,076
Unamortized issuance costs for certificates of participation, net of amortization		(292,183)
Interest accruals on long-term debt		75,691
	-	,
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	(629,555)

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied by the City of Crestwood, Missouri (the "City") in the preparation of the accompanying basic financial statements are summarized below:

#### **Reporting Entity**

The basic financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City and its component units. The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity are based on the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.14. The City is the primary government unit. Component units are those entities which are financially accountable to the primary government, either because the City appoints a voting majority of the component unit's Board or because the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the City. Based on these requirements, the basic financial statements include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the City is financially accountable.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole, excluding fiduciary activities. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and City general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances/net assets, revenues and expenditures or expenses. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped in the basic financial statements as follows:

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City's Special Revenue Fund consists of amounts collected for sewer lateral repairs.

Capital Improvement Fund – The Capital Improvement Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items.

Park and Stormwater Fund – The Park and Stormwater Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items related to parks and stormwater projects.

Debt Service Funds – Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt, principal, interest and related costs for the Series 2001 and 2002 Certificates of Participation.

Non-Expendable Trust Fund – The Non-Expendable Trust Fund was established by the Board of Aldermen on April 27, 2004 by Ordinance Number 3826 in order for the City to accumulate cash reserves to be used to meet normal obligations of the General Fund throughout the fiscal year due to cash flow shortages. The Trust Account will be funded by annual appropriation approved by the Board of Aldermen during the budget process for each fiscal year. As of December 31, 2005, \$225,330 had been transferred to the Non-Expendable Trust account. This fund is included in the Non-Major Funds.

Non-Major Funds – Non-major funds consist of funds established to account for the transactions of auxiliary activities that of the City. Included in these funds are the activities of Sappington House, Park and Police Donations, Friends of Animals, and other incidental activities.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

(Continued)

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements, Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARBs) of the Committee on Accounting Procedures issued after November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied.

The governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due. Licenses, permits, fines, fees, recreation programs and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

GASB Statement No. 33 groups nonexchange transactions into the following four classes, based upon their principal characteristics: derived tax revenues, imposed nonexchange revenues, government mandated nonexchange transactions, and voluntary nonexchange transactions.

The City recognizes assets from derived tax revenue transactions (such as sales and utilities gross receipt taxes) in the period when the underlying exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed occurs or when the assets are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the same period that the assets are recognized, provided that the underlying exchange transaction has occurred. Resources received in advance are reported as deferred revenues until the period of the exchange.

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The City recognizes assets from imposed nonexchange revenue transactions (such as real estate and personal property taxes) in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized in the period when the resources are required to be used or the first period that use is permitted. The City recognizes revenues from property taxes, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the period for which the taxes are levied. Imposed nonexchange revenues also include permits and court fines and forfeitures.

Intergovernmental revenues, representing grants and assistance received from other governmental units, are generally recognized as revenues in the period when all eligibility requirements, as defined by GASB 33, have been met. Any resources received before eligibility requirements are met are reported as deferred revenues.

Charges for services in the governmental funds are exchange transactions, and are, therefore, not subject to the provisions of GASB 33, are recognized as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use unrestricted resources first, and then restricted resources as needed.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual budget is legally adopted through passage of an appropriation ordinance by the Board of Aldermen for the General, Capital Improvements Fund, Park and Stormwater Fund, and the Sewer Lateral Fund, prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Board of Aldermen follow the procedures outlined below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements:

Department heads prepare departmental operating budgets and the Director of Finance makes revenue projections on or before September 15. The Finance Department edits and assembles the data for review.

- The City Administrator and Director of Finance review and revise departmental operating budgets based upon estimated revenue projections and operational priorities.
- At least forty-five days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the City Administrator shall submit to the Board of Aldermen a proposed final budget and accompanying written narrative.

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting** (Continued)

- The Ways and Means Committee reviews a preliminary budget approximately three months prior to the new fiscal year to discuss revenue and fund balance projections, and proposed expenditures for all funds.
- Following any recommendations by the Ways and Means Committee, the Board of Aldermen conducts budget work sessions in which board members express their opinions on the proposed budget.
- Based on the Board's recommendations, a budget ordinance is prepared. After a
  fifteen-day public notice, the Board of Aldermen holds a public hearing to hear
  taxpayer comments of the proposed budget.
- The budget is then adopted by ordinance.
- Budgeted expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at the department level.
   Revenue estimates are adjusted to reflect any unencumbered or undesignated balance from the previous year.
- During the year, the City Administrator may transfer all or any part of any unencumbered appropriation balance among accounts within a department. The Board of Aldermen may, by motion of the Board, transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance from one department to another. Supplemental appropriations may be made by ordinance of the Board of Aldermen if the City Administrator certifies that funds will be available for such expenditures. There were supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 and reflected as budget revisions in the accompanying supplemental information.
- At the end of each budget period, all appropriated balances lapse and may be reappropriated in the next budget period.
- The City's budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis.

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

The City's budgetary process is presented upon a basis materially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except for the following:

		Capital Improv	ements Fund	Park and Stor			
	General	Capital Improvements	COPS 2002 Police and Government	Park and Stormwater Fund	COPS 2001 Aquatic		lon- Iajor
	Fund	Fund	Center	Operations	Center		unds
Expenditures GAAP Un-budgeted	\$8,730,382	\$778,278	\$9,922,864	\$1,716,598	\$1,087,060	\$	-
expenditures	-	-	-		-	124	4,163
Total	\$8,730,382	\$778,278	\$9,922,864	\$1,716,598	\$1,087,060	\$12	4,163

#### **Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year-end are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash and investments are comprised of the City's cash deposits with banks, petty cash funds, repurchase agreements, and money market funds.

#### Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments are comprised of cash deposits with banks and money market mutual funds. The funds are restricted for escrow reserve (as required by the certificates of participation offering circular).

#### Capital Assets and Depreciation

The City's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at original or estimated original cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The City generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$5,000 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives for depreciable assets are as follows:

(Continued)

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

Buildings and structures	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	3-15 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3 - 15 years
Infrastructure	20 - 40 years

General infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 2002, were recorded as capital assets and consist of the road network assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements and are reported at historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized.

#### Compensated Absences

Under terms of the City's personnel policy, vacations accrue immediately after employment and employees are eligible for vacation time after six months employment with the City. Upon termination, the employee is entitled to payment for accrued vacation benefits. Sick leave is accumulated based upon length of service and is available only to provide compensation during periods of illness. No portion of sick leave is payable to the employee upon termination. The entire accrued benefit liability related to the City's compensated absences in the amount of \$345,271 has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

#### **Property Tax Revenue**

The City's property tax is levied each September based on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are billed in November, due and collectible on December 31, and delinquent after December 31. Liens are placed on property for delinquent taxes on the January 1 following the due date.

Taxes levied for calendar year 2005 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectible amounts; however, revenue recognition on all property tax receivables not collected within 60 days after year-end is deferred on the fund financial statements and recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. The calendar year of 2005, the tax levy was due and collectible within the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Property Tax Revenue** (Continued)

All property tax assessment, billing, and collection functions are handled by the St. Louis County government. Taxes collected are remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector (the County Collector) in the month subsequent to the actual collection date. Taxes held by the County Collector, if any, are included in municipal taxes receivable in the accompanying fund financial statements.

#### Taxes Receivable

All taxes receivable amounts are scheduled for collection in the subsequent fiscal year.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

In the fund financial statements, the City has the following types of transactions among funds:

#### **Transfers**

Legally authorized transfers are reported when incurred as transfers in by the recipient fund and as transfers out by the disbursing fund.

#### Internal Balances

Elimination of interfund activity recorded as internal balances in the government funds financial statements has been made for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Reserved Fund Balances**

Within the governmental fund financial statements, reserved fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that is not available for subsequent year appropriation or is legally segregated for specific future use. Reserved fund balances at December 31, 2005 are comprised of encumbrances for various contractual services, debt service, and reservations for amounts in the nonexpendable trust.

#### Amortization

In the government-wide financial statements, certificates of participation issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges. Such amounts are amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the related certificates of participation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize certificates of participation issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of certificates of participation issued is reported as other financing sources.

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Accounts Payable**

The City's outstanding accounts payable at year-end was entirely attributable to direct payments to vendors.

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end and revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

The City's bank deposits are required by state law to be secured by the deposit of certain securities specified at RSMo 30.270 with the City or trustee institution. The value of the securities must amount to the total of the City's cash not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As of December 31, 2005, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits, for all City funds and Sappington House funds totaled \$270,006 with bank balances of \$727,648. The bank balance was covered by the FDIC in the amount of \$100,000; \$500,000 was covered by collateral pledged in the name of the City and held by the pledging bank's trust department or agent; and the remainder of \$127,648 was uncollateralized.

#### **Investments**

State statutes and City policy authorize the investment in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, time deposit certificates and repurchase agreements. The City's investments are all categorized as: uninsured and unregistered for which the securities are held by the counter party's trust department or agent in the City's name.

# B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

**Investments** (Continued)

	Carrying Amount/Fair Value		
	COPS Trustee Accounts	Sappington House	
U.S. Government and Agency Securities Long-term Certificates	\$857,112	\$133,826 308,906	
Money Market Funds – COPS Series 2001	19,027		
Total Investments	\$876,139	\$442,732	

### C. CAPITAL ASSETS

### **Changes in Capital Assets**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the period ended December 31, 2005:

	Balance, December 31,			Balance, December 31,
	2004	Additions	Deductions	2005
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated			•	
Land	\$_1,683,703	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,683,703
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and other structures	12,948,003	-	1-	12,948,003
Infrastructure	1,388,757	492,202	_	1,880,959
Vehicles	1,399,234	-	-	1,399,234
Machinery and equipment	2,698,057	107,184	-	2,805,241
Construction in progress	658,122	685,862	(1,060,125)	283,859
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	19,092,173	1,285,248	(1,060,125)	19,317,296
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and other structures	4,073,569	430,405	-	4,503,974
Infrastructure	69,849	66,863		136,712
Vehicles	1,072,803	81,882	_	1,154,685
Machinery and equipment	2,093,717	161,478	_	2,255,195
Total accumulated depreciation	7,309,938	740,628		8,050,566
Governmental capital assets, net	\$13,465,938	\$ 544,620	(\$1,060,125)	\$12,950,433

#### C. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Within the statement of activities, depreciation expense is charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental	Activities.

General government	\$ 81,469
Parks and recreation	333,283
Public works	81,469
Police	133,313
Fire	111,094

Total Depreciation Expense,
Governmental Activities

#### D. NOTES PAYABLE

As of December 31, 2005, the City had a revolving business note with Southwest Bank for up to \$1,500,000 to be used for general fund operations and a promissory note for \$2,000,000. The notes carried an interest rate of 5.35% with interest payable monthly, and principal balance due by October 2006. Outstanding balance on the revolving business note was \$0 and on the promissory note was \$2,000,000 at December 31, 2005.

\$740,628

#### E. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

2001 certificates of participation of \$8,495,000 used for constructing an aquatic center and improving related park facilities. Principal payments from \$700,000 to \$1,030,000 are due on April 1 of each year from 2003 through 2012. Interest rates range from 3.9% to 5%.

\$6,315,000

2002 certificates of participation of \$9,830,000 used to construct a police station and to make renovations to the City's municipal complex. Principal payments from \$365,000 to \$700,000 are due November 1 of each year 2004 through 2022. Interest rates range from 1.6% to 4.8%. These certificates were defeased during 2005.

Total Long-Term Debt

\$6,315,000

#### E. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity of the Certificates of Participation are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2006 2007 2008 2009	\$ 785,000 820,000 860,000 895,000	\$ 280,484 244,960 206,730 165,917	\$1,065,484 1,064,960 1,066,730 1,060,917
2010 – 2012	2,955,000 \$6,315,000	223,708 \$1,121,799	\$ <u>7,436,799</u>
	COP 2001 Series	COP 2002 Series	<u>Total</u>
Balance, December 31, 2004 Reductions:	\$7,070,000	\$9,095,000	\$16,165,000
Principal payments	( _755,000)	( 9,095,000)	( 9,850,000)
Balance	\$ <u>6,315,000</u>	\$	\$ <u>6,315,000</u>
Due within one year	\$_785,000	\$	\$785,000

On September 13, 2005, the Board authorized and implemented the defeasance of the outstanding principal amount of Certificate of Participation, Series 2002.

#### F. PENSION PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri. LAGERS is a defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. LAGERS was created and is governed by statute section RSMo 70.600 – 70.755. As such, it is the system's responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and it is tax exempt. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to LAGERS, P.O. Box 1665, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 or by calling 1-800-447-4334.

#### F. **PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

#### **Funding Policy**

The City's full-time employees do not contribute to the pension plan. The City is required by state statute to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 3.4% (general), 10.6% (police) and 9.9% (fire) of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by the governing body of the City. The contribution provisions of the City are established by state statute.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

For 2005, the City's annual pension cost of \$446,181 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the February 28, 2003 and/or February 29, 2004 annual actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.5% per year, compounded annually; (b) projected salary increases of 4% per year, compounded annually, attributable to inflation; (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0% to 4.2% per year, depending on age attributable to seniority/merit; (d) pre-retirement mortality based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality table; and (e) post-retirement mortality based on the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality table projected to 2000 set back 1 year for men and 7 years for women. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The amortization period at February 28, 2005 was 15 years. Three-year trend information follows:

	Annual		
	Pension	Percentage	
Year Ending	Cost	of APC	Net Pension
June 30,	(APC)	Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>
2005	\$446,181	100%	\$0
2004	\$409,541	100%	\$0
2003	\$451,851	100%	\$0

#### F. **PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Schedule of funding progress follows:

Actuarial		Entry Age Actuarial	
Valuation	Actuarial	Accrued	Excess
Year Ending	Value	Liability	Assets
February 28,	of Assets	(AAL)	Over AAL
2005	\$12,300,933	\$11,484,175	(\$ 816,758)
2004	\$12,544,098	\$11,169,061	(\$1,375,037)
2003	\$12,255,284	\$11,049,068	(\$1,206,216)
Actuarial		Annual	Excess Assets
Valuation		Covered	Over AAL as a
Year Ending	Funded	Payroll	Percentage
February 28,	Ratio	(ACP)	of ACP
2005	107%	\$5,593,951	-
2004	112%	\$5,384,135	-
2003	111%	\$5,590,556	

Note: The above assets and actuarial accrued liability do not include the assets and present value of future benefits associated with the Benefit Reserve Fund and the Casualty Reserve Fund of LAGERS. The actuarial assumptions were changed in conjunction with the February 28, 2001 annual actuarial valuations. For a complete description of the actuarial assumptions used in the annual valuations, please contact the LAGERS office in Jefferson City.

#### G. INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

Individual interfund assets and liabilities are as follows – due from/to other funds:

Receivable	Payable	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Park and Stormwater Fund	\$889,445
Capital Improvements Fund	General Fund	554,561
Park and Stormwater Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	200,000
Special Revenue - Sewer Lateral Fund	General Fund	92,349
Nonmajor Other Funds	General Fund	17,764
Park and Stormwater Fund	Special Revenue - Sewer Lateral Fund	440

The purpose of the interfund balances is to properly reflect the source and use of the funds between the various funds. Balances are not expected to be repaid within one year.

#### H. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

	Transfer General Stormwater From: Fund Fund		Transfer to	:			
		Park &	Capital	Series	Series	Non-	
Transfer	General	Stormwater	Improvmt	2002	2001	Major	Total
From:	Fund	Fund	Fund	COPS	COPS	Funds	Transfers
General Fund		-	-		-		
Capital Improve- ments Fund	\$47,759	-	_	\$1,259,394		\$90,132	\$1,397,285
Park & Storm- water Fund	\$41,058	\$26,664	_	_	\$1,039,640	-	\$1,107,362
Total Transfers	\$88,817	\$26,664	-	\$1,259,394	\$1,039,640	\$90,132	\$2,504,647

#### I. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City is a member of the St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT), which is a not-for-profit, self-insurance risk pool formed by various St. Louis County municipalities.

In order to operate as a group self-insurer of workers' compensation, SLAIT was formed in August 1986. In addition to insurance protection, the program provides risk management services with emphasis on loss control, claims administration and management information services. The trust is also able to provide the required excess reinsurance at a discount based on volume and the existence of the loss control program. Coverage is provided by the trust for general and auto liability subject to a \$500 deductible per occurrence. SLAIT is fully funded by its member participants and employs an outside service company to process all claims.

The trust requires an annual premium payment by members to cover estimated claims payable and reserves for claims. The members of the trust have no legal interest in the assets, liabilities or fund balances of the insurance trust. However, the City retains a contingent liability to fund its pro rata share of any deficit incurred by the trust should the trust cease operation at some future date. The City's 2005 expenditures for the trust totaled \$316,318 to SLAIT.

The City also purchases commercial insurance to cover risks related to travel, public official liability, earthquakes and employee blanket bonds. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

#### J. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In fiscal 1997, the City passed an ordinance which established a plan to provide postemployment health care benefits to employees who retire from City employment with at least 15 years of service. Eligible employees are entitled to benefits once they have reached the normal retirement age, as defined by LAGERS, until qualifying for Medicare or reaching the age of 65, whichever comes first. The City pays a portion of the health insurance premium in an amount equal to what is being paid by the City for single coverage for then current employees.

No employee shall be covered under this program for more than 120 months for police and fire personnel and 60 months for civilian employees. Expenditures for postemployment health care benefits are recognized as paid by the City. No expenditures were incurred in the current year for postemployment health care benefits.

#### K. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, the assets and liabilities of the deferred compensation plan are not included in the accompanying basic financial statements.

#### L. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

At December 31, 2005, the City had commitments for various projects and services that were encumbered as a reservation of funds and expensed in the current fiscal year.

General Fund	\$ 29,052
Special Revenue	35,660
Capital Improvements Fund	55,219
Park and Stormwater Fund	64,791
Total	\$184,722

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is a liability of \$100,000 payable to a former employee relating to a previous reassignment agreement. \$12,750 is to be paid in 2007 and \$87,250 in 2008.

### M. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In May of 2006, two settlement agreements and releases were finalized with two parties pursuant to a previous litigation.

# SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# Supplemental Information - General Fund Schedule of Revenues (Unaudited) - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 962,000	\$ 962,000	\$ 823,815	\$ (138,185)
Utility taxes	1,179,000	1,179,000	1,319,761	140,761
Sales tax	4,621,393	4,624,531	4,459,402	(165,129)
Intergovernmental taxes	537,700	537,700	530,014	(7,686)
Total Taxes	7,300,093	7,303,231	7,132,992	(170,239)
Licenses, permits, fines and fees:				
Licenses & permits	860,800	860,800	792,722	(68,078)
Charges for services	-	-	11,253	11,253
Fines and forfeitures	319,750	319,750	255,252	(64,498)
Grants	NO.	-	39,604	39,604
Total Licenses, Permits, Fines and Fees	1,180,550	1,180,550	1,098,831	(81,719)
Investment earnings	5,500	5,500	10,212	4,712
Miscellaneous:				
Other	68,025	68,025	98,035	30,010
Total Miscellaneous	68,025	68,025	98,035	30,010
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 8,554,168	\$ 8,557,306	\$ 8,340,070	\$ (217,236)

### Supplemental Information - General Fund Schedule of Expenditures (Unaudited) - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

General government:  Mayor's office: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Board of Aldermen: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Clerk's office: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator: Personnel services	9,073	Budget	Actual	Budget
General government:  Mayor's office:  Personnel services  Contractual services  Commodities  Board of Aldermen:  Personnel services  Contractual services  Commodities  City Clerk's office:  Personnel services  Contractual services  Contractual services  Contractual services  Contractual services  Commodities  Finance department:  Personnel services  Contractual services  Contractual services  Contractual services  Commodities  City Administrator:	9 073			
Mayor's office: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Board of Aldermen: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Clerk's office: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	9 073			
Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Board of Aldermen: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Clerk's office: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	9.073			
Contractual services Commodities Board of Aldermen: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Clerk's office: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:		\$ 9,073	9,072	\$ (1)
Commodities Board of Aldermen: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Clerk's office: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	9,950	7,392	3,531	\$ (3,861)
Board of Aldermen: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Clerk's office: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	1,000	700	461	(239)
Contractual services Commodities City Clerk's office: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	,			
Commodities City Clerk's office: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	36,289	36,289	36,324	35
City Clerk's office: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Contractual services City Administrator:	1,350	1,350	394	(956)
Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	1,200	1,200	-	(1,200)
Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:				
Commodities Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	130,964	130,964	148,914	17,950
Finance department: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	33,050	32,907	26,849	(6,058)
Personnel services Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:	2,550	2,550	2,285	(265)
Contractual services Commodities City Administrator:				
Commodities City Administrator:	213,731	213,731	221,931	8,200
City Administrator:	36,500	36,500	23,334	(13,166)
	7,200	7,200	1,840	(5,360)
Personnel services				
1 Crsonner services	114,136	114,136	95,694	(18,442)
Contractual services	9,400	9,400	3,014	(6,386)
Commodities	6,200	6,200	536	(5,664)
MIS:				
Personnel services	133,215	133,215	146,617	13,402
Contractual services	61,300	61,300	50,640	(10,660)
Commodities	1,000	1,000	18,421	17,421
Economic Development:				
Personnel services	71,624	71,624	74,009	2,385
Contractual services	-	-	36,238	36,238
Commodities	-	-	-	-
General supporting services:				
Personnel services	91,917	91,917	42,502	(49,415)
Contractual services	557,200	557,200	721,116	163,916
Commodities	6,750	6,750	6,555	(195)
Total General Government	1,535,599	1,532,598	1,670,277	137,679

## Supplemental Information - General Fund Schedule of Expenditures (Unaudited) - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis -Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

		Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Ov	er (Under) Budget
EXPENDITURES (Continued):			 			
Public works:						
General public works services:						
Personnel services	\$	104,362	\$ 100,112	\$ 104,590	\$	4,478
Contractual services		206,590	206,590	188,601		(17,989)
Commodities		14,100	14,100	10,723		(3,377)
Capital outlay		-	-	8,750		8,750
Administration services:						
Personnel services		351,209	351,209	323,846		(27,363)
Contractual services		18,540	18,339	13,813		(4,526)
Commodities		5,100	5,100	3,391		(1,709)
Capital outlay		-	-	-		-
Maintenance services:						
Personnel services		303,520	303,520	291,930		(11,590)
Contractual services		52,800	52,800	49,325		(3,475)
Commodities		132,720	132,720	109,940		(22,780)
Capital outlay	,	-	-	-		-
Mechanical services:						
Personnel services		117,033	121,283	92,384		(28,899)
Contractual services		1,060	1,060	201		(859)
Commodities		2,850	2,850	3,435		585
<b>Total Public Works</b>		1,309,884	1,309,683	1,200,929		(108,754
Public safety:						
Police:						
Personnel services		2,896,002	2,896,002	2,786,571		(109,431)
Contractual services		188,005	188,005	227,172		39,167
Commodities		70,100	65,317	54,790		(10,527
Capital outlay		40,000	40,000	-		(40,000
Municipal court:		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			( )
Personnel services		73,148	73,148	75,898		2,750
Contractual services		11,050	11,050	7,212		(3,838
Commodities		250	250	369		119
Total Police and Municipal Court		3,278,555	3,273,772	3,152,012		(121,760)
Fire:						
Personnel services		2,211,591	2,211,591	2,262,686		51,095
Contractual services		386,710	386,648	375,837		(10,811
Commodities		33,800	33,800	24,468		(9,332
Capital Outlay			-	44,173		44,173
Total Fire		2,632,101	2,632,039	2,707,164		75,125
<b>Total Public Safety</b>		5,910,656	5,905,811	5,859,176		(46,635
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	8,756,139	\$ 8,748,092	\$ 8,730,382	\$	(17,710

# Supplemental Information - Capital Improvement & Park and Stormwater Funds Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures (UnaudIted) - Budget to Actual - Budget Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND							PARK AND STORMWATER FUND						
		Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual		r (Under) Budget		Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Over (Under Budget			
REVENUES														
Taxes	\$	1,625,728 \$	1,625,728 \$	1,402,853	S	(222,875)	\$	1,928,019 \$	1,928,019 \$	1,629,078				
Aquatic Center		-	•			•		293,627	293,627	347,572	53,9			
Community Center			-			-		54,395	54,395	54,879	4			
Recreation Programs			-			-		232,325	232,325	257,034	24,7			
Historic Facility			-			-		3,000	3,000	945	(2,0			
Investment Income		500	500	2,676		2,176		500	500	3,035	2,5			
Grants		115,000	115,000	135,068		20,068			200	3,837	3,8			
Miscellaneous		113,000	115,000	31,461		31,461		11,100	11,100	11,310	2,0			
							_							
Total Revenues		1,741,228	1,741,228	1,572,058		(169,170)	-	2,522,966	2,522,966	2,307,690	(215,2			
EXPENDITURES AND USES OF FUNDS														
Public works:														
General public works services:														
Contractual services		-	-	-		-					-			
Street maintenance services:														
Contractual services		647,200	559,000	603,632		44,632		18,500	18,500	13,318	(5,18			
Commodities		87,000	87,000	94,940		7,940					_			
Capital outlay				,.							_			
Parks maintenance services:														
Personnel services								238,898	238,898	166,265	(72,63			
								74,950	74,950					
Contractual services						-				71,629	(3,32			
Commodities						-		34,160	34,160	21,872	(12,28			
Capital outlay														
MIS services;														
Contractual services		137,012	137,012	79,706		(57,306)					-,			
Capital outlay		118,000	118,000			(118,000)					-			
Total Public Works		989,212	901,012	778,278		(122,734)		366,508	366,508	273,084	(93,42			
Parks and recreation:														
Recreation Services:														
Personnel services		-		-		-		643,361	656,321	627,171	(29,15			
Contractual services			-	~		-		186,139	186,649	187,305	65			
Commodities		-	-	-		-		45,600	45,799	57,351	11,55			
Capital outlay		-		-		-				219,110	219,11			
Aquatic Center:														
Personnel services			_	_				14,597	1,637	25,477	23,84			
Contractual services				-				333,777	333,777	238,741	(95,03			
Commodities								24,451	24,451	32,349	7,89			
			-	_		_		-1,101	-	32,347	7,07			
Capital outlay	-													
Historic Facilities								33,668	22 660	22 077	/20			
Personnel services			-	-		-			33,668	32,877	(79			
Contractual services		-	-	-		-		19,300	16,398	22,727	6,32			
Commodities		-	-	-		-		1,200	1,200	406	(79			
Capital outlay		-	-			-		-			-			
Total Parks and Recreation		-	-	-		(100.00.1)		1,302,093	1,299,900	1,443,514	143,61			
Total Expenditures	-	989,212	901,012	778,278		(122,734)		1,668,601	1,666,408	1,716,598	50,19			
EVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2	752,016 \$	840,216 \$	793,780		(46,436)	S	854,365 \$	856,558 \$	591.092	\$ (265,46			