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# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, 2006

City of University City

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November 15, 2007

Donald J. Yucuis, Finance Director City of Clayton St. Louis County 10 N. Bemiston Avenue Clayton, MO 63105-3397

Fiscal Period: One Year Ended September 30, 2006

Dear Mr. Yucuis:

In accordance with Section 105.145, RSMo, we acknowledge receipt of the financial report of your political subdivision for the above-described fiscal period.

Thank you for your cooperation in sending this information.

Sincerely,

SUSAN MONTEE, CPA STATE AUDITOR

Judy Buerky

Local Government Analyst

Judy Buerky



10 N. Bemiston Avenue • Clayton, Missouri 63105-3397 • (314) 727-8100 • FAX: (314) 727-8116 • TDD: (314) 746-0495

November 9, 2007

Ms. Susan Montee STATE AUDITOR State of Missouri Jefferson City, MO 65102

Dear Ms. Montee:

Attached you will find the City of City of Clayton, MO audit for the period ending September 30, 2006.

Please call me at 314-290-8445 if you have any questions or to update the mailing information.

Sincerely,

Donald J. Yucuis Finance Director

DJY/rs



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for the year ended September 30, 2006

# CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2006

Report prepared and submitted by the Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



#### The City of Clayton

10 N. Bemiston Avenue • Clayton, Missouri 63105-3397 • (314) 727-8100 • FAX: (314) 863-0295 • TDD: (314) 290-8435

January 31, 2007

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Clayton, Missouri, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006, is herewith submitted for your review. The information presented in the CAFR is the responsibility of the City's management. The report was prepared by the Finance Department, which believes that the financial statements, supporting schedules, and statistical information fairly present the financial condition of the City. We further believe that all presented data is accurate in all aspects and that all necessary disclosures have been included to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the City's financial affairs.

#### REPORTING STANDARDS AND FORMATS

The introductory section includes an explanation about the City's accounting system and budgetary controls, a description of the City, including services provided, the City's governmental organization and a brief discussion about the City's economic condition and outlook. The financial section presents the independent auditors' report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to basic financial statements, budgetary comparison information and supplemental combining and individual statements and schedules. The statistical section, which is not audited but is in compliance with GASB 44, displays financial and general information on a multi-year comparative basis. This is the first year the City of Clayton has reported statistics using GASB 44 guidelines.

This is the fourth year that the City has presented its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) under the reporting model required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. The format and a description of these reports are addressed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and in the notes to the financial statements. The MD&A compliments this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The diversity of governmental operations and the necessity for legal compliance preclude recording and summation of all financial transactions in a single accounting entity. The City's accounting system is therefore organized and operated on a fund basis, wherein each fund is a distinct and separate self-balancing entity.

The City's financial records utilize two bases of accounting. The modified accrual basis is utilized by governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by the proprietary and pension trust funds. Consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls governing the financial transactions and records of the City.

Internal controls are designed and developed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are properly executed and recorded in line with management's policy and generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental and fund levels partially through the use of an encumbrance system. Monies of respective accounts are encumbered as purchase orders so that budgeted appropriations may not be overspent without proper approval. Open encumbrances at year-end are reported as reservations of the fund balance.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The City of Clayton was incorporated in 1913. Its borders encompass 2.54 square miles. The City has a population of 15,935 and serves as the governmental seat for St. Louis County, Missouri. The governing body consists of an elected six-member Board of Aldermen and Mayor who collectively appoint a City Manager to administer daily operations.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including public works, parks and recreation, public safety, community development and general administration.

All funds included in this CAFR reflect the above municipal services and subsequent services of the City.

#### FIDUCIARY DUTIES

One of the fiduciary duties carried out by the City is pension management. Eligible City employees participate in one of two single-employer pension plans. These plans are the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund and the Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund.

Effective January 1, 1994, the City revised the previously existing uniformed employee defined benefit and defined contribution plans, and combined these plans into a single defined benefit plan, Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund. The City contributes an actuarially determined amount to meet current costs and the amortization of past service liability.

The Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund is a defined benefit plan in which employees normally contribute 3% of their salary and the City contributes an actuarially determined amount to the plan. The plan has exceeded 100% funding for several years. Since 1991, the City has chosen to suspend the employee contribution and in December 2004, the City suspended voluntary employer contributions.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

Internal Service Fund - All insurance expenses for the City are recorded in the Insurance Fund. These expenses include general liability, property, and employee related insurance such as life, health, workers' compensation, etc. After being insured for general liability through a state-wide insurance pool for a number of years, the City switched to the St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT) effective January 1, 2005. After being self-insured since 1991, and in an effort to limit its financial exposure, the City also chose SLAIT to insure for workers compensation coverage effective May 20, 2005. Additional information is provided in the notes to basic financial statements. There are no residual liabilities from the previous self-insurance workers' compensation program as of September 30, 2006. There are no residual liabilities with the previous general liability insurance pool.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At year-end, government-wide debt was \$30,584,483 (excluding the deferred amount on refunding of \$641,300 and compensated absences of \$238,007) consisting of a special assessment with governmental commitment, general obligation bonds, special obligation bonds, capital leases and an intergovernmental agreement with St. Louis County for the Shaw Park Parking Facility. The City refunded the 1997 and 1998 special obligation bond issue in 2005 and will realize approximately \$692,000 of savings over the remaining life of the 2005 bond issue.

#### CASH MANAGEMENT

Cash of the governmental, proprietary, and internal service funds, temporarily not used in operations, is invested in collateralized or insured overnight funds, certificates of deposit backed by United States agencies or Treasury obligations. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not invest in securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase, and have not done so unless circumstances warranted other consideration. Yields earned from these investments ranged from 2.65% to 5.40%. The Federal Reserve Bank has increased the overnight Federal funds rate in FY2006 from 3.62% to 5.25%. These rate adjustments have had a positive impact on the interest income the City realized on certificate of deposit investments.

Longer-term investments of corporate bonds, stocks, and U.S. Government Agency and Treasury obligations and securities are utilized for cash and investments in the Non-Uniformed Employees and Uniformed Employees Retirement Funds. The Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement plan funded ratio increased from 100.38% to 101.68%. This small increase in funding level is due to a combination of favorable investment results according to the actuarial valuation report dated July 1, 2005, and no employer or employee contributions. The Uniformed Employees Retirement plan funded ratio increased from 81.2% to 82.8% due primarily to both employer and employee contributions and moderately favorable investment results according to the actuarial valuation report dated January 1, 2006.

#### ECONOMIC EVENTS AND THE FUTURE

Within two and a half square miles, Clayton blends a bustling business district with an outstanding housing mix. The central business district (CBD) combines approximately 7,000,000 square feet of prestigious office space with the vitality of more than 1,000,000 square feet in retail space. Clayton's charming residential neighborhoods provide a mix of housing, to include single-family homes, condominiums and multi-family apartment dwellings. Much of the residential area is within walking distance of the CBD or neighborhood retail districts that include specialty boutiques, flower shops, restaurants, dry cleaners, fitness facilities and cafes. In addition to the thriving business district and strong residential neighborhoods, the City has also devoted more than 70 acres of green space to passive and active park areas. Included in these resources is the Center of Clayton, a multi-use recreational facility with the Clayton School District.

Clayton's location within the region further strengthens the City's attractiveness to residents, businesses and visitors. As the Seat for St. Louis County, many St. Louis County residents come to Clayton on a daily basis to do business in the many County offices. The recent opening of MetroLink, the region's light-rail system through Clayton provides easy and quick access to downtown St. Louis, the airport and parts of south St. Louis County. A regional bus transfer station that is connected to the Central Avenue MetroLink stations provides public transportation access to most of the region. Finally, Clayton's proximity to numerous interstates and major County arterials allows residents and businesses to drive to the airport, downtown St. Louis or other major attractions within 15 minutes—showing that Clayton is in a central location to most of the region.

The location and infrastructure of Clayton's central business district has attracted several major corporations to locate their headquarters in our community. Clayton is home to large companies like Enterprise Rent-A-Car, Brown Shoe Group, Centene Corporation, Rehab Care Group, Graybar, Barry-Wehmiller Companies, and Olin Corporation. In addition, many of the region's largest banks, title companies and law firms are located in the City's CBD. Over 35,000 individuals come to Clayton on a daily basis to work at these and other companies. In turn, numerous specialty retail shops and more than 60 restaurants are located in the CBD to provide services to these workers.

The Clayton office and retail market continues to be one the steadiest submarkets in the St. Louis area. Vacancy rates for the last three years have continued to be one of the lowest in the region. In fact Class A office vacancy space is the lowest in the area, hovering around 8% for the last 15 months.

Clayton continues to process and approve plans for major developments. In September 2005, the City approved plans for the Crescent, an upscale 9-story residential building with 71 condominiums and more than 26,000 square feet of retail space. This new project is located across from the Plaza in Clayton and adjacent to the Ritz-Carlton on property that had been vacant for approximately 15 years. Construction is expected to be completed by 2008.

In December 2005, the City approved a proposal from the Centene Corporation to expand its corporate headquarters in Clayton. With the purchase of the former Library Limited building, which was vacant for more than five years. Centene made way for the two office towers proposed for the area along Hanley Road between Forsyth Boulevard and Carondelet Avenue. Centene also purchased an underutilized, City-owned parking facility for \$4.2 million. The \$195 million expansion project will add approximately 800 jobs to the staff of 300 currently working in the company's Clayton headquarters. Understanding the importance of retaining a major corporation in the region, the City will provide tax abatement. The project is expected to be built over the next five years.

The City continues to experience solid growth in its overall assessed valuation. Since 1994, the City's total assessed valuation has increased by 82%. This growth is further shown by the significant increases in new residential homes, condominium conversions, home remodeling/additions, and new condominium buildings. In fact, since 2003, more than \$200 million has been spent on such residential improvements.

#### **AWARD**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Clayton for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Clayton has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last nineteen consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987-2005). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The City's policy is to have the financial statements of the City audited annually by an independent Certified Public Accountant. The City has complied with this policy for fiscal year 2006 and the independent auditors' report is included with this CAFR.

To the Honorable Mayor and Board
Of Aldermen
City of Clayton, Missouri

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

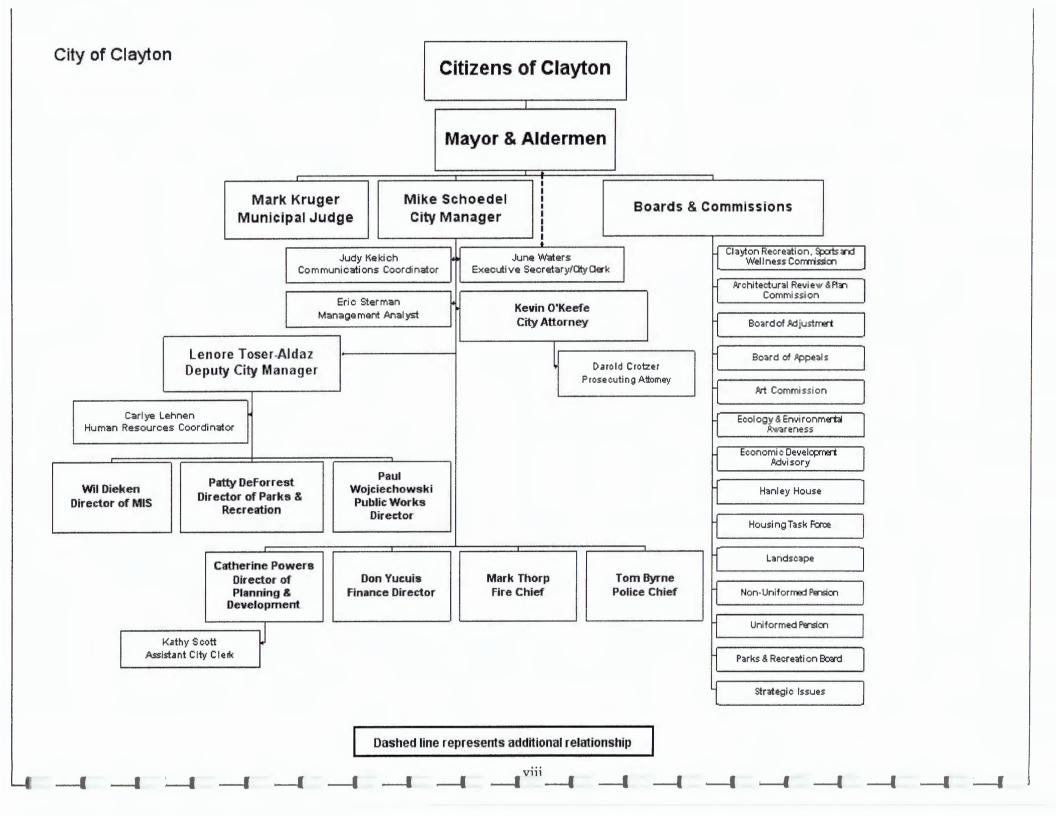
The quality and timely preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, City Staff, and RubinBrown LLP.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael A. Schoedel City Manager Donald J. Yucuis Director of Finance

# PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Mayor	Benjamin Uchitelle
Aldermen:	
	Judy R. Goodman
	Linda Goldstein
	Alex Berger, III
	Steven E. Lichtenfeld
	Michelle Harris
	Beverly A. Wagner
City Manager	Michael A. Schoedel



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Clayton Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

AND COPPORTED STATES CO

President

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION



RubinBrown LLP
Certified Public Accountants
& Business Consultants

One North Brentwood Saint Louis, MO 63105

T 314.290.3300 F 314.290.3400

W rubinbrown.com E info@rubinbrown.com

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Clayton, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clayton, Missouri, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City of Clayton, Missouri's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Rulin Brown LLP

December 18, 2006

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the City of Clayton, Missouri (the City) presents this narrative overview and analysis to assist our readers in reviewing and understanding the accompanying annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the additional information that we have furnished in the letter of transmittal which can be found on pages i-vi of this report.

#### Financial Highlights

- The net assets of the City at the close of the most recent fiscal year were \$45,389,312; an increase of \$3,767,063 from the prior year. Governmental Activities increased \$1,849,197 and business activities increased \$1,917,866. Of this amount, \$24,217,948 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds on page 14 reported a combined ending fund balance of \$15,709,382, a decrease of \$285,225 in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 84% of the total amount, or \$13,179,803, is available for spending at the City's discretion.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with an overview of the City's finances, presenting all funds in a more simplified format. This section is similar to financial reporting used by commercial entities. Note that the government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary activities (Pension Trust Funds).

The statement of net assets presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, including long-term debt and capital assets in the governmental funds. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as transactions occur, regardless of when the related cash flows are reported. Therefore, some revenues and expenses included in this statement may reflect cash flows that actually occur in future periods.

Government-wide statements are separated into two major categories: 1) governmental activities that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities include general government, public safety, highways and streets, parks and recreation, and community development, and 2) business-type activities that are supported with user fees and charges. The business-type activity includes all City-owned and managed parking facilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 13 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Funds are used in government accounting to separate resources that are designated for specific programs or activities. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with the laws, regulations and contractual agreements that establish the authority for the City's programs and services. The funds for the City can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for the City's basic services, the same services that are included in the governmental activities on the government-wide statements. However, the information in the fund statements is measured differently. Governmental funds focus on current financial resources rather than economic resources. Therefore, the statements include the short-term resources, such as cash, investments and receivables, that will be collected in the next few months, and liabilities that will be retired with these monies. This information is important for assessing the City's current financial resources.

The reconciliation in the fund statements explains the difference between the governmental funds in the fund statements and the governmental activities found in the government-wide financial statements. This reconciliation will explain the adjustments necessary to compile the long-term resources and liabilities for the government-wide statements with the current picture presented in the fund statements.

The City utilizes the following major governmental funds:

- General
- Revolving Public Improvement
- Equipment Replacement

The larger funds are presented as major funds while the other funds are presented in the combining statements for non-major funds. A description of the major funds can be found on page 24 in the notes to the financial statements. Both major and non-major fund statements include a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

Clayton adopts an annual budget for all funds except the Police Forfeiture and Police Officer Standards Training Fund, Firefighter Assistance Grant Fund, 1997-98 Capital Project Bond Fund, 401(k) Plan Fund and the Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all budgeted funds to demonstrate legal compliance with the respective adopted budget. Budgetary comparisons for the general fund can be found on pages 57 and 58 in the required supplementary information. All other major and non-major funds budgetary comparisons can be found in the supplementary information section starting on page 59.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Clayton's proprietary fund types consist of an enterprise fund, which is the Parking Facilities Revenue Fund and an internal service fund, which is the Insurance Fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Proprietary fund financial statements may be found on pages 18 through 20.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City is the trustee for the Uniformed and Non-Uniformed Employee Retirement plans. Each plan has a separate board of trustees that has fiduciary responsibility for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund statements may be found on pages 21 and 22.

#### **Notes To Basic Financial Statements**

Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information included in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes provide additional details about the balances and transactions in the City's financial statements and may be found on pages 23 through 56.

#### Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, certain required supplementary information can be found on pages 57 and 58 of this report.

#### Supplementary Information

The combining and individual fund statements, referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 59 through 86 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

This is the fourth year that the City has presented its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Therefore, a comparative analysis of government-wide data is included in this report.

As noted earlier, net assets over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$45,389,312 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, an increase of \$3,767,063.

A major portion of the City of Clayton's net assets are invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets which total \$18,277,779 or 40% of total net assets. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Unrestricted net assets of \$24,217,948 is another major portion of the City's net assets (53%) that may be used to meet on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### City of Clayton's Net Assets

	Governmenta	d Activities	Business Ty	pe Activity	Total Primary	Government
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Current and other assets	\$ 18,779,398	\$ 18,666,584	\$ 10,513,658	\$ 6,590,547	\$ 29,293,056	\$ 25,257,131
Capital assets	34,607,971	34,781,50 <del>9</del>	13,730,936	16,045,031	48,338,957	50,826,540
Total Assets	53,387,369	53,448,093	24,244,644	22,635,578	77,632,013	76,083,671
Current liabilities	1,956,561	1,437,534	104,950	94,504	2,061,511	1,532,038
Noncurrent liabilities	25,994,283	28,423,231	4,186,907	4,506,153	30,181,190	32,929,364
Total Liabilities	27,950,844	29,860,765	4,291,857	4,600,657	32,242,701	34,461,422
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	8,732,202	6,595,418	9,545,577	11,540,026	18,277,779	18,135,444
Restricted	2,613,411	2,512,962	280,174	283,450	2,893,585	2,796,412
Unrestricted	14,090,912	14,478,948	10,127,036	6,211,445	24,217,948	20,690,393
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 25,436,525	\$ 23,587,328	\$ 19,952,787	\$ 18,034,921	\$ 45,300,31 <u>2</u>	\$ 41,622,249

The Statement of Activities is the second statement in the government-wide statements. The following table outlines the major components of this statement.

#### City of Clayton's Statement of Activities

	C	overni Activi				Busines	•	-		Total P	-
-		2006	lue	2005	_	2006	ity	2005	_	2006	 2005
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services		25,043	\$	3,652,045	\$	1,486,560	\$	1,595,313	\$	5,311,603	\$ 5,247,358
Operating grants	9	24,132		1,680,413		_		_		924,132	1,680,413
General revenues:											
Property tax	6,1	35,030		4,707,073		_				6,135,030	4,707,073
Sales tax	5,9	34,900		5,706,839		_		_		5,934,900	5,706,839
Utility tax	4,8	90,845		4,553,878		_		-		4,890,845	4,553,878
Other taxes	5	54,595		_		_				554,595	
Investment earnings	6	65,054		329,421		367,140		140,936		1,032,194	470,357
Gain on sale of capital assets		70,222		_		2,243,132		_		2,313,354	
Other general revenues	2	20,455		384,644				_		220,455	384,644
<b>Total Revenues</b>	23,2	20,276		21,014,313		4,096,832		1,736,249		27,317,108	 22,750,562
Program Expenses:											
General government	4,2	253,478		4,706,827						4,253,478	4,706,827
Public safety	8,6	60,970		8,198,773						8,660,970	8,198,773
Streets and highways	4,5	30,039		4,530,110				_		4,530,039	4,530,110
Parks and recreation	2,8	365,602		2,211,655		_		_		2,865,602	2,211,655
Community development	9	75,774		528,627				_		975,774	528,627
Interest on long-term debt	g	989,693		861,255				_		989,693	861,255
Parking facility						1,274,489		1,247,961		1,274,489	1,247,961
<b>Total Program Expenses</b>	22,2	275,556		21,037,247		1,274,489		1,247,961		23,550,045	22,285,208
Excess (deficiency) before											
transfers	9	944,720		(22,934)		2,822,343		488,288		3,767,063	465,354
Transfers	9	904,477		390,576		(904,477)		(390,576)			_
Change in net assets	1,8	349,197		367,642		1,917,866		97,712		3,767,063	465,354
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	23,5	587,328		23,773,230		18,034,921		17,937,209		41,622,249	41,710,439
Prior Period Adjustment		_		(553,544)		_					(553,544)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year,								******			
As Restated	23,5	587,328		23,219,686		18,034,921		17,937,209		41,622,249	 41,156,895
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 25,4	136,525	\$	23,587,328	\$	19,952,787	\$	18,034,921	\$	45,389,312	\$ 41,622,249

The City's overall net assets increased \$3,767,063 during the current fiscal year. Fiscal year 2006 revenues totaling \$27,317,108 are \$4,566,546 more than fiscal year 2005. Program revenues totaling \$6,235,735 are \$692,036 less than fiscal year 2005 and due to a reduction in one-time operating grants. General property tax revenue is 22% of the total and increased by \$1,427,957 to \$6,135,030. This was due to an increase in the tax rate to the maximum allowable. Sales and utility tax revenue is 40% of the total and increased \$565,028 to \$10,825,745. Program expenses totaling \$23,550,045 were \$1,264,837 more than fiscal year 2005. This increase is mainly a result of three different program expenses. Public safety increased \$462,197 due to repairs and maintenance that were not capitalized because they did not add to the value of an asset or extend its life. Parks and recreation increased \$653,947 due to noncapital projects and renovations in the parks and ball fields. Interest on long-term debt increased by \$128,438, due to scheduled interest payments on outstanding debt.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The fund statements present the City's financial information in a more detailed format. Fund statements provide important information about the City's compliance with laws and regulations that define the local government environment in Missouri. The measurement principles in the governmental fund statements are also different than the government-wide statements. Fund statements focus on current and short-term resources, while government-wide statements present the long-term view.

#### Governmental Funds

The City's total governmental funds, as shown on page 14, at the end of the current fiscal year, reported an ending fund balance of \$15,709,382, a decrease of \$285,225 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 84% of this total amount, or \$13,179,803, constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. Although the Equipment Replacement Fund has an unreserved balance, if those funds were used, then alternative sources of revenue would need to be found to pay for equipment purchased in the future. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$248,355) and 2) to pay debt service (\$2,281,224). The governmental funds may be viewed on pages 14 through 17.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance was \$8,324,588, while total fund balance reached \$8,328,683. Unreserved fund balance represents 49% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out. The City's General Fund minimum reserve policy level is 25% of expenditures and transfers. The City's General Fund balance increased \$1,240,082, primarily due to an increase of approximately \$800,000 in property taxes and the increases in licenses and permits, public utility licenses, community programs, fines and forfeiture.

The entire Revolving Public Improvement Fund Balance totaling \$1,801,767 is unreserved. The net decrease in fund balance of \$667,356 was again due to planned expenses for streets projects. Transfers in of \$496,431 are from the Parking Fund and transfers out of \$1,011,509 are to pay for a portion of the debt service on the Series 1999 and 2002 bond issues.

The Equipment Replacement Fund has a total fund balance of \$2,649,175. Almost the entire fund balance is unreserved but intended for the replacement of all the vehicles and large dollar equipment in the City. The funding source is from a charge-back to the Revolving Public Improvement Fund.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The fund statements for the proprietary funds look much like the business-type activity in the government-wide statements. Proprietary fund financial information is measured with the same principles used by commercial enterprises, so this information does not change from the fund statement to the government-wide statement. Proprietary fund information may be found on pages 18 through 20.

Unrestricted net assets for the Parking (enterprise) Fund increased \$3,915,591 to \$10,127,036 mainly due to the sale of the Carondelet Parking Facility. Total net assets of the Parking Fund increased \$1,917,866 to \$19,952,787. The entire net assets of the Insurance (internal service) Fund are unrestricted and total \$523,300, a decrease of \$49,026.

#### General Fund Significant Variances - Budget and Actual

Pages 57 and 58 summarizes the General Fund budget to actual results. There were differences between the original and final budget for revenues and expenditures in the General Fund. As stated earlier, the City's policy on General Fund balance is a minimum of 25% of expenditures and transfers. The current balance is 49% of expenditures and transfers.

Overall, the net change in fund balance on the budget basis was an increase of \$1,239,963. Actual General Fund revenue was \$922,273 or 5.4% more than the final budget and is due to a conservative budgeting philosophy.

The actual General Fund expenditures were \$98,796 or .6% less than the final budget. Public Safety accounted for the majority of the under budget amount and is due to savings in personnel costs.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2006 totaled \$48,338,957 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvement other than buildings, machinery/equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total change in the City's investment in capital assets was a decrease of \$2,487,583. The majority of the decrease in investment in capital assets is due to the sale of the Carondelet Parking Facility, a business-type activity.

#### **Capital Assets**

#### City of Clayton Capital Assets (Net Of Depreciation)

	Govern Activi		Busines Activ		Total Pr Govern	
•	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Land	\$ 1,072,517	\$ 1,072,517	\$ 1,726,669	\$ 2,287,574	\$ 2,799,186	\$ 3,360,091
Buildings	13,966,862	14,386,910	11,855,433	13,637,307	25,822,295	28,024,217
Improvements other than buildings	34,242	38,082	30,466	31,976	64,708	70,058
Machinery/Equipment	2,056,239	1,555,303	118,418	88,174	2,174,657	1,643,477
Infrastructure	17,246,836	17,728,697		_	17,246,836	17,728,697
Construction in progress	231,275		_		231,275	
Total	\$ 34,607,971	\$ 34,781,509	\$ 13,730,986	\$ 16,045,031	\$ 48,338,957	\$ 50,826,540

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the Financial Statements, page 36 of this report.

#### Long-term Debt

The City had government-wide debt outstanding of \$30,584,483 (excluding the deferred amount on refunding of \$641,300 and compensated absences of \$238,007) at the end of the current fiscal year. \$6,600,000 is general obligation debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City, \$22,005,000 is special obligation debt paid for from annual appropriations and special assessment fees and the note payable of \$1,971,341 is paid from an annual appropriation.

#### City of Clayton's Outstanding Debt

	Govern Activ		Busine		Total P Govern	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Series 1999	\$ 6,600,000	\$ 7,410,000	\$ -	\$ —	\$ 6,600,000	\$ 7,410,000
Series 2002	8,250,000	9,065,000	_		8,250,000	9,065,000
Series 2005	11,325,000	12,165,000	2,430,000	2,655,000	13,755,000	14,820,000
Capital Lease	8,142	11,971	_	_	8,142	11,971
Note Payable	_		1,971,341	2,091,341	1,971,341	2,091,341
Total	\$ 26,183,142	\$ 28,651,971	\$ 4,401,341	\$ 4,746,341	\$ 30,584,483	\$ 33,398,312

The City's total debt decreased by \$2,813,829 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, page 40 of this report.

#### The Outlook for Next Year

The City's reliance on operating revenue is spread among three major revenue sources, property tax, sales tax and utility tax. Property taxes were increased to their legal maximum limit in fiscal year 2006 and the City plans to maintain that level in the future. Both sales tax and utility tax revenues have had minimal growth.

The increased property tax rate generated an additional \$795,625 in the General Fund and \$585,879 in the Debt Service Fund. Sales tax is expected to increase at approximately 1.2% and utility tax is expected to increase 3%. The City plans to spend down the General Fund balances to the minimum 25% policy level over the next several years.

The near future will see a continuing need to evaluate funding policies in order to maintain services at the current level. Overall, the economic outlook for the City is optimistic. This optimism is expected to maintain the current high level of service to residents by addressing the funding needs of the community as needed.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Clayton, Missouri's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City of Clayton, Missouri, 10 N. Bemiston Avenue, Clayton, MO 63105.

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2006

	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type		
		Activities		Activity		Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,770,536	\$		\$	5,770,536
Investments	Φ		Φ	10 975 595	Φ	
Accounts receivable		8,402,981		10,275,525		18,678,506
		530,391		71,545		601,936
Property taxes receivable		201,364				201,364
Intergovernmental receivable		1,297,716				1,297,716
Special assessments receivable		502,904				502,904
Other receivables		750		_		750
Interest receivable		63,775		78,255		142,030
Internal balances		208,394		(208,394)		
Prepaid insurance		110,631				110,631
Bond issue costs		118,514		13,992		132,506
Net pension asset		267,043		_		267,043
Cash - restricted		113,420		19,112		132,532
Investments - restricted		1,190,979		261,062		1,452,041
Interest receivable - restricted		_		2,561		2,561
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress		1,303,792		1,726,669		3,030,461
Other capital assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation		33,304,179		12,004,317		45,308,496
Total Assets		53,387,369		24,244,644		77,632,013
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		790,128		19,041		809,169
Accrued interest payable		307,406		72,681		380,087
Accrued liabilities		446,262		9,131		455,393
Deposits		248,701		4,097		252,798
Net pension obligation		164,064		_		164,064
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		2,635,497		316,498		2,951,995
Due in more than one year		23,358,786		3,870,409		27,229,195
Total Liabilities		27,950,844		4,291,857		32,242,701
		·				
Net Assets						40 0.0
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		8,732,202		9,545,577		18,277,779
Restricted for:						
Debt service		2,276,780		280,174		2,556,954
Special taxing district		177,076				177,076
Sewer lateral projects		159,555		_		159,555
Unrestricted		14,090,912		10,127,036		24,217,948
Total Net Assets	\$	25,436,525	\$	19,952,787	\$	45,389,312

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

				Progra	m Revenues					s In Net Assets		
		-				Operating	Сар	oital			 Business-	
			C	harges For	_	rants And	Grants		Gov	ernmental	Туре	
Functions		Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Contribut	ions		Activities	 Activity	Total
Primary Government												
Governmental Activities												
General government	\$	4,253,478	\$	666,138	\$		\$		\$	(3,587,340)	\$ 	\$ (3,587,340)
Public safety		8,660,970		931,486		162,525				(7,566,959)		(7,566,959)
Streets and highways		4,530,039		246,210		761,607				(3,522,222)	_	(3,522,222)
Parks and recreation		2,865,602		672,161				-		(2,193,441)	descen	(2,193,441)
Community development		975,774		1,309,048						333,274	_	333,274
Interest on long-term debt		989,693						_		(989,693)		 (989,693)
Total Governmental Activities		22,275,556		3,825,043		924,132				(17,526,381)	<del>-</del>	(17,526,381)
Business-Type Activity												
Parking facility		1,274,489		1,486,560							 212,071	 212,071
Total Primary Government	\$	23,550,045	\$	5,311,603	\$	924,132	\$			(17,526,381)	212,071	(17,314,310)
	Ge	eneral Revenue	e:									
	5	Taxes:										
		Property								6,135,030	-	6,135,030
		Sales								5,934,900	-	5,934,900
		Utility								4,890,845		4,890,845
		Other								554,595		554,595
	1	Investment incom	ne							665,054	367,140	1,032,194
	(	Gain on sale of c	apital	assets						70,222	2,243,132	2,313,354
		Miscellaneous	•							220,455	-	220,455
	Tr	ansfers								904,477	(904,477)	nanne
		Total Gene	ral R	evenues And	Transf	ers		-		19,375,578	 1,705,795	21,081,373
	Ch	ange In Net A	sets							1,849,197	1,917,866	3,767,063
	Ne	et Assets - Begi	nning	Of Year				_		23,587,328	18,034,921	41,622,249
	Ne	et Assets - End	Of Ye	ar					\$	25,436,525	\$ 19,952,787	\$ 45,389,312

Net Revenues (Expenses) And

## BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2006

			Revolv							
				blic		quipment		Other		Total
		General Fund	Improvem	Fund		Replacements Fund		rernmental Funds	Go	vernmental Funds
Assets		runu	F	ınu		runa		runus		runas
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,500,452	\$ 888.	138	\$	460,965	\$	1,500,192	\$	5,349,747
Investments	Ψ	4,977,715		,525	*	2,230,083	4	196,658	Ψ	8,402,981
Accounts receivable		528,969	500	,020						528,969
Property taxes receivable		193,758		_		_		7,606		201,364
Intergovernmental receivable		940,593	168	,855		_		188,268		1,297,716
Special assessments receivable				,134		_		206,770		502,904
Other receivables			200	750		_		_		750
Interest receivable		21,544	9	,675		18,602		13,954		63,775
Due from other funds		237,521								237,521
Cash - restricted				_		_		113,420		113,420
Investments - restricted								1,190,979		1,190,979
Total Assets		9,400,552	2,362	077		2,709,650		3,417,847		17,890,126
Liabilities										
Accounts payable										
Accounts payable		223,316	264	,176		60,475		233,610		781,577
Accrued liabilities		223,316 434,294	264	,176 —		60,475		233,610 10,977		781,577 445,271
2 0		•	264	,176 —		60,475				445,271
Accrued liabilities		•		,176 — — 5,134		60,475 — — —		10,977		445,271 29,127
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		434,294		_		60,475 — — —		10,977 29,127		445,271 29,127 676,068
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue		434,294 — 165,558	296	_		60,475		10,977 29,127		445,271 29,127 676,068 248,701
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deposits		434,294 — 165,558 248,701	296	- 5,134 -				10,977 29,127 214,376		,
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deposits Total Liabilities		434,294 — 165,558 248,701	296	- 5,134 -				10,977 29,127 214,376	<i>*</i>	445,271 29,127 676,068 248,701
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deposits Total Liabilities Fund Balances		434,294 — 165,558 248,701	296	- 5,134 -				10,977 29,127 214,376		445,271 29,127 676,068 248,701 2,180,744
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deposits Total Liabilities  Fund Balances Reserved for:		434,294 — 165,558 248,701 1,071,869	296	- 5,134 -		60,475		10,977 29,127 214,376 — 488,090		445,271 29,127 676,068 248,701 2,180,744
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deposits  Total Liabilities  Fund Balances Reserved for: Encumbrances		434,294 — 165,558 248,701 1,071,869	296	- 5,134 -		60,475		10,977 29,127 214,376 ————————————————————————————————————		445,271 29,127 676,068 248,701 2,180,744
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deposits Total Liabilities  Fund Balances Reserved for: Encumbrances Debt service		434,294 — 165,558 248,701 1,071,869	296	- 5,134 -		60,475		10,977 29,127 214,376 ————————————————————————————————————		248,355 2,281,224
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deposits  Total Liabilities  Fund Balances Reserved for: Encumbrances Debt service Unreserved:		434,294 ————————————————————————————————————	296	- 5,134 -		60,475		10,977 29,127 214,376 ————————————————————————————————————		248,355 2,281,224 8,324,588
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deposits Total Liabilities  Fund Balances Reserved for: Encumbrances Debt service Unreserved: General fund		434,294 ————————————————————————————————————	296			60,475		10,977 29,127 214,376 ————————————————————————————————————		248,355 2,281,224 8,324,588 318,166
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deposits  Total Liabilities  Fund Balances Reserved for: Encumbrances Debt service Unreserved: General fund Special revenue funds		434,294 ————————————————————————————————————	296 560	,134,310		60,475		10,977 29,127 214,376 ————————————————————————————————————		445,271 29,127 676,068 248,701

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2006

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 15,709,382
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$47,215,264 and the accumulated depreciation is \$12,607,293.	34,607,971
Net pension assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	102,979
Property taxes assessed by the City, but not collected as of fiscal year-end, are deferred within the fund financial statements. However, revenue for this amount is recognized in the government-wide statements. Likewise, assessments on certain properties are deferred within the fund financial statements until collected, but are recognized as revenue in the year of assessment in the government-wide statements.	676,068
The Internal Service Fund is used by the City to charge for services provided for insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	523,300
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Bonds payable and capital lease outstanding Unamortized issuance costs	 (307,406) (236,509) (25,757,774) 118,514
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 25,436,525

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	General	Revolving Public Improvement Fund	Equipment Replacements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$ 4,901,035	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,185,833	\$ 6,086,868
Assessment income	_	37,022	_	149,231	186,253
Licenses and permits	1,362,041	_	_	_	1,362,041
Public utility licenses	4,886,655	4,190		_	4,890,845
Intergovernmental	4,079,202	1,963,868	_	1,477,746	7,520,816
Community programs	1,112,109	_	_	_	1,112,109
Fines and forfeitures	765,952			11,814	777,766
Investment income	371,481	73,464	118,272	101,837	665,054
Miscellaneous	593,903	495		2,000	596,398
Total Revenues	18,072,378	2,079,039	118,272	2,928,461	23,198,150
Expenditures Current:					
General government	3,911,866	_	_	2,513	3,914,379
Public safety	7,915,228		Abbiton	6,743	7,921,971
Streets and highways	3,405,316	_	_		3,405,316
Parks and recreation	1,657,278	_	_	_	1,657,278
Community development	_	-	_	254,375	254,375
Capital outlay		2,231,317	853,566	846,090	3,930,973
Debt service:					
Principal	_		_	2,465,000	2,465,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-			962,248	962,248
Total Expenditures	16,889,688	2,231,317	853,566	4,536,969	24,511,540
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,182,690	(152,278)	(735,294)	(1,608,508)	(1,313,390
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	57,392	496,431	304,742	2,629,832	3,488,397
Transfers out	_	(1,011,509)	(43,970)	(1,528,441)	(2,583,920
Sale of capital assets			123,688		123,688
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	57,392	(515,078)	384,460	1,101,391	1,028,165
Net Changes In Fund Balances	1,240,082	(667,356)	(350,834)	(507,117)	(285,225
Fund Balances - Beginning Of Year	7,088,601	2,469,123	3,000,009	3,436,874	15,994,607
Fund Balances - End Of Year	\$ 8,328,683	\$ 1,801,767	\$ 2,649,175	\$ 2,929,757	\$ 15,709,382

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

#### Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

(285,225)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays over the capitalization threshold in the current period.

(120,072)

In the statement of activities, the loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets, only the proceeds from any sales of capital assets are reported.

(53,466)

Property tax revenues received prior to the year for which they are being levied are reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds. They are, however recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. Deferred property tax revenues increased this fiscal year by \$48,162. Assessment income is deferred in the fund financial statements until the assessments are collected. However, assessment income is recorded in the year of the assessment in the statement of activities. Deferred assessments decreased this fiscal year by \$47,232.

930

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discount, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Principal payments on capital leases

3,829

Repayment of bond principal

2,465,000

Amortization of issuance costs and deferred amount on refunding

(54,369)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest on bonds

26,924

Compensated absences

631

Net pension assets

(85,959)

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities in the statement of activities.

(49,026)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 1,849,197

See the accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2006

	Parkin	Business-Type Activity - Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	420,789	
Investments		10,275,525		*****	
Accounts receivable		71,545		1,422	
Interest receivable		78,255			
Prepaid insurance				110,631	
Total Current Assets		10,425,325		532,842	
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital Assets:					
Land		1,726,669		_	
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		12,004,317		_	
Total Capital Assets		13,730,986			
Restricted Assets:					
Cash		19,112		_	
Investments		261,062		_	
Interest receivable		2,561			
Total Restricted Assets		282,735		_	
Bond issuance costs		13,992			
Total Noncurrent Assets		14,027,713			
Total Assets		24,453,038		532,842	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable		19,041		8,551	
Accrued interest payable		72,681			
Accrued liabilities		9,131		991	
Due to other funds		208,394		_	
Deposits		4,097		_	
Accrued compensated absences		1,498			
Bonds payable - current		190,000		********	
Notes payable - current		125,000			
Total Current Liabilities		629,842		9,542	
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Bonds payable		2,024,068			
Notes payable		1,846,341		*****	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,870,409			
Total Liabilities		4,500,251		9,542	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		9,545,577		_	
Restricted for debt service		280,174			
Unrestricted		10,127,036		523,300	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activity - Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating Revenues				
St. Louis parking systems	\$ 466,561	\$ —		
Parking lot revenue	131,867	_		
Parking meter revenue	888,132			
Participant contributions	_	179,782		
Employer contributions	<u> </u>	1,555,961		
Total Operating Revenues	1,486,560	1,735,743		
Operating Expenses				
Personnel services	282,864	- Optioner		
Contractual services	420,506	1,939,960		
Commodities	48,424	_		
Depreciation	334,599			
Insurance and fringe benefits	41,269	_		
Total Operating Expenses	1,127,662	1,939,960		
Operating Income (Loss)	358,898	(204,217)		
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)				
Gain on sale of capital assets	2,243,132			
Investment income	367,140	14,728		
Interest expense	(146,827)	_		
Miscellaneous income	_	140,463		
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	2,463,445	155,191		
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	2,822,343	(49,026)		
Transfers				
Transfers in	43,970	-		
Transfers out	(948,447)	_		
Total Transfers	(904,477)			
Change In Net Assets	1,917,866	(49,026)		
Net Assets - Beginning Of Year	18,034,921	572,326		
Net Assets - End Of Year	\$ 19,952,787	\$ 523,300		

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Parkin	iness-Type Activity - g Facilities prise Fund		ernmental Activities - Internal rvice Fund
Increase (Decrease) In Cash And Cash Equivalents				
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,467,083	\$	_
Receipts from interfund services provided		, , , <u> </u>	•	1,881,582
Payments to suppliers		(496,174)		_,002,002
Payments to employees		(281,656)		-
Payments for interfund services used		_		(1,973,440)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		689,253		(91,858)
Cash Flows From Noncapital And Related Financing Activities				
Transfers to other funds		(049.447)		
Due to other funds		(948,447)		_
Net Cash Used In Noncapital And Related Financing Activities	·····	(98,430)		
Net Cash Csed in Noncapital And Related Financing Activities		(1,046,877)	-	
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities				
Purchase of capital assets		(8,150)		_
Principal payments on note payable		(120,000)		
Principal payments on special obligation capital improvement bonds		(225,000)		_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		4,274,700		_
Interest payments on special obligation capital improvement bonds and note payable		(125,111)		_
Net Cash Provided By Capital And Related Financing Activities	,	3,796,439		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Interest received on investments		358,944		14,728
Purchase of investments		(4,200,000)		_
Sales of investments		402,241		_
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Investing Activities		(3,438,815)		14,728
Net Decrease In Cash And Cash Equivalents		_		(77,130)
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year		_		497,919
				420,789
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$		\$	420,103
	\$		\$	420,763
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In)	\$		\$	420,103
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		358 898		
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	\$	358,898	\$	
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)		358,898		
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		358,898		(204,217
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue		_		
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue Depreciation		358,898 — 334,599		(204,217
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue Depreciation (Increase) decrease in:		— 334,599		(204,217 140,463
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable		_		(204,217 140,463 — 5,376
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Prepaid insurance		— 334,599		(204,217 140,463 — 5,376
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Prepaid insurance Increase (decrease) in:		334,599 (19,477)		(204,217) 140,463 — 5,376 9,179
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Prepaid insurance Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable		334,599 (19,477) — 13,640		(204,217) 140,463 — 5,376 9,179 (1,650)
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Prepaid insurance Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		334,599 (19,477) — 13,640 1,208		(204,217) 140,463 — 5,376 9,179 (1,650)
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Prepaid insurance Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable		334,599 (19,477) — 13,640		(204,217) 140,463 — 5,376
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In)  Operating Activities  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)  operating activities:  Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue  Depreciation  (Increase) decrease in:  Accounts receivable  Prepaid insurance  Increase (decrease) in:  Accounts payable  Accrued liabilities  Deposits		334,599 (19,477) — 13,640 1,208		(204,217) 140,463 — 5,376 9,179 (1,650 (41,009
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue Depreciation (Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Prepaid insurance Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits	\$	334,599 (19,477) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	(204,217) 140,463 — 5,376 9,179 (1,650 (41,009
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In)  Operating Activities  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)  operating activities:  Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue  Depreciation  (Increase) decrease in:  Accounts receivable  Prepaid insurance  Increase (decrease) in:  Accounts payable  Accrued liabilities  Deposits  Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	\$	334,599 (19,477) — 13,640 1,208 385 689,253	\$	(204,217) 140,463 — 5,376 9,179 (1,650)
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash Provided By (Used In)  Operating Activities  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)  operating activities:  Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue  Depreciation  (Increase) decrease in:  Accounts receivable  Prepaid insurance  Increase (decrease) in:  Accounts payable  Accrued liabilities  Deposits  Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	\$	334,599 (19,477) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	(204,217) 140,463 — 5,376 9,179 (1,650) (41,009)

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2006

	Pension Trust Funds
Assets	-
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 485,262
Investments:	
U.S. government and agency securities	4,800,372
Foreign bonds	239,955
Common stocks	2,364,900
Corporate bonds	2,631,077
Taxable municipal obligations	547,402
Mutual funds	22,049,479
Interest receivable	91,667
Total Assets	33,210,114
Net Assets	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 33,210,114

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Pension Trust Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
Participant contributions	\$ 216,234
Employer contributions	798,089
Total Contributions	1,014,323
Investment Income:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	
and interest and dividends	2,309,859
Less: Investment expenses	(153,963)
Total Investment Income	2,155,896
Total Additions	3,170,219
Deductions	
Benefits	2,097,621
Change In Net Assets	1,072,598
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits -	
Beginning Of Year	32,137,516
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits -	
End Of Year	\$ 33,210,114

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2006

## 1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City and its component units. The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity are based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity (GASB 14), as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units – an amendment of GASB 14. The requirements for inclusion as a component unit are based primarily upon whether the City is considered financially accountable for the potential component unit. The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a potential component unit's governing body and is able to impose its will on that potential component unit, or because the potential component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the City. The City does not have any component units.

#### **Basis Of Presentation**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, unrestricted interest earnings and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Following the government-wide financial statements are separate financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other governmental funds are reported in one column labeled "Other Governmental Funds." The total fund balances for all governmental funds is reconciled to total net assets for governmental activities as shown on the statement of net assets. The net change in fund balance for all governmental funds is reconciled to the total change in net assets as shown on the statement of activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Governmental Fund Type

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary fund) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position rather than upon net income. The following are the City's governmental major funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Revolving Public Improvement Fund** - The Revolving Public Improvement Fund is a capital projects fund used to monitor the funding of special infrastructure improvements throughout the City. Revenues derived by this fund include a half-cent capital improvement sales tax, road and bridge taxes, and certain special assessment taxes.

**Equipment Replacements Fund** - The Equipment Replacements Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for capital asset replacement funds.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered nonmajor. They include special revenue funds, which account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes, debt service funds that account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt, and capital project funds that account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.

#### Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income and capital maintenance. The City has the following proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Fund - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis is to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City's enterprise fund is the Parking Facilities Fund, which is used to account for the operations of the city-owned parking facilities. City ordinances provide for the transfer of funds from the Parking Facilities Fund to other funds.

Internal Service Fund – Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City. The City's internal service fund is used to account for health, dental, life, liability, property, long-term disability and workers' compensation insurance services provided to other departments of the City. Charges for services are allocated to various City departments on a cost recovery basis.

The City applies all applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), issued on or before November 30, 1989, in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) guidance as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

**Fiduciary Fund Type - Pension Trust Funds** - Pension Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The Pension Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds since capital maintenance is critical.

#### **Measurement Focus And Basis Of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measurable and available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due (i.e. matured).

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation.

The principal operating revenues of the Parking Facilities Fund and of the City's Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Parking Facilities Fund and Internal Service Fund include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, And Investments

The City considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. State statutes and City policy authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, time deposit certificates, and repurchase agreements. The Pension Trust Funds are also authorized to invest in corporate common or preferred stocks, bonds and mortgages, real or personal property, and other evidence of indebtedness or ownership (excluding any debt of the City itself), and individual insurance policies.

Investments that have a maturity date of less than one year at the time of purchase are carried at cost or amortized cost because of their short-term maturities. Investments that have a maturity date of greater than one year at the time of purchase are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Certain resources set aside for the repayment of special obligation bonds and general obligation bonds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

#### Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable represents the residents' portion of curb and sidewalk improvements which have been completed and billed. The City's portion of such improvements are expended as incurred. At the time of the levy, special assessments receivable in the amount of the levy and deferred revenue equal to the amount that is not currently available are recognized in the fund that provides the resources.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City has elected to capitalize infrastructure assets purchased prior to June 30, 1980. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life is not capitalized.

Depreciation is being computed on the straight-line method, using asset lives as follows:

Asset	Years
Building	15 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	5 - 20
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15
Infrastructure	30 - 50

#### **Compensated Absences**

Under terms of the City's personnel policy, employees are granted vacation time based on length of service. Vacation is loaded at the beginning of the calendar year. A maximum of eighty hours may be carried over to a subsequent calendar year. Upon termination, the employee is paid for unused vacation. Sick leave is accumulated based upon length of service and is available only to provide compensation during periods of illness. Upon termination, and only if the employee is vested, the employee is paid \$1 for each hour of sick leave balance. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if the amounts due at year end have matured.

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discount, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Deferred Amount On Refunding**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the deferred amount on refunding is recorded as an adjustment to the debt obligation. The deferred amount on refunding is computed as the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, which would include any unamortized bond issuance costs. This deferred amount on refunding is amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the bonds using the straight-line method, since results of the straight-line method are mot materially different from the effective interest method.

The deferred amount on refunding is not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements.

#### **Net Assets**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets is displayed in three components as follows:

Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

**Restricted** - This consists of net assets that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### **Reserved Fund Balance**

Reserved fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that is not available for subsequent year appropriations or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended are recorded as transfers. Such transfers are reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental fund types and transfers in (out) in the proprietary fund types.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied in September of each year on the assessed value as of the prior January 1 for all real property located in the City. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are due upon receipt of billing and become delinquent after December 31.

Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent it is collected within 60 days after year end in the fund financial statements. Property taxes not collected within 60 days of year end are deferred for fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.

All property tax assessment, billing, and collection functions are handled by the St. Louis County government. Taxes collected are remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector (the County Collector) in the month subsequent to the actual collection date. Taxes held by the County Collector, if any, are included in property taxes receivable in the accompanying fund financial statements.

#### Use Of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principals requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 2. Deposits And Investments

In accordance with its investment policy, the City takes a conservative, "prudent person" approach to its investment purchases and management. The focus of the City's policy is to invest public funds in safe and secure investments with sufficient liquidity to enable the City to meet the cash flow demands of operations, while obtaining the best rate of return, given the investment risk and cash flow restraints of the policy. The City has two pension trust funds, the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (UERF) and the Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (NUERF). Each fund has a separate, but similar, investment policy with similar objectives.

A summary of deposits and investments as of September 30, 2006 is as follows:

_	Cost	Fair Value
Governmental Activities		
Cash and Temporary Investment	\$ 3,760,537	\$ 3,760,537
Money Market Fund	2,123,419	2,123,419
Certificates of Deposit	2,726,461	2,746,778
U.S. Agencies	7,606,539	6,847,182
=	\$ 16,216,956	\$ 15,477,916
Business Type Activity - Enterprise Fund		
Cash and Temporary Investment	\$ 19,112	\$ 19,112
U.S. Agencies	10,665,924	10,536,587
<u>-</u>	\$ 10,685,036	\$ 10,555,699
_	Cost	Fair Value
Pension Trust Funds	Cost	Fair Value
Pension Trust Funds Cash and Temporary Investment	* 485,262	<b>Fair Value</b> \$ 485,262
Cash and Temporary Investment	\$ 485,262	\$ 485,262
Cash and Temporary Investment Mutual Funds	\$ 485,262 17,166,303	\$ 485,262 22,049,479
Cash and Temporary Investment Mutual Funds U.S. Treasuries	\$ 485,262 17,166,303 946,030	\$ 485,262 22,049,479 970,417
Cash and Temporary Investment Mutual Funds U.S. Treasuries U.S. Agencies	\$ 485,262 17,166,303 946,030 3,821,943	\$ 485,262 22,049,479 970,417 3,829,955
Cash and Temporary Investment Mutual Funds U.S. Treasuries U.S. Agencies Common Stocks	\$ 485,262 17,166,303 946,030 3,821,943 2,289,074	\$ 485,262 22,049,479 970,417 3,829,955 2,364,900
Cash and Temporary Investment Mutual Funds U.S. Treasuries U.S. Agencies Common Stocks Corporate Bonds	\$ 485,262 17,166,303 946,030 3,821,943 2,289,074 2,584,641	\$ 485,262 22,049,479 970,417 3,829,955 2,364,900 2,631,077

#### **Investment Policy**

#### **Governmental And Business Type Activities**

The objectives of the City's investment policy, as adopted by the Board of Aldermen, are the following:

<u>Legality</u>: Every investment shall be made in accordance with applicable federal, state and local statutory provisions.

<u>Safety</u>: Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital.

<u>Liquidity</u>: The City's investment portfolio must remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements, which might be reasonably anticipated.

<u>Return on Investment</u>: The City's investment portfolio shall be managed with the objective of obtaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.

These objectives support the City's conservative and prudent approach to investment management. The policy also addresses qualified institutions, appropriate investments, collateralization, safekeeping, institutional diversification of the portfolio, maximum maturities, performance standards, and reporting requirements.

#### **Pension Trust Funds**

The investment policy for both of the City's pension trust funds, as adopted by each separate entity, states that the primary fiduciary responsibility of each pension's board is to:

- Ensure that the assets of the plans are responsibly and prudently managed in accordance with the actuarial needs of the plans while adhering to sound and accepted financial investment procedures.
- 2) Diversify the portfolio to help ensure that adverse or unexpected activity will not have an excessively detrimental impact on the entire portfolio. Investment management will be delegated to external professional organizations for the sole benefit of the membership and their beneficiaries for the purpose of providing a retirement benefit.

Performance objectives, asset allocation guidelines and permissible investments are outlined in each policy. The Plans' total return is expected to provide results, using a three-year moving average, of an absolute return equal or superior to each plan's actuarial assumed rate of return.

#### **Investment Types and Maturities**

#### Governmental and Business Type Activities

As of September 30, 2006 the governmental activities and business type activity portfolios had the following investments and maturities:

Governmental Activitie	es	Investmen	nt Maturities (	In Years)
		Less		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10
		\$		
U.S. Agencies	\$ 6,847,182	1,297,370	\$ 4,840,805	\$ 709,007
Business Type Activity	- Enterprise Fund	Investme	nt Maturities (	In Years)
Business Type Activity	- Enterprise runu	Less	ut Maturities	III Tears)
Investment Type	Fair Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10
U.S. Agencies	\$ 10,536,587	\$ 4,809,089	\$ 4,593,175	\$ 1,134,323

The City's investment policy governs all investment activity, except investments in the pension funds. The City's policy limits investments to bonds, bills or notes of the United States or an agency thereof, negotiable or non-negotiable certificates of deposit, savings accounts and other interest-earning deposit accounts of authorized financial institutions, or repurchase agreements (with acceptable collateral in an amount greater than the amount of the repurchase agreement including accrued interest) through approved financial institutions with a previously signed Master Repurchase Agreement. In accordance with its policy, the City tries to maintain a high level of liquidity to allow the City to meet its operating requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not invest in securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase, unless circumstances warrant other consideration.

The City also invests in mortgage-backed securities, such as collateralized mortgage obligations. These securities are reported at fair value and are based on the cash flows from interest payments by the underlying mortgages. As a result, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates. For example, if interest rates decline and homeowners refinance mortgages, thereby prepaying the mortgages underlying these securities, the cash flow from interest payments is reduced and the value of these securities declines. Likewise, if homeowners pay on mortgages longer than anticipated, the cash flows are greater and the return on the initial investment would be higher than anticipated.

#### **Pension Trust Funds**

As of September 30, 2006, the UERF and NUERF investment portfolios had the following investments and maturities:

				In	vesti	nent Matur	rities	(In Years)	)	
				Less		·				More
Investment Type	F	air Value	1	Than 1		1-5		6-10		Than 10
U.S. Treasuries	\$	970,417	\$	www.	\$	317,737	\$	118,144	\$	534,536
U.S. Agencies		3,829,955	1	24,961		467,162		371,484	2	2,866,348
Corporate Bonds		2,631,077	2	228,898		882,388		574,164		945,627
Taxable Municipal										
Obligations		547,402		19,837		307,013		220,552		_
Fixed Income - Mutual										
Funds		2,729,124		•		2,729,124				-
Foreign Bonds		239,955				46,979		192,976		_
	\$ 1	10,947,930	\$ 3	373,696	\$	4,750,403	\$	1,477,320	\$	4,346,511

#### **Credit Risk**

#### **Governmental And Business Type Activities**

The City's investment policy does not address credit quality standards. The following table provides information on the credit ratings associated with the City's investments as of September 30, 2006, excluding obligations of the United States government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the United States government.

#### **Governmental Activities**

	S&P	Fair Value
U.S. Agencies	AAA	\$ 6,847,182
Business Type Activity - Enterp	rise Fund	
	S&P	Fair Value
U.S. Agencies	AAA	\$ 10,536,587

#### **Pension Trust Funds**

The investment policy does not address credit quality standards. The following table reflects the credit ratings for the two retirement plans associated with the securities invested in the pension trust funds as of September 30, 2006, excluding obligations of the United States government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the United States government.

	S&P	Fair Value
U.S. Agencies	AAA	\$ 3,829,955
Corporate Bonds	AAA	962,369
Corporate Bonds	AA	241,991
Corporate Bonds	A	1,002,322
Corporate Bonds	BBB	424,395
Fixed Income - Mutual Funds	unrated	2,729,124
Taxable Municipal Obligations	AAA	513,098
Taxable Municipal Obligations	AA	34,304
Foreign Bonds	AAA	192,976
Foreign Bonds	A	46,979
		\$ 9,977,513

#### **Concentration Of Risk**

#### **Governmental And Business Type Activities**

The City will diversify its investments by institution. With the exception of bonds, bills or notes of the United States government or any agency thereof, including authorized pools, it shall be the goal of the City that no more than 80% of the City's investment portfolio will be invested in a single institution. As of September 30, 2006, the City had the following investment concentrations with one issuer:

#### **Governmental Activities**

Federal Home Loan Bank	39%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	33%
Federal National Mortgage Association	28%
	100%

#### **Business Type Activity - Enterprise Fund**

Federal Home Loan Bank	81%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	13%
Federal National Mortgage Association	6%
	100%

#### **Pension Trust Funds**

As of September 30, 2006, the pension plans had the following investment concentrations with one issuer:

Federal National Mortgage Association

6%

The pension investment policies specify that investments held by these plans shall be 55-65% equity securities and 35-45% fixed income securities. The equity securities have further target allocations for the whole portfolio as follows: 40% large cap, 10% small cap and 10% international equities. The trustees of the plans follow these guidelines for all investments while adhering to the list of permissible investments outlined in the policies. The funds in the plans are invested over the long term in keeping with the objective of providing retirement benefits for its members.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

#### **Governmental And Business Type Activities**

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with its policy, the City addresses custodial risk by pre-qualifying institutions with which the City places investments, diversifying the investment portfolio, and maintaining a standard of quality for investments.

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution. The City has an unrated money market account that is covered by excess deposit insurance for amounts above the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

#### **Pension Trusts**

For investments in the pension trust funds, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the pension funds will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2006, the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund has \$8,218,804 in treasuries, agencies, municipal obligations, and corporate and foreign bonds that are held by the counterparty's trust department, but, not in the name of the Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund.

## 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows:

	Balance - October 1, 2005	Additions	Retirements	Balance - September 30, 2006
Government Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
	A 1 000 510	\$	¢.	A 1050 F15
Land	\$ 1,072,517	*	\$ —	\$ 1,072,517
Construction in process		231,275		231,275
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	1,072,517	231,275		1,303,792
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	16,162,062		_	16,162,062
Improvements other than buildings	259,710		_	259,710
Machinery and equipment	4,909,168	948,817	462,058	5,395,927
Infrastructure	24,093,773	_	_	24,093,773
Total capital assets being depreciated	45,424,713	948,817	462,058	45,911,472
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,775,152	420,048		2,195,200
Improvements other than buildings	221,628	3,840	_	225,468
Machinery and equipment	3,353,865	394,415	408,592	3,339,688
Infrastructure	6,365,076	481,861	_	6,846,937
Total accumulated depreciation	11,715,721	1,300,164	408,592	12,607,293
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	33,708,992	(351,347)	53,466	33,304,179
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 34,781,509	\$ (120,072)	\$ 53,466	\$ 34,607,971

_	Balance - October 1, 2005	Additions	Retirements	Balance - September 30, 2006
M				
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	A 0.000 FF		A F00.00F	A 1 500 000
Land	\$ 2,287,574	<u> </u>	\$ 560,905	\$ 1,726,669
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	16,035,987	_	2,741,437	13,294,550
Improvements other than buildings	78,602			78,602
Machinery and equipment	203,280	52,121	_	255,401
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	16,317,869	52,121	2,741,437	13,628,553
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	2,398,680	311,212	1,270,775	1,439,117
Improvements other than buildings	46,626	1,510	_	48,136
Machinery and equipment	115,106	21,877	_	136,983
Total accumulated depreciation	2,560,412	334,599	1,270,775	1,624,236
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	13,757,457	(282,478)	1,470,662	12,004,317
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 16,045,031	\$ (282,478)	\$ 2,031,567	\$ 13,730,986

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	For The Year Ended September 30, 2006
Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 223,202
Public safety	215,543
Streets and highways	174,451
Parks and recreation	686,968
	\$ 1,300,164
Business-type activity:	
Parking operations	\$ 334,599

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 4. Restricted Assets

The account balances shown below are restricted in accordance with the 2005A and 2005B bond indentures:

	September 30, 2006		
	Actual	Required	
Series 2005A Bond Reserve Account	\$ 1,190,979	\$ 1,132,500	
Series 2005B Bond Reserve Account	261,062	243,000	
	\$ 1,452,041	\$ 1,375,500	

## 5. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Individual interfund assets and liabilities are as follows:

#### Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	September 30, 2006
Receivable Fund	1 ayable 1 unu	2000
General Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	\$ 208,394
General Fund	Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road	
	Fund	29,127

The amounts due to or from individual funds represent interfund borrowings that arise in the normal course of business and are due to either timing differences or to the elimination of negative cash balances within various funds.

## 6. Interfund Transactions

Individual interfund transactions are as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	September 30, 2006
General Fund	Revolving Public Improvement Fund	\$ 57,392
Equipment Replacement Fund	Revolving Public Improvement Fund	303,203
Equipment Replacement Fund	Special Taxing District	1,539
2005 Bond Debt Service Fund	2005 Bond Reserve Fund	36,495
2005 Bond Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Project Fund	1,003,397
2005 Bond Debt Service Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	206,300
Revolving Public Improvement Fund	1997-98 Capital Project Bond Fund	90,284
Revolving Public Improvement Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	406,147
Capital Improvement Project Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	336,000
2002 Capital Project Bond Fund	Capital Improvement Project Fund	396,726
2002 Capital Bond Fund	Revolving Public Improvement Fund	650,914
Parking Facilities Fund	<b>Equipment Replacement Fund</b>	43,970
		\$ 3,532,367

Interfund transfers were used to 1) move revenues from the fund that ordinance or budget requires to collect them to the fund that ordinance or budget requires to expend them, 2) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance capital improvements and other activities in accordance with budgetary authorization, or 3) move revenues in excess of current year expenditures to other funds.

## 7. Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities was as follows:

_	Balance - October 1, 2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance- September 30, 2006	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Special obligation capital					
improvement bonds	\$ 21,230,000	\$ —	\$ 1,655,000	\$ 19,575,000	\$ 1,555,000
General obligation bonds	7,410,000	_	810,000	6,600,000	840,000
Capital lease	11,971	_	3,829	8,142	3,988
	28,651,971	_	2,468,829	26,183,142	2,398,988
*Compensated absences	237,140	633,292	633,923	236,509	236,509
	\$ 28,889,111	\$ 633,292	\$ 3,102,752	26,419,651	\$ 2,635,497
Less: Deferred Amount on Refunding Governmental Activities				425,368	-
Long-Term Liabilities				\$ 25,994,283	
* The liability for compensated absences ha	s historically been	n liquidated ir	n each respectiv		= ınd.

ısiness-Type Activity						
Special obligation capital						
improvement bonds	\$ 2,655,000	\$ -	_	\$ 225,000	\$ 2,430,000	\$ 190,000
Note payable	2,091,341	•	-	120,000	1,971,341	125,000
	4,746,341	-		345,000	4,401,341	315,000
**Compensated absences	1,148	16,34	1	15,991	1,498	1,498
	\$ 4,747,489	\$ 16,34	1	\$ 360,991	4,402,839	\$ 316,498
ess: Deferred Amount on Refunding				_	215,932	
ısiness-Type Activity						
Long-Term Liabilities					\$4,186,907	

<sup>\*\*</sup> The liability for compensated absences has historically been liquidated by the Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, the City issued Special Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A and Series 2005B in the amount \$12,165,000 (Series 2005A) and \$2,655,000 (Series 2005B) with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.1% and 4.85% for the Series 2005A and Series 2005B, respectively. These bond issuances are being used to advance refund maturities of the following bond issuances: Maturities for 2006 through 2017 of Series 1997 with interest rates ranging from 4.5% to 5.125%, with a call option in 2007; maturities for 2006 through 2017 of Series 1998A with interest rates of 4.5% to 5.0%, with a call option in 2007; maturities for 2006 through 2016 of Series 1998B with interest rates ranging from 6.5% to 7.0%, with a call option in 2007. The net issuances of \$14,765,174, after payment of \$156,526 of issuance costs, were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the payment of principal and interest through maturity of the aforementioned coupons on the Series 1997, 1998A, and 1998B bonds. This advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance defeasance and the obligations related to the aforementioned maturities of the Series 1997, 1998A, and 1998B bonds were removed from the City's government-wide financial statements.

The special obligation capital improvements bonds totaling \$9,175,000, \$5,160,000 and \$9,950,000 were issued on December 1, 1997, February 1, 1998, and December 30, 2002, respectively. The \$9,175,000 Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 1997 mature from 1999 to 2018 with interest rates of 4.500% to 5.125% (average interest rate of 4.680%). The \$5,160,000 Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 1998A mature 1999 to 2018 with interest rates of 4.375% to 5.000% (average interest rate of 4.640%). The \$9,950,000 Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 2002 mature 2004 to 2007 with an interest rate of 2.650%.

The general obligation bonds totaling \$9,500,000, \$4,500,000 and \$8,410,000 were issued on December 15, 1993, February 1, 1994, and June 1, 1999, respectively. The \$9,500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 1993 mature from 1996 to 2013 with interest rates of 3.900% to 6.900% (average interest rate of 4.790%). The \$4,500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 1994 mature from 1996 to 2014 with interest rates of 3.800% to 5.500% (average interest rate of 4.740%). The \$8,410,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 1999 mature from 1999 to 2012 with interest rates of 4.100% to 4.500% (average interest rate of 4.200%). The Series 1993 and Series 1994 bonds were partially refunded by the Series 1999 bonds.

The special obligation capital improvement bonds totaling \$625,000 and \$3,315,000 were issued on February 1, 1998. The \$625,000 Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 1998A mature 1999 to 2018 with interest rates of 4.375% to 5.000% (average interest rate of 4.640%). The \$3,315,000 Taxable Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 1998B mature from 1999 to 2017 with interest rates of 6.250% to 6.625% (average interest rate of 6.400%).

In prior years, the City has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt has matured and, therefore, the defeased debt was removed as a liability from the City's financial statements. As of September 30, 2006, the amount of prior years' defeased debt outstanding, but removed from the financial statements amounted to \$13,295,000.

The City has an agreement with St. Louis County, Missouri (the County) to pay for a portion of the Shaw Park Parking Garage. The garage was completed in fiscal year 2005 and the City's portion of the garage to be repaid to the County is \$2,764,176. The note bears interest at rates similar to those found in the bonds the County issued, which ranges from 4.000% to 4.750%. The City started making payments to the County in fiscal year 2005 of \$19,234 per month with payments continuing through May 2018.

#### **Capital Lease**

The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a voice logging system. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of its future lease payments as of the inception date.

Contombon 20 2000

The asset acquired through the capital lease is as follows:

	September 30, 2006
Asset:	
Machinery and equipment	\$ 19,804
Less: Accumulated depreciation	9,902
Total	\$ 9,902

#### Maturities

Aggregate maturities required on long-term debt for governmental activities are as follows:

For The Year Ending	Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2007	\$ 1,555,000	\$ 616,841	\$ 2,171,841	
2008	8,085,000	485,400	8,570,400	
2009	725,000	364,528	1,089,528	
2010	745,000	340,615	1,085,615	
2011	770,000	314,103	1,084,103	
2012 - 2016	4,330,000	1,117,719	5,447,719	
2017 – 2018	3,365,000	155,072	3,520,072	
	\$ 19,575,000	\$ 3,394,278	\$ 22,969,278	

For The Year Ending September 30,	General Obligation Bonds			
	Principal Interest		Total	
2007	\$ 840,000	\$ 265,418	\$ 1,105,418	
2008	875,000	229,831	1,104,831	
2009	915,000	192,460	1,107,460	
2010	950,000	153,058	1,103,058	
2011	995,000	111,478	1,106,478	
2012 – 2013	2,025,000	89,367	2,114,367	
	\$ 6,600,000	\$ 1,041,612	\$ 7,641,612	

Aggregate maturities required on long-term debt for business-type activity are as follows:

For The Year Ending	Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bond				
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2007	\$ 190,000	\$ 113,248	\$ 303,248		
2008	200,000	103,790	303,790		
2009	205,000	93,969	298,969		
2010	220,000	83,663	303,663		
2011	235,000	72,629	307,629		
2012 - 2016	1,380,000	175,813	1,555,813		
	\$ 2,430,000	\$ 643,112	\$ 3,073,112		

For The Year Ending	St Louis County Parking Garage Repayment				
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2007	\$ 125,000	\$ 89,055	\$ 214,055		
2008	130,000	84,055	214,055		
2009	140,000	78,725	218,725		
2010	145,000	72,845	217,845		
2011	150,000	66,610	216,610		
2012 - 2016	865,000	224,642	1,089,642		
2017 – 2018	416,341	30,052	446,393		
	\$ 1,971,341	\$ 645,984	\$ 2,617,325		

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments for the governmental activities are as follows:

Year	Amount
2007	\$ 4,326
2008	4,326
Total minimum lease payments	8,652
Less: Imputed interest	510
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 8,142

#### 8. 401(k) Plan

The Board of Aldermen voted on September 27, 2005 to terminate the 401(k) Clayton Uniformed Employees Plan based on recommendations from the participants. During fiscal year 2006, the participants transferred all of their assets to other IRC eligible deferred compensation programs.

#### **Financial Statements**

#### **Statement Of Fiduciary Net Assets**

Total Assets	\$	
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits	\$	
Statement Of Changes In Fiduciary Ne	t Assets	
Additions (Reductions)		
Investment income:		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value		
of investments and interest and dividends	\$	(30,257)
Less: Interest expense		
Total Investment Income		
Total Additions (Reductions)		
Deductions		
	·	1,084,765
Deductions	(	1,084,765 1,115,022)
Deductions Benefits	(	

## 9. Employee Retirement Benefit Plans

The City maintains two single-employer, defined benefit pension plans. The City's total payroll for the year ended September 30, 2006 was \$10,330,575. The actuarial accrued liability and actuarial value of assets for both plans is as follows:

	Non-Uniformed Employees July 1, 2005		Uniformed Employees January 1, 2006	
Actuarial value of assets	\$	8,655,695	\$ 22,514,850	
Actuarial accrued liability		8,512,416	27,182,515	
Excess of assets over (unfunded)				
actuarial accrued liability	\$	143,279	\$ (4,667,665)	

## Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund Financial Statements

#### **Statement Of Fiduciary Net Assets**

Cash and investments	\$ 9,399,019
Interest receivable	4,598
Total Assets	9,403,617
Net Assets Held For Pension Benefits	\$ 9,403,617

#### Statement Of Changes In Fiduciary Net Assets

Additions		
Contributions:		
Participant contributions	\$	
Employer contributions		
Total Contributions		
Investment income:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		
and interest and dividends	73	6,062
Less: Investment expense		1,988)
Total Investment Income		4,074
Total Additions	68	4,074
Deductions		
Benefits	24	4,430
Change In Net Assets	43	9,644
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits, Beginning Of Year	8,96	3,973
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits,	40.40	0.015
End Of Year	\$ 9,40	3,617

#### **Plan Description And Provisions**

The City sponsors and administers a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (NUERF), which covers substantially all full-time employees not covered under the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund. The NUERF does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The covered compensation for employees in the NUERF at July 1, 2005 was \$3,971,048. Current membership in the NUERF is as follows:

July 1, 2005
27
25
57
33

Employees become eligible to participate in the NUERF after completion of six months of full-time employment. Employees attaining the age of 60 are entitled to annual benefits of 1.5% for each year of credited service times the average monthly compensation which is equal to the highest five consecutive years out of the last ten. All benefits are vested after 5 years of credited service. The NUERF permits early retirement at the completion of 10 years of credited service and attainment of age 55. The employee receives a retirement benefit, based on age, credited service, and average monthly compensation at early retirement, reduced by .25% for each month that early retirement precedes normal retirement.

If an employee terminates his/her employment and is not eligible for any other benefits under the NUERF, the employee is entitled to the following:

- With less than 5 years of credited service, a refund of member contributions plus 4% interest.
- With 5 or more years of credited service, the pension accrued to date of termination, payable commencing at his/her normal retirement date.

#### **Funding Policy**

Employees are required to contribute 3% of annual salary to the NUERF. However, contribution requirements have been temporarily suspended since 1991. Investment income currently covers the costs of the NUERF. The City is required by plan ordinance to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially recommended City contribution is 6.42% of covered compensation. For the plan year ending June 30, 2005, the latest actuarial valuation date, there was an actuarial required employer contribution of \$111,731. The City has not determined the amount that will be contributed as of September 30, 2006.

## **Annual Pension Cost And Net Pension Obligation**

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the NUERF are as follows:

	Pension Plan						
Valuation Dated July 1,	Net Pension Obligation (Asset) Beginning Of Year	Annual Required Contribution	Interest On Net Pension Obligation (Asset)	Adjustment To Annual Required Contribution	Annual Pension Cost	Actual Contri- butions	Net Pension Obligation (Asset) End Of Year
2005	\$ 53,259	\$ 111,731	\$ 1,631	\$ (2,557)	\$ 110,805	\$ —	\$ 164,064
2004	(163,572)	209,866	(12,258)	19,223	216,831	_	53,259
2003	(105,197)	_	(7,364)	11,547	4,183	62,558	(163,572)

Historical trend information about the City's participation in the Plan is presented below.

	Pension Plan				
Actuarial Valuation	Annual Pension	Percentage	Net Pension Obligation		
Dated July 1,	Cost	Contributed	(Asset)		
2005	¢ 110 005	CT.	¢ 164.064		
2005	\$ 110,805	—%	\$ 164,064		
2004	216,831	%	53,259		
2003	4,183	1,495%	(163,572)		

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	July 1, 2005
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age (Normal)
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	Closed
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7%
Projected salary increases	4.5%
Post-retirement benefit increases	Lower of annual
	consumer price index or
	2%

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule Of Funding Progress				
Actuarial Value Of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Excess Of Assets Over AAL		
\$ 8,655,695	\$ 8,512,416	\$ 143,279		
8,309,122	8,277,529	31,593		
8,054,378	7,356,093	698,285		
7,660,471	7,476,674	183,797		
8,148,374	6,481,796	1,666,578		
8,291,350	5,782,917	2,508,433		
	Actuarial Value Of Assets \$ 8,655,695 8,309,122 8,054,378 7,660,471 8,148,374	Actuarial         Value Of         Actuarial Accrued           Assets         Liability (AAL)           \$ 8,655,695         \$ 8,512,416           8,309,122         8,277,529           8,054,378         7,356,093           7,660,471         7,476,674           8,148,374         6,481,796		

Actuarial		Annual	Excess Of Assets As A Percentage
Valuation	Funded	Covered	Of Covered
Dated July 1,	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
2005	101.68%	\$ 3,971,048	3.60%
2004	100.38%	3,806,509	0.83%
2003	109.49%	3,676,619	18.99%
2002	102.46%	4,112,317	4.47%
2001	125.71%	3,532,356	47.18%
2000	143.38%	3,336,208	75.19%

	Annual		
For The Years	Required	Actual	Percentage
Ended June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed
2006	\$ 111,731	\$ —	
2005	209,866		_
2004	_	_	_
2003	54,152	181,951	336%
2002	_	_	
2001			

## City Of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund Financial Statements

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets		
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	485,262
Investments:		
U.S. government and agency securities		4,800,372
Foreign bonds		239,955
Common Stocks		2,364,900
Corporate bonds		2,631,077
Taxable municipal obligations		547,402
Mutual funds		12,650,460
Interest receivable		87,069
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$	23,806,497
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net As Additions	ssets	
Contributions:		
Participant contributions	\$	216,234
	Ψ	,
Employer contributions  Total Contributions		798,089 1,014,323

#### Plan Description And Provisions

Under Ordinance No. 5028 as amended by Ordinance No. 5043, the City established a single-employer defined benefit plan, City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (the UERF) that provides retirement, disability and death benefits. The UERF does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The covered compensation for employees in the UERF at January 1, 2006 was \$5,170,744. Current membership in the UERF is as follows:

Group	January 1, 2006
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	42
Vested terminated employees	4
Active employees:	
Fully vested	46
Non-vested	41

Each employee who is employed by the City as a police officer or firefighter shall be eligible to participate in the UERF on the date the employee becomes a police officer of firefighter. Employees are vested after ten years. If an employee terminates before ten years of service, they are entitled to a refund of the employee contribution plus interest earned at 5%.

Employees are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 and completion of ten years of credited service or age 50 and completion of 25 years of credited service or age 65 with completion of five years of credited service. The monthly retirement benefit is based on the final average salary, which is calculated as the greater of the top pay range of a police officer/firefighter or of the actual highest five year average annual salary out of the last ten years. The actual benefit is based on two percent for each year of credited service to a maximum of 60% of the final average monthly salary. Disabled employees or their surviving spouse will receive benefits based upon the years of service and basic pay of the employee as of such date. Early retirement is available to vested employees, but benefits are not paid until age 55.

#### **Funding Policy**

City ordinance requires each member to contribute 5% of basic pay during the first 30 years of credited service. The ordinance requires the City to contribute the actuarially computed amounts, which, together with employee contributions and investment income, will cover the costs of the Plan.

#### Annual Pension Cost And Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (asset) for the UERF are as follows:

	Pension Plan						
Actuarial Valuation Dated	Net Pension Obligation (Asset) Beginning Of Year	Annual Required Contribution	Interest On Net Pension Obligation (Asset)	Adjustment To Annual Required Contribution	Annual Pension Cost	Actual Contri- bution	Net Pension Obligation (Asset) End Of Year
January 1,	Of fear	Contribution	(Asset)	Contribution	Cost	Dutton	End Of Tear
					***		
2006	\$ (263,330)	\$ 798,089	\$ (18,433)	\$ 14,720	\$ 794,376	\$ 798,089	\$ (267,043)
2006 2005	\$ (263,330) (258,944)	\$ 798,089 819,885	\$ (18,433) (18,126)	\$ 14,720 13,740	\$ 794,376 815,489	\$ 798,089 819,885	\$ (267,043) (263,330)

Historical trend information about the City's participation in the UERF is presented below:

Pension Plan				
Actuarial	Annual	D	Net Pension	
Valuation	Pension	Percentage	Obligation	
Dated January 1,	Cost	Contributed	(Asset)	
2006	\$ 794,376	100.5%	\$ (267,043)	
2005	815,499	100.5%	(263,330)	
2004	842,187	100.5%	(258,944)	

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	January 1, 2006
Actuarial cost method	Entry age (normal)
Amortization method	Closed
Amortization period	28 years
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	3.5%
Post-retirement benefit increases	Lower of annual
	consumer price index
	or 2%

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule Of Funding Pr	ogress
------------------------	--------

Actuarial	Actuarial		
Valuation	Value Of	<b>Actuarial Accrued</b>	Unfunded
Dated January 1,	Assets	Liability (AAL)	AAL
2006	\$ 22,515,000	\$ 27,183,000	\$ (4,668,000)
2005	21,317,000	26,264,000	(4,947,000)
2004	19,197,000	24,962,000	(5,765,000)
2003	17,284,000	23,705,000	(6,421,000)
2002	17,287,000	22,239,000	(4,952,000)
2001	17,397,000	19,930,000	(2,533,000)

#### **Schedule Of Funding Progress (Continued)**

			Unfunded
Actuarial			AAL As A
Valuation	<b>Funded</b>	Covered	Percentage Of
Dated January 1,	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2006	82.8%	\$ 5,171,000	(90.3)%
2005	81.2%	4,905,000	(100.8)%
2004	76.9%	4,314,000	(133.7)%
2003	72.9%	3,933,000	(163.2)%
2002	77.7%	4,299,000	(115.2)%
2001	87.3%	3,693,000	(68.6)%

## Schedule Of Employer's Contributions

For The Years Ended December 31,	Annual Required Contribution	Actual Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2006	\$ 798,089	\$ 798,089	100.0%
2005	819,885	819,885	100.0%
2004	846,500	846,500	100.0%
2003	707,416	707,416	100.0%
2002	510,886	510,886	100.0%
2001	77,429	273,247	352.9%

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 10. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City participates in a deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

#### 11. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City uses its Insurance Fund (an Internal Service Fund) to account for its risks of loss. During fiscal year 2005, the City made changes to its risk management program to lower premiums or to limit its financial exposure for claims.

Beginning in January 2005, the City joined the St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT), a public entity risk pool, for general liability, law enforcement liability, public officials E&O, and automobile liability. The City's insurance coverage with each category of risk is in the amount of \$2 million per occurrence. The City pays an annual contribution to SLAIT for its insurance coverage. Should the contributions received not produce sufficient funds to meet obligations, SLAIT is empowered to make special assessments. Members of SLAIT are jointly and severally liable for all claims against SLAIT. Prior to joining SLAIT the City was insured with a state-wide public entity risk pool, Missouri Public Entity Risk Management Fund (MOPERM), which operated in the same manner. The City of Clayton has no unsettled claims with MOPERM for which there is financial responsibility.

Until May 20, 2005, the City was self-insured for Workers' Compensation claims. As of September 30, 2006, one claim remains open (liability listed below) for which the City has no further financial responsibility. The remaining claim occurred in a year when the self-retention limit was exceeded. Therefore, any further claim payments will be reimbursed by the excess carrier. Since May 20, 2005, the City is insured for this coverage with SLAIT. SLAIT does not charge a deductible and therefore the City does not accrue a claims liability for workers' compensation claims (provided annual contributions are sufficient to pay the claims of the pool).

The Insurance Fund charges other funds for insurance coverage based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior year and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. The claims liability reported, if any, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. There is no claims liability at September 30, 2006. Settlement claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Changes in the self-insured workers' compensation (prior to May 20, 2005) claims payable liability were as follows:

Unpaid claims, September 30, 2004	\$ 59,333
Incurred claims	23,843
Claim payments	(41,176)
Unpaid claims, September 30, 2005	42,000
Incurred claims	_
Claim payments	33,683
Reserve releases	8,317
Unpaid claims, September 30, 2006	\$

#### 12. Joint Venture

Pursuant to an agreement authorized by City ordinance, the City joined with the Clayton School District to construct and operate a recreational facility. The construction was funded by the City and the Clayton School District. Administration, accounting, repair, and maintenance of the facility will be shared in accordance with the agreement. The City has contributed approximately two-thirds of the construction in the amount of \$11,789,000. The joint venture's financial statements are available at the Clayton City Hall. The City is liable for one-half of any operational cash shortages incurred by the joint venture. The City paid \$75,000 for its share of the operational cash shortages incurred by the joint venture for the year ended September 30, 2006.

Condensed summary of financial information for the joint venture as of and for its fiscal year ended September 30, 2006 is as follows:

Assets	\$ 16,495,274
Liabilities	\$ 733,383
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	15,785,414
Unrestricted deficit	(23,523)
Net Assets	\$ 16,495,274
Operating revenue	\$ 2,536,649
Operating expenses	3,262,270
Nonoperating revenue	37,921
Capital contributions	150,000
Change in net assets	\$ (537,700)

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### 13. Commitments And Contingencies

#### Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the current status of all these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

#### **Federal Grants**

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that such reimbursements, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

#### 14. Deficit Fund Balance

The Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$40,387 at September 30, 2006. This amount will be reimbursed by the developer of record.

Required Supplementary Information

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Original	Final		Ove	r (Under)
	Budget	Budget	Actual		Budget
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$ 4,646,207	\$ 4,646,207	\$ 4,901,035	\$	254,828
Licenses and permits	1,230,643	1,230,643	1,362,041		131,398
Public utility licenses	4,650,580	4,850,580	4,886,655		36,075
Intergovernmental	4,047,445	4,047,445	4,079,202		31,757
Community programs	966,637	966,637	1,112,109		145,472
Fines and forfeitures	725,900	725,900	765,952		40,052
Investment income	246,707	246,707	371,481		124,774
Miscellaneous	435,985	435,985	593,903		157,918
Total Revenues	16,950,104	17,150,104	18,072,378		922,274
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	3,869,802	3,876,732	3,914,983		38,251
Public safety	8,015,445	8,015,445	7,915,406		(100,039
Streets and highways	3,418,321	3,418,321	3,401,920		(16,401
Parks and recreation	1,679,604	1,679,604	1,657,498		(22,106
Total Expenditures	 16,983,172	 16,990,102	16,889,807		(100,295
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(33,068)	160,002	1,182,571		1,022,569
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	_	_	57,392		57,392
Transfers out	(2,563)	(2,563)	_		(2,563
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,563)	(2,563)	57,392		59,955
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ (35,631)	\$ 157,439	1,239,963	\$	1,082,524
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis					
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2006			4,095		
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2005			(3,976)		
Broams and the second at september 23, 233			119		
Net Change In Fund Balances - GAAP Basis			1,240,082		
			7,088,601		
Fund Balance - Beginning Of Year			 1,000,001		

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION September 30, 2006

#### **Explanation Of Budgetary Process**

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to August 1, the City Manager submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for all funds, except the Police Forfeiture and P.O.S.T. Fund, Firefighter Assistance Grant Fund, 1997-98 Capital Project Bond Fund, 401(k) Plan Fund, the Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road Fund, and proceeds from capital outlay for the fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings and open council meetings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to September 1, the budget is adopted by the Board of Aldermen.
- d. Budgets are adopted on a basis generally consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America except that budgetary basis expenditures include encumbrances and loan payments in connection with short-term financing. Budgetary comparisons in the required supplementary information and other supplemental information are presented on this budgetary basis. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.
- e. Current year budget includes amendments. Budget amendments between funds or departments must be approved by the Board of Aldermen.

Supplementary Information Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

**Special Taxing District Fund** - This fund is used to account for the ad valorem real estate tax assessed on the Special Business District, which funds are to be utilized for promotion, maintenance, and improvements of the district.

**Sewer Lateral Fund** - This fund is used to account for sewer lateral fees assessed on all residential property, which funds are to be utilized for the repair of sewer lateral service lines up to a maximum of \$3,000 per residence.

**Police Forfeiture and P.O.S.T. Fund** - This fund is used to account for the fines and forfeitures received, which funds are to be utilized for police assistance, police training and police equipment purchases.

**Firefighter Assistance Grant Fund** - This fund is used to account for the grant received, which funds are to be utilized for firefighter assistance.

**Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road** - This fund is used to account for fees associated with the redevelopment and construction of Forsyth and Hanley.

#### CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

1997-98 Capital Project Bond Fund - The 1997-98 Capital Project Bond Fund is a Capital Projects Fund used to account for specific improvements to park and recreational facilities and infrastructure improvements, which are funded by special obligation capital improvement bonds proceeds. The 1997-98 Capital Project Bond Fund was closed during fiscal year 2006.

2002 Capital Project Bond Fund - This fund is used to account for specific improvements to city hall/fire station renovation and renovation of the pool, diving tank and pool house at Shaw Park, which are funded by special obligation bond proceeds.

**Capital Improvement Project Fund** – This fund is used to account for improvements to park and recreational facilities and stormwater systems which is funded by a 1/2% sales tax.

#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt, principal, interest, and related costs.

2005 Bond Reserve Fund - This fund is used to account for the amounts reserved according to the bond issue.

1993-94, 99 Bond Issue Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation bond principal and interest.

**1997-98 Bond Debt Service Fund** - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, special obligation capital improvement bond principal and interest. This fund was closed during 2005.

**2005 Bond Debt Service Fund** - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, special obligation refunding bond principal and interest.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2006

	1	Special Revenue	1	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
		tevenue		Tojects	Service	1000
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	286,367	\$	246,762	\$ 967,063	\$ 1,500,192
Investments		98,329		98,329		196,658
Property taxes receivable		_		_	7,606	7,606
Intergovernmental receivable				188,268		188,268
Special assessments receivables				_	206,770	206,770
Interest receivable		915		915	12,124	13,954
Cash - restricted		_		_	113,420	113,420
Investments - restricted					1,190,979	1,190,979
Total Assets		385,611		534,274	2,497,962	3,417,847
Liabilities Accounts payable		26,186		205,062	2,362	233,610
Accounts payable					2,362	,
Accrued liabilities		10,923		54		10,977
Due to other funds Deferred revenue		29,127		_	214,376	29,127 214,376
Total Liabilities		66,236	_	205,116	216,738	488,090
Fund Balances Reserved for:						
Encumbrances		1,209		_	_	1,209
Debt service		_		-	2,281,224	2,281,224
Unreserved:						
Special Revenue Funds		318,166		_	4	318,166
Capital Projects Funds		_		329,158		329,158
Total Fund Balances		319,375		329,158	2,281,224	2,929,757
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$	385,611	\$	534,274	\$ 2,497,962	\$ 3,417,847

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2006

	Special Taxing District	Sewer Lateral	Police Forfeiture And P.O.S.T.	efighter sistance Grant	Redevel Forsyth	opment /Hanley Road	Total
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 92,371	\$ 162,205	\$ 30,593	\$ 1,198	\$		\$ 286,367
Investments	98,329	-	_	_		_	98,329
Interest receivable	915	_	 	 -		_	915
Total Assets	191,615	162,205	 30,593	1,198			 385,611
Liabilities And							
Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	12,276	2,650	_	_		11,260	26,186
Accrued liabilities	2,263	_	8,660	_		_	10,923
Due to other funds	_	_		_		29,127	29,127
Total Liabilities	14,539	 2,650	8,660	_		40,387	66,236
Fund Balances							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances		_		1,209		_	1,209
Unreserved:							
Special Revenue Funds	177,076	159,555	21,933	(11)		(40,387)	318,166
Total Fund Balances	177,076	159,555	21,933	1,198		(40,387)	319,375
Total Liabilities And							
Fund Balances	\$ 191,615	\$ 162,205	\$ 30,593	\$ 1,198	\$	_	\$ 385,611

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS September 30, 2006

	Improv	Capital vement Project Fund	Total
		runa	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	246,762	\$ 246,762
Investments		98,329	98,329
Intergovernmental receivable		188,268	188,268
Interest receivable		915	915
Total Assets		534,274	534,274
Liabilities			
		205 062	205 062
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		205,062 54	205,062 54
Accounts payable			,
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		54	54
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Total Liabilities		54	54
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities  Total Liabilities  Fund Balances Unreserved:		54	54 205,116
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Total Liabilities Fund Balances		54 205,116	54

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2006

	2005 Bond Reserve	1	993-94, 99 Bond Issue	2005 Bond Debt Service	 Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	\$	741,126	\$ 225,937	\$ 967,063
Property taxes receivable			7,606		7,606
Special assessment receivable	_		_	206,770	206,770
Interest receivable	12,124				12,124
Cash - restricted	113,420			_	113,420
Investments - restricted	 1,190,979			 _	 1,190,979
Total Assets	1,316,523		748,732	432,707	2,497,962
Liabilities And Fund Balances Liabilities					
Accounts payable			-	2,362	2,362
Deferred revenue	_		7,606	206,770	214,376
Total Liabilities			7,606	209,132	216,738
Fund Balances Reserved for: Debt service	 1,316,523		741,126	223,575	2,281,224
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$ 1,316,523	\$	748,732	\$ 432,707	\$ 2,497,962

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	 Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service Fund	Total
Revenues				
General property taxes	\$ 110,425	\$ _	\$ 1,075,408	\$ 1,185,833
Assessment income	97,978		51,253	149,231
Intergovernmental		1,477,746		1,477,746
Fines and forfeitures	11,814			11,814
Investment income	20,187	10,898	70,752	101,837
Miscellaneous	_	2,000	_	2,000
Total Revenues	 240,404	 1,490,644	 1,197,413	2,928,461
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	_		2,513	2,513
Public safety	6,743	_		6,743
Community development	254,375		_	254,375
Capital outlay	63,086	783,004	_	846,090
Debt service:				
Principal	_	815,000	1,650,000	2,465,000
Interest and fiscal charges		232,640	729,608	962,248
Total Expenditures	324,204	1,830,644	2,382,121	4,536,969
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(83,800)	 (340,000)	(1,184,708)	(1,608,508)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	_	1,383,640	1,246,192	2,629,832
Transfers out	(1,539)	(1,490,407)	(36,495)	(1,528,441)
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	(1,539)	(106,767)	1,209,697	1,101,391
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(85,339)	(446,767)	24,989	(507,117)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year	 404,714	 775,925	2,256,235	 3,436,874
End of year	\$ 319,375	\$ 329,158	\$ 2,281,224	\$ 2,929,757

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

			Police			
	Special		Forfeiture	Firefighter	Redevelopment	
	Taxing	Sewer	And	Assistance	Forsyth/Hanley	
	District	Lateral	P.O.S.T.	Grant	Road	Total
Revenues						
General property taxes	\$ 110,425	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$	\$ 110,425
Assessment income	_	97,978	_	_		97,978
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	11,814	_	*******	11,814
Investment income	10,348	8,069	1,351	_	419	20,187
Total Revenues	120,773	106,047	13,165	_	419	240,404
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public safety			6,743	_		6,743
Community development	173,167	_	****	_	81,208	254,375
Capital outlay		61,073	_	2,013	_	63,086
Total Expenditures	173,167	61,073	6,743	2,013	81,208	324,204
Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	(52,394)	44,974	6,422	(2,013)	(80,789)	(83,800)
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers out	(1,539)		_	_	_	(1,539)
Total Other Financing						
Uses	(1,539)	_		_		(1,539)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(53,933)	44,974	6,422	(2,013)	(80,789)	(85,339)
Fund Balances						
Beginning of year	231,009	114,581	15,511	3,211	40,402	404,714
End of year	\$ 177,076	\$ 159,555	\$ 21,933	\$ 1,198	\$ (40,387)	\$ 319,375

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	C P	997-98 apital roject Fund	Imp	Capital provement Project Fund	2002 Capital Project Bond Fund	Total
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	1,477,746	\$ —	\$ 1,477,746
Investment income				10,898	_	10,898
Miscellaneous				2,000		2,000
Total Revenues				1,490,644	_	 1,490,644
Expenditures						
Current:						
Capital outlay		_		783,004	_	783,004
Debt service:						
Principal				_	815,000	815,000
Interest and fiscal charges					232,640	232,640
Total Expenditures				783,004	1,047,640	 1,830,644
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			,	707,640	(1,047,640)	 (340,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		_		336,000	1,047,640	1,383,640
Transfers out		(90,284)		(1,400,123)		 (1,490,407)
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		(90,284)		(1,064,123)	1,047,640	(106,767)
Net Changes In Fund Balances		(90,284)		(356,483)	_	(446,767)
Fund Balances						
Beginning of year		90,284		685,641		 775,925
End of year	\$		\$	329,158	\$	\$ 329,158

# COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	 2005 Bond Reserve	199	3-94, 99 Bond Issue	2005 Bond Debt Service	Total
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$ _	\$ 1	,075,408	\$ 	\$ 1,075,408
Assessment income	_		_	51,253	51,253
Investment income	24,892		45,860	 _	 70,752
Total Revenues	 24,892	1	,121,268	51,253	 1,197,413
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government			_	2,513	2,513
Debt service:					
Principal			810,000	840,000	1,650,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_		299,905	429,703	729,608
Total Expenditures		1	,109,905	1,272,216	2,382,121
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	24,892		11,363	(1,220,963)	(1,184,708)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	_			1,246,192	1,246,192
Transfers out	(36,495)			_	(36,495)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(36,495)		_	1,246,192	1,209,697
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(11,603)		11,363	25,229	24,989
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year	 1,328,126		729,763	198,346	2,256,235
End of year	\$ 1,316,523	\$	741,126	\$ 223,575	\$ 2,281,224

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – BUDGET BASIS September 30, 2006

	Fina	l Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
General property taxes:				
Current real estate	\$	127,400	\$ 110,611	\$ (16,789)
Intangible property tax		550	_	(550)
Total General Property Taxes		127,950	110,611	(17,339)
Investment income		5,700	10,348	4,648
Total Revenues	,	133,650	120,959	(12,691)
Expenditures				
Community development		186,080	 173,167	 (12,913)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(52,430)	(52,209)	221
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers out		(1,539)	 (1,539)	
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	(53,969)	(53,748)	\$ 221
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year			 231,009	
End of year		_	\$ 177,261	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SEWER LATERAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Fina	Final Budget Actual			Over (Under) Budget	
Revenues						
Assessment income	\$	96,000	\$	97,978	\$	1,978
Investment income		3,750		8,069		4,319
Total Revenues		99,750		106,047		6,297
Expenditures						
Capital outlay		99,750		61,073	(	(38,677)
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$			44,974	\$	44,974
Fund Balances						
Beginning of year				114,581		
End of year			\$	159,555		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

_	Fi	nal Budget	Actual	 Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$	1,385,862	\$ 1,477,747	\$ 91,885
Investment income			10,898	10,898
Miscellaneous		330,000	2,000	(328,000)
Total Revenues		1,715,862	1,490,645	(225,217)
Expenditures				
Capital outlay		1,071,858	782,953	 (288,905)
Revenues Over Expenditures		644,004	707,692	 63,688
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		336,000	336,000	
Transfers out		(1,400,123)	(1,400,123)	
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)		(1,064,123)	(1,064,123)	 
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	(420,119)	(356,431)	\$ 63,688
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis				
Encumbrances reserved at				
September 30, 2006				
Encumbrances reserved at			(20)	
September 30, 2005		_	(52)	
			(52)	
Net Change In Fund Balance - GAAP Basis			(356,483)	
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year			685,641	
End of year			\$ 329,158	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 2002 CAPITAL PROJECT BOND CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

Revenues	Final I	Budget		Actual	(Uı	Over nder) udget		
Revenues								
Investment income	\$		\$		\$	<del>-</del>		
Expenditures								
Debt service:								
Principal	8	15,000		815,000				
Interest and fiscal charges	2	31,973		232,640		667		
Total Expenditures	1,0	46,973	1	,047,640		667		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,0	46,973)	(1	1,047,640)		(667)		
Other Financing Sources		10.000				0.05		
Transfers in	1,0	46,973	]	1,047,640		667		
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$				Ç	<u> </u>		
Fund Balances								
Beginning of year								
End of year			\$					

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 2005 BOND RESERVE DEBT SERVICE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Final	Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
Investment income	\$	36,495	\$ 24,892	\$ (11,603)
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers out		(36,495)	 (36,495)	 
Revenues Under Expenditures	\$		(11,603)	\$ (11,603)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year			 1,328,126	
End of year			\$ 1,316,523	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 1993-94, 99 BOND DEBT SERVICE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget		
Revenues						
General property taxes	\$	1,092,300	\$ 1,075,408	\$ (16,892)		
Investment income		21,000	45,860	24,860		
Total Revenues		1,113,300	1,121,268	7,968		
Expenditures						
Debt service:						
Principal		810,000	810,000			
Interest and fiscal charges		301,555	299,905	(1,650)		
Total Expenditures		1,111,555	1,109,905	(1,650)		
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	1,745	11,363	\$ 9,618		
Fund Balances						
Beginning of year		_	729,803			
End of year		_	\$ 741,166			

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 2005 BOND DEBT SERVICE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

Assessment income  Total Revenues  xpenditures Current: General government Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges otal Expenditures  evenues Under Expenditures  ther Financing Sources Transfers in Total Other Financing Sources  tet Change In Fund Balances  und Balances Beginning of year	Fina	Final Budget Actual			Over (Under) Budget			
Revenues								
Assessment income	\$	23,847	\$	51,253	\$	27,406		
Total Revenues		23,847		51,253		27,406		
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		2,001		2,513		512		
Debt service:								
Principal		840,000		840,000		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		429,703		429,703				
Total Expenditures		1,271,704		1,272,216		512		
Revenues Under Expenditures		(1,247,857)	(:	1,220,963)		26,894		
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in		1,247,857		1,246,192		(1,665)		
Total Other Financing Sources		1,247,857		1,246,192	<del></del>	(1,665)		
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$			25,229	\$	25,229		
Fund Balances								
		_		198,346				
End of year		_	\$	223,575				

# MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – BUDGETARY INFORMATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

Revolving Public Improvement Fund – This fund is used to monitor the funding of special infrastructure improvements throughout the City. Revenues derived by this fund are special assessments that are levied and 1% gross receipts tax on utilities.

**Equipment Replacements Fund** – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds, which are to be utilized for equipment replacement needs.

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – REVOLVING PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
Assessment income	\$	37,800	\$ 37,023	\$ (777)
Public utility licenses		5,000	4,190	(810)
Intergovernmental		2,816,321	1,963,867	(852,454)
Investment income		_	73,465	73,465
Miscellaneous		24,050	495	(23,555)
Total Revenues		2,883,171	2,079,039	(804,132)
Expenditures				
Capital outlay		3,712,152	1,919,534	(1,792,618)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(828,981)	 159,505	988,486
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		406,147	496,431	90,284
Transfers out		(953,450)	(1,011,509)	(58,059)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)		(547,303)	(515,079)	32,224
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	(1,376,284)	(355,573)	\$ 1,020,711
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis				
Encumbrances reserved				
at September 30, 2006			357,552	
Encumbrances reserved				
at September 30, 2005			(669,335)	
			(311,783)	
Net Changes In Fund Balance - GAAP Basis			(667,356)	
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year		-	 2,469,123	
End of year			\$ 1,801,767	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
Investment income	\$	81,000	\$ 118,272	\$ 37,272
Expenditures				
Capital outlay		1,125,081	1,090,602	(34,479)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,044,081)	 (972,330)	71,751
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		306,143	304,742	(1,401)
Transfers out		_	(43,970)	(43,970
Sale of capital assets		135,607	 123,688	 (11,920
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)		441,750	 384,460	 (57,291
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	(602,331)	(587,870)	\$ 14,461
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis				
Encumbrances reserved				
at September 30, 2006			242,976	
Encumbrances reserved				
at September 30, 2005			 (5,940)	
			 237,036	
Net Change In Fund Balances - GAAP Basis			(350,834)	
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year		_	 3,000,009	
End of year		_	\$ 2,649,175	

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business, or where the governing body has decided that determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

#### ENTERPRISE FUND

**Parking Facilities Fund** – This fund is used to account for the City's parking operations.

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Insurance Fund – This fund is used to account for all the City's insurance operations.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PARKING FACILITIES ENTERPRISE FUND For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Fi	nal Budget		Actual		Over (Under) Budget
Operating Revenues						
St. Louis parking systems	\$	520,000	\$	466,561	\$	(53,439)
Parking lot revenue	•	143,260	·	131,867	•	(11,393)
Parking meter revenue		925,450		888,132		(37,318)
Total Operating Revenues		1,588,710		1,486,560		(102,150)
Operating Expenses						
Personnel services		290,292		282,864		(7,428)
Contractual services		551,942		420,125		(131,817)
Commodities		54,575		48,424		(6,151)
Depreciation		_		334,599		334,599
Insurance and fringe benefits		41,269		41,269		_
Total Operating Expenses		938,078		1,127,281		189,203
Operating Income (Loss)		650,632		359,279		(291,353)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)						
Gain on sale of capital assets		4,274,700		2,243,132		(2,031,568)
Investment income		187,965		367,140		179,175
Interest expense		(123,312)		(146,827)		23,515
Total Nonoperating Revenue						
(Expense)		4,339,353		2,463,445		(1,875,908)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		4,989,985		2,822,724		(2,167,261)
Transfers						
Transfers in		349,312		43,970		(305,342)
Transfers out		(1,300,410)		(948,447)		(351,963)
Total Transfers		(951,098)		(904,477)		(657,305)
Change In Net Assets	\$	4,038,887		1,918,247	\$	2,120,640
Adjustment To Reconcile To GAAP Basis						
Encumbrances reserved						
at September 30, 2005				(381)		
Change In Net Assets - GAAP Basis				1,917,866		
Net Assets						
Beginning of year				18,034,921		
End of year			\$	19,952,787		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Operating Revenues	Α.	105 500	A 150 500	d (15,000)
Participant contributions	\$	195,768	\$ 179,782	\$ (15,986)
Employer contributions		1,706,425	1,555,961	(150,464)
Reimbursements		31,307	72,292	40,985
Total Operating Revenues		1,933,500	1,808,035	(125,465)
Operating Expenses				
Contractual services		2,176,474	2,012,252	(164,222)
Operating Income (Loss)		(242,974)	(204,217)	38,757
Nonoperating Revenue				
Investment income		3,000	14,729	11,729
Miscellaneous income		9,000	140,463	131,463
Total Nonoperating Revenue		12,000	155,192	143,192
Change In Net Assets	\$	(230,974)	(49,025)	\$ 181,949
Adjustment To Reconcile To GAAP Basis				
Encumbrances reserved				
at September 30, 2005		-	(4,914)	
Change In Net Assets - GAAP Basis			(53,939)	
Net Assets				
Beginning of year			572,326	
End of year			\$ 518,387	

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity.

#### PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund - This fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for the City's non-uniformed employees.

City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Pension Fund -This fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for the City's police officers and firefighters.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS – PENSION TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2006

	Non- Uniformed Employees'			City Of Clayton Uniformed Employees'			
		etirement	•	Pension	4	401(k)	
		Fund		Fund	Plan	Fund	Total
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	485,262	\$	_	\$ 485,262
Investments:							
U.S. government and agency securities				4,800,372		_	4,800,372
Foreign bonds		_		239,955		_	239,955
Common stocks		_		2,364,900			2,364,900
Corporate bonds		_		2,631,077		_	2,631,077
Taxable municipal obligations		_		547,402			547,402
Mutual funds		9,399,019		12,650,460			22,049,479
Interest receivable		4,598		87,069		_	91,667
Total Assets		9,403,617		23,806,497			33,210,114
Net Assets							
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	9,403,617	\$	23,806,497	\$	_	\$ 33,210,114

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS – PENSION TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2006

	Non- Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund		City Of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Pension Fund		401(k) Plan Fund	Tota	al_
Additions							
Contributions:							
Participant contributions	\$		\$	216,234	\$ -	\$ 216,23	34
Employer contributions		*****		798,089		798,08	89_
Total Contributions		amplement.		1,014,323		1,014,32	23
Investment income:							
Net appreciation (depreciation)							
in fair value of investments							
and interest and dividends		736,062		1,604,054	(30,257)	2,309,85	59
Less: Investment expense		(51,988)		(101,975)	_	(153,96	63)
Total Investment Income		684,074		1,502,079	(30,257)	2,155,89	96
Total Additions		684,074		2,516,402	(30,257)	3,170,21	19
Deductions							
Benefits		244,430		768,426	1,084,765	2,097,62	21
Change In Net Assets		439,644		1,747,976	(1,115,022)	1,072,59	98
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension							
Benefits, Beginning Of Year		8,963,973		22,058,521	1,115,022	32,137,51	16
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension							
Benefits, End Of Year	\$	9,403,617	\$	23,806,497	\$	\$ 33,210,11	14

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NON-UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PENSION TRUST FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

	Final Budget			Actual	Over (Under) Budget	
Additions						
Investment income:						
Net appreciation in fair						
value of investments						
and interest and dividends	\$	578,558	\$	736,062	\$	157,504
Less: Investment expense		(38,964)		(51,988)		13,024
Total Investment Income		539,594		684,074		144,480
Total Additions		539,594		684,074		144,480
Deductions						
Benefits		237,400		244,430		7,030
Change In Net Assets	\$	302,194		439,644	\$	137,450
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - Beginning Of Year		_		8,963,973		
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - End Of Year		=	\$	9,403,617		

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CITY OF CLAYTON UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2006

_	Fin	al Budget	Actual	 Over (Under) Budget
Additions				
Contributions:				
Participant contributions	\$	224,400	\$ 216,234	\$ (8,166)
Employer contributions		798,089	798,089	
Total Contributions		1,022,489	1,014,323	(8,166)
Investment income:				
Net appreciation in fair				
value of investments				
and interest and dividends		1,638,462	1,604,054	(34,408)
Less: Investment expense		(81,083)	(101,975)	(20,892)
Total Investment Income		1,557,379	 1,502,079	 (55,300)
Total Additions		2,579,868	2,516,401	(63,467)
Deductions				
Benefits		772,209	 768,426	 (3,783)
Change In Net Assets	\$	1,807,659	1,747,976	\$ (59,683)
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - Beginning Of Year		-	22,058,521	
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - End Of Year		=	\$ 23,806,497	

STATISTICAL SECTION

### NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Four Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs				Septem	bei	r 30		
		2003		2004		2005		2006
Governmental activities:								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	\$	3,385,887	\$	5,755,970	\$	6,595,418	\$	8,732,202
Restricted		7,061,365		7,167,871		2,512,962		2,613,411
Unrestricted		10,606,559		10,849,389		14,478,948		14,090,912
Total governmental activities								
net assets	\$	21,053,811	\$	23,773,230	\$	23,587,328	\$	25,436,525
Pusings time activities.								
Business-type activities:								
Invested in capital assets,	ф	0.005.100	ф	10.050.001	φ	11 540 000	ф	0 545 577
net of related debt	\$	9,825,160	\$	10,256,621	\$	11,540,026	\$	9,545,577
Restricted		363,211		364,327		283,450		280,174
Unrestricted		7,055,289		7,316,261		6,211,445		10,127,036
Total business-type								
activities net assets	\$	17,243,660	\$	17,937,209	\$	18,034,921	\$	19,952,787
Primary government:								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	\$	13,211,047	\$	16,012,591	\$	18,135,444	\$	18,277,779
Restricted		7,424,576	·	7,532,198		2,796,412		2,893,585
Unrestricted		17,661,848		18,165,650		20,690,393		24,217,948
matal anima and								
Total primary government	ф	20 207 471	Ф	41 710 420	ф	41 699 940	ф	45 280 210
net assets	Ф	38,297,471	\$	41,710,439	\$	41,622,249	\$	45,389,312

Notes:

GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

### CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Last Four Fiscal Years Page 1 Of 2

				Septem	be	r 30,		
		2003		2004		2005		2006
Primary Government Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General Government	\$	3,185,066	\$	2,875,742	\$	4,706,827	\$	4,253,478
Public Safety		7,655,085		8,243,416		8,198,773		8,660,970
Streets and highways		4,158,084		4,856,137		4,530,110		4,530,039
Parks and recreation		2,014,876		2,279,115		2,211,655		2,865,602
Community development		130,408		100,657		528,627		975,774
Interest on long-term debt		1,211,293		1,218,464		861,255		989,693
Total governmental expenses		18,354,812		19,573,531		21,037,247		22,275,556
Business-type activities:								
Parking facility		1,042,756		1,092,781		1,247,961		1,274,489
Total business-type activities:		1,042,756		1,092,781		1,247,961		1,274,489
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	19,397,568	\$	20,666,312	\$	22,285,208	\$	23,550,045
Primary Government Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	777,873	\$	621,820	\$	595,618	\$	666,138
Public safety		1,230,252		1,334,618		1,381,324		931,486
Streets and highways		154,909		622,814		238,677		246,210
Parks and recreation		491,455		548,968		611,660		672,161
Community development		301,011		802,980		824,766		1,309,048
Operating grants and contributions		1,340,611		2,078,952		1,680,413		924,132
Capital grants and contributions		120,433		_		_		
Total governmental activities program revenues		4,416,544		6,010,152		5,332,458		4,749,175
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Parking facility		1,721,204		1,711,194		1,595,313		1,486,560
Total business-type activities program revenues	-	1,721,204		1,711,194		1,595,313		1,486,560
Total Primary Government Program								
Revenues	\$	6,137,748	\$	7,721,346	\$	6,927,771	\$	6,235,735
Net Revenue (Expense)								
Governmental activities	\$	(13,938,268)	\$	(13,563,379)	\$	(15,704,789)	\$	(17,526,381
Business-type activities	*	678,448	+	618,413	*	347,352	*	212,071
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(13,259,820)	\$	(12 944 966)	¢	(15 357 437)	ф	(17,314,310

### CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Last Four Fiscal Years Page 2 Of 2

			Septem	be	r 30,	
General Revenues And Other Changes		2003	2004		2005	2006
In Net Assets	-					
Governmental Activities:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	4,496,193	\$ 4,648,009	\$	4,707,073	\$ 6,135,030
Sales		5,640,949	5,563,404		5,706,839	5,934,90
Utility		3,803,453	4,361,026		4,553,878	4,890,84
Other		104,854	100,534		100,613	554,598
Licenses (taxes)		493,240	492,858		_	_
Investment income		442,863	349,778		329,421	665,054
Contribution*		800,000	-		-	_
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(98,720)	_			70,22
Miscellaneous		297,353	205,002		284,031	220,45
Transfers		145,374	139,849		390,576	904,47
Total governmental activities revenues and transfers		16,125,559	15,860,460		16,072,431	19,375,57
Business-type activities:						
Investment income		242,034	214,985		140,936	367,14
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		_			_	2,243,13
Miscellaneous		658	_			-
Transfers		(145,374)	 (139,849)		(390,576)	 (904,47
Total business-type activities revenues and transfers		97,318	75,136		(249,640)	1,705,79
<b>Total General Revenues And Other</b>						
Changes In Net Assets	\$	16,222,877	\$ 15,935,596	\$	15,822,791	\$ 21,081,373
Changes in Net Assets						
Governmental activities	\$	2,187,291	\$ 2,297,081	\$	367,642	\$ 1,849,19
Business-type activities		775,766	693,549		97,712	1,917,86
Total Changes In Net Assets	\$	2,963,057	\$ 2,990,630	\$	465,354	\$ 3,767,06

### Notes:

<sup>\*</sup> One time donation from Enterprise Leasing Corp. GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

### FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Four Fiscal Years

		Septe	mbe	er 30,	
	2003	2004		2005	2006
General Fund	 				
Reserved	\$ 78,453	\$ 18,654	\$	4,000	\$ 4,095
Unreserved	7,489,726	7,390,863		7,084,601	8,324,588
Total General Fund	\$ 7,568,179	\$ 7,409,517	\$	7,088,601	\$ 8,328,683
All other governmental funds:					
Reserved:					
Revolving Public Improvement Fund	\$ 865,807	\$ 1,294,260	\$		\$ _
Capital Improvement Project Fund	22,121	_		52	_
<b>Equipment Replacements Fund</b>	_	2,904		5,940	243,051
1997-98 Bond Debt Service Fund	207,345	-			_
Other Governmental Funds	2,172,239	2,332,455		2,260,337	2,282,433
Unreserved, reported in:					
Revolving Public Improvement Fund:	3,530,868	2,167,752		2,469,123	1,801,767
Capital Improvement Project Fund:	(5,202)			_	
Equipment Replacements Fund:	2,770,853	3,051,034		2,994,069	2,406,124
Other Governmental Funds:					
Special Revenue Fund	332,104	345,430		400,612	318,166
Capital Projects Funds	2,119,083	281,879		775,873	329,158
Total All Other					
Governmental Funds	\$ 12,015,218	\$ 9,475,714	\$	8,906,006	\$ 7,380,699

Notes:

GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Four Fiscal Years

	For	r Tł	e Year Ende	d S	September :	30,	
	2003		2004		2005		2006
Revenues							
General property taxes	\$ 4,531,961	\$	4,664,838	\$	4,716,717	\$	6,086,868
Assessment income	150,325		652,862		414,771		186,253
Licenses and permits	1,339,456		1,135,051		1,207,727		1,362,041
Public utility licenses	3,803,453		4,361,026		4,553,878		4,890,845
Intergovernmental	7,283,761		7,909,370		7,519,596		7,520,816
Community programs	972,018		960,036		1,000,188		1,112,109
Fines and forfeitures	684,168		764,265		756,907		777,766
Investment income	429,380		348,425		329,421		665,054
Miscellaneous	659,422		457,995		583,531		596,398
Total Revenues	19,853,944		21,253,868		21,082,736		23,198,150
Expenditures							
General government	3,009,861		3,110,409		3,986,435		3,914,379
Public safety	7,137,008		7,838,638		7,930,225		7,921,971
Streets and highways	2,907,164		2,999,624		3,256,194		3,405,316
Parks and recreation	1,698,757		1,799,563		1,600,093		1,657,278
Community development	111,793		108,161		191,357		254,375
Capital outlay	10,224,954		5,745,639		3,106,040		3,930,973
Debt service:			-,,		-,,-		-,,
Principal	1,220,000		1,450,000		2,040,000		2,465,000
Interest and fiscal charges	1,133,151		1,231,434		892,930		962,248
Bond issuance costs	11,166				139,036		
Total Expenditures	27,453,854		24,283,468		23,142,310		24,511,540
F (Deficiency) Of Bernand							
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,599,910)		(3,029,600)		(2,059,574)		(1,313,390
	1 1 1						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0.050.000						
Bond proceeds	9,950,000		15 004				_
Proceeds from capital lease	200 000		15,804		_		
Special item	800,000		15 401		04 510		100.000
Sale of capital assets	117,699		15,461		24,510		123,688
Issuance of refunding debt	_		_		12,165,000		-
Payments to refunding escrow agent	10 140 040		4 570 041	(	(11,411,136)		0.400.000
Transfers in	10,149,648		4,570,241		3,852,528		3,488,397
Transfers out	(10,004,274)		(4,430,392)		(3,461,952)		(2,583,920
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	 11,013,073		171,114		1,168,950	_	1,028,165
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ 3,413,163	\$	(2,858,486)	\$	(890,624)	\$	(285,225
D.14							
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital	13.72%		14.46%		15.33%		16.65
expenditures	13.12%	,	14.40%		10.55%		10.01

Notes:

GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

Source: Revenues and expenditures from governmental funds from basic financial statements

# ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars In Thousands)

										Total			Total
_		Real Pr	roperty	У			Rail	roads		Taxable	1	Estimated	Direct
Fiscal	Re	esidential	Com	mercial	Pe	ersonal		And	A	ssessed		Actual	Tax
Year		Property	P	roperty	Pr	operty	Ut	ilities		Value		Value	Rate
1997	\$	357,947	\$	_	\$	73,103	\$	2,469	\$	433,519	\$	1,725,952	0.920
1998		389,349		_		77,923		2,458		469,730		1,881,499	0.880
1999		399,963				85,078		2,396		487,437		1,940,097	0.880
2000		468,061				87,862		2,606		558,529		2,215,676	0.755
2001		472,516		_		90,470		3,066		566,052		2,244,900	0.755
2002 *		284,752		292,087		89,103		3,624		669,566		2,690,159	0.644
2003		286,748		297,052		84,026		2,634		670,460		2,697,949	0.656
2004		325,478		298,990		83,640		2,290		710,398		2,905,407	0.652
2005		325,974		300,037		83,904		2,290		712,205		2,912,085	0.652
2006		361,777		307,555		86,774		2,367		758,473		3,132,865	0.796

### Notes:

<sup>\*</sup> First year that real property was distributed between residential and commercial property. Source - St. Louis County Assessor determines assessments as of January 1.

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RESIDENTIAL ONLY) PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 1997	 1998	1999	 2000	2001	 2002	 2003	 2004	2005	 2006
Taxes levied on all property in the City of Clayton										
City of Clayton	\$ 0.920	\$ 0.880	\$ 0.880	\$ 0.755	\$ 0.755	\$ 0.644	\$ 0.656	\$ 0.652	\$ 0.652	\$ 0.796
State of Missouri	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030
St. Louis County	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.730	0.708
Special School District	0.630	0.620	0.640	0.620	0.623	0.835	0.849	0.833	0.905	0.840
St. Louis Community College	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.230	0.232	0.231	0.237	0.223
Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District (Extension)	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.069	0.069	0.069	0.069	0.069
Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.234	0.222	0.222	0.226	0.276	0.265
Sheltered Workshop	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.082
Deer Creek Sewer District	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
Black Jack Sewer District	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
	3.048	2.998	3.018	2.873	2.877	2.955	2.983	2.966	3.104	3.133
School District (1):										
Clayton School District	 3.430	 3.610	 3.650	 3.410	 3.300	2.938	 2.945	 3.622	3.769	3.925
Total	\$ 6.478	\$ 6.608	\$ 6.668	\$ 6.283	\$ 6.177	\$ 5.893	\$ 5.928	\$ 6.588	\$ 6.873	\$ 7.058

Notes:

Source - St. Louis County Assessor

<sup>(1)</sup> All property is located in the school district whose boundaries include part of the City.

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS Current Fiscal Year And Nine Fiscal Years Ago

			2006				1997	
		Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed		Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value (1)	_	Value	Rank	Value (2)
Clayton Corporate Park Mgmt. Co.	\$	25,319,460	1	3.34%	\$	16,906,080	1	3.90%
Pierre Laclede LLC		21,136,160	2	2.79%				
THF Plaza Office LLC		17,309,850	3	2.28%				
Duke Realty LTD Partnership		14,432,000	4	1.90%				
The Realty Associates Funds IV and V		12,361,600	5	1.63%				
HEF 1 - StL No. 1 LLC		11,558,400	6	1.52%		9,339,970	4	2.15%
8182 Maryland Associates		11,049,800	7	1.46%		8,014,720	5	1.85%
Riggs & Company Trustee		9,920,000	8	1.31%				
The Realty Associates Funds VI and VII		8,700,390	9	1.15%				
Forsyth Centre Associates LLC		8,160,000	10	1.08%				
Connecticut General Life Ins. Co.						14,720,010	2	3.40%
ZML Clayton Limited Partnership						11,126,270	3	2.57%
The Crawford Group						7,904,070	6	1.82%
TCEP II Properties						6,371,230	7	1.47%
The Brown Group						5,745,660	8	1.33%
CB Bemiston Tower, Inc.						5,482,210	9	1.26%
County National Realty Corp.	-				_	4,477,600	10	1.03%
Total	\$	139,947,660		18.45%	\$	90,087,820		11.30%

### Notes:

Source - St. Louis County Assesor, ten highest property tax valuations

<sup>(1)</sup> Total assessed value of the City was \$758,472,765 as of January 1, 2005.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total assessed value of the City was \$433,519,149 as of January 1, 1996.

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Collected Within The Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year	7	Fax Levied	Of the Le	evy	Colle	ections In	Tot	tal Collection	s To Date (3)
Ended		For The		Percentage	Su	bsequent			Percentage
September 30,	Fisc	eal Year (2)	 Amount	of Levy	J	Years		Amount	of Levy
1997	\$	3,991,443	\$ 3,579,667	89.7	\$	577,716	\$	4,157,383	104.2
1998		4,137,310	3,719,218	89.9		565,002		4,284,220	103.6
1999		4,141,897	3,845,863	92.9		418,808		4,264,671	103.0
2000		4,214,517	3,618,341	85.9		382,842		4,001,183	94.9
2001		4,275,506	4,059,048	94.9		587,857		4,646,905	108.7
2002		4,320,414	3,902,880	90.3		171,868		4,074,748	94.3
2003		4,409,624	4,244,002	96.2		381,852		4,625,854	104.9
2004		4,587,714	4,382,118	95.5		148,628		4,530,746	98.8
2005		4,644,371	4,392,929	94.6		181,332		4,574,261	98.5
2006		6,251,869	4,764,534	76.2		80,668		4,845,202	77.5

### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Source - St. Louis County Collectors Office

<sup>(2)</sup> Originally adjusted for strikeoffs and additions by St. Louis Board of Equalization after 1978.

<sup>(3)</sup> St. Louis County Collectors Office charges a collection fee of 1.5%.

# RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars In Thousands, Except Per Capita)

					Govern	mental A	ctiviti	es	 				Busin	ess-Type	e Activi	ties								
Fiscal Year	Improv	Capital vement Bonds	Fo	Less eserve r Debt ervice	•	Net Capital ovement nd Debt	Pa	Note yable	General ligation Bonds		oital ases	Capital vement Bonds	For	Less eserve r Debt ervice	Impro	Net Capital evement and Debt	P	Note Payable	Gov	Total Primary vernment	Percer of Per Incom	sonal	Caj	Per pita (2)
1997	\$	845	\$	_	\$	845	\$	291	\$ 12,580	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	13,716	\$	2	\$	1,022
1998 (3)		14,680		(1,240)		13,440		199	12,045		-	3,940		(400)		3,540		_		29,224		3.78		2,178
1999		14,172		(1,211)		12,961		99	11,605		_	3,828		(393)		3,435		-		28,100		3.64		2,094
2000		13,641		(1,279)		12,362		_	10,980			3,709		(414)		3,295				26,637		3.45		1,985
2001		10,276		(1,368)		8,908			10,325			2,803		(441)		2,362		-		21,595		2.35		1,355
2002		9,821		(1,343)		8,478		_	9,640		inempoliph	2,699		(435)		2,264		-		20,382		2.22		1,279
2003 (4)		21,960		(1,285)		20,675		-	8,930			3,380		(425)		2,955				32,560		3.55		2,043
2004		21,255		(1,285)		19,970		_	8,185		16	3,245		(423)		2,822		2,152		33,145		3.24		2,080
2005 (5)		21,230		(1,173)		20,057			7,410	11	,971	2,655		(426)		2,229		2,091		43,758		4.28		2,746
2006		19,575		(1,304)		18,271		_	6,600	8	,142	2,430		(280)		2,150		1,971		37,134		3.63		2,330

#### Notes:

- (1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements
- (2) See "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for personal income and population data.
- (3) In fiscal year 1998 the City issued \$18,250,000 in capital improvement bonds for a new recreation center, park facilities and neighborhood renovations and a parking garage.
- (4) In fiscal year 2003 the City issued an additional \$9,250,000 in capital improvement bonds for construction of City Hall, Shaw Park Pool and the Fire Station.
- (5) In fiscal year 2005, capital improvement bonds of \$14,820,000 were issued to refinance the capital improvement bonds issued in fiscal year 1998.

# RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars In thousands, Except Per Capita)

Fiscal Year	Ob	General oligation onds (1)	Percentage Of Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)	Per Capita (3)
1997	\$	12,580	2.90	\$ 938
1998		12,045	2.56	898
1999		11,605	2.38	865
2000		10,980	1.97	818
2001		10,325	1.82	648
2002		9,640	1.44	605
2003		8,930	1.33	560
2004		8,185	1.16	514
2005		7,410	1.04	465
2006		6,600	0.87	414

### Notes:

- (1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- (2) See "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for property value data.
- (3) See "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for population data.

Source: Basic financial statements and Assessor of St. Louis County

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (Dollars in thousands)

Name Of Governmental Unit	I Outstand	Debt ling	Percentage Applicable To City Of Clayton	App	Amount blicable To City Clayton
St. Louis County	\$ 88	,615	3.41	\$	3,022
Clayton School District	26	,669	79.08		21,090
Subtotal	115	,284			24,112
City of Clayton	6	,600	100.00		6,600
Total	\$ 121	,884		\$	30,712

Note: Percentage applicable to City of Clayton is the total assessed value of the City of Clayton as a percentage of the total assessed value of the taxable property of the governmental unit.

### Sources:

City of Clayton Financial Report

St. Louis County

Clayton School District

# LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars In Thousands)

	 1997	1998	 1999	2000	2001	 2002	2003	2004	2005		2006
Debt Limit (1)	\$ 43,352	\$ ,	\$ 48,744	\$	\$ 56,605	\$ , , , , ,	\$ ,	\$ 71,040	\$ 71,221	\$	75,847
Total net debt applicable to Debt Limit Legal debt margin	\$ 12,330 31,022	\$ 11,304 35,669	\$ 10,806 37,938	\$ 9,979 45,874	\$ 9,054 47,551	\$ 8,830 58,127	\$ 8,137 58,909	\$ 7,431 63,609	\$ 6,680 64,541	\$	5,859 69,988
Legal debt margin	\$ 31,022	\$ 35,669	\$ 37,938	\$ 45,874	\$ 47,551	\$ 58,127	\$ 58,909	\$ 63,609	\$ 64,5	541	541 \$
applicable to the	28.44%	24.06%	22.17%	17.87%	16.00%	13.19%	12.14%	10.46%	9.38%		7.22%

Note: Bonded indebtedness is limited by Sections 95.111 and 95.120 of the Missouri Revised Statutes (1986) to 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property.

(1) Debt limit is 10% of the assessed value, which can be found in the "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table.

### PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE (1)(2) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Gross	Direct Operating	Net Revenue vailable For		1	Deb	ot Service	Rec	quirement	ts
Year		Revenue	Expense	 Debt Service	P	rincipal		Interest		Total	Coverage
1997	\$	1,345,828	\$ 610,915	\$ 734,913	\$	325,000	\$	15,137	\$	340,137	2.16
1998		1,601,259	435,865	1,165,394				_		_	_
1999		1,760,831	689,197	1,071,634		_		-		_	
2000		1,868,869	599,423	1,269,446		_		_		_	-
2001		2,028,928	863,203	1,165,725		_		_		~	
2002		1,866,391	879,418	986,973				-			_
2003		1,963,896	854,050	1,109,846				_			
2004		1,711,194	638,087	1,073,107		-		<del></del>			
2005		1,595,313	616,907	978,406		_				_	_
2006		1,486,560	793,063	693,497		_				_	_

### Notes:

- (1) Per bond ordinance, all revenues derived from parking facilities were pledged to meet the debt service requirements of revenue bonds related to new parking facilities. The revenue bonds were paid off in fiscal year 1997.
- (2) Capital Improvement Bonds issued in fiscal years 1998, 2003 and 2005 did not constitute a general obligation or indebtedness of the City for which the City is obligated to levy or pledge any form of taxation and therefore are not shown.
- (3) Direct operating expenses do not include interest and depreciation.

### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population (1)	Incom (thousa of dollar	ne .nds	Hous	dian sehold me (2)	Clayton School District Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
1997	13,417	\$ 772	2,309	\$	57,562	2,419	1.7 9
1998	13,417	772	2,309		57,562	2,432	2.1 %
1999	13,417	772	2,309		57,562	2,404	1.7 9
2000	13,417	775	2,309		57,562	2,460	1.5 9
2001	15,935	91'	7,250		57,562	2,440	2.2 9
2002	15,935	91	7,250		57,562	2,442	2.6 %
2003	15,935	91	7,250		57,562	2,478	2.8 %
2004	15,935	1,02	2,772		64,184	2,548	2.6 %
2005	15,935	1,02	2,772		64,184	2,558	2.5 %
2006	15,935	1,02	2,772		64,184	2,460	2.6 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Source - 1990 U.S. Bureau of Census and the U.S. Census Bureau Administrative Records for population estimates 1993 and 1997 to 2000; source of data for 2001-2006, current population estimate revised census 2000 from U.S. Census Bureau dated 12/07/01.

<sup>(2)</sup> Source - sources of data from 1997 - 2003 from 1990 U.S. Bureau of Census. Sources of data from 2004-2006 from 2000 U.S. Bureau of Census.

<sup>(3)</sup> Source - Director of Communications for the School District of Clayton.

<sup>(4)</sup> Source - 2001 and previous, Missouri Division of Employment Security from U.S. Census Bureau Records; 2002 through 2006 - Missouri Department of Economic Development (based on 1990 census).

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Fiscal Year And Nine Fiscal Years Ago

		2006		1997					
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment			
St. Louis County	2,000	1	6.06	1,800	1	6.00			
The Crawford Group	850	2	2.58	464	5	1.55			
Gladys Manion, Inc.	651	3	1.98	_					
Brown Group	583	4	1.77	651	3	2.17			
Centene Management Company	525	5	1.59						
Commerce Bank	519	6	1.58	412	6	1.38			
Clayton School District	467	7	1.42	470	4	1.57			
Restaurant at Ritz Carlton	365	8	1.11	200	9	0.67			
Ritz Carlton	301	9	0.92	400	7	1.34			
Ernest & Young	261	10	0.79						
Enterprise Rent-A Car			-	1,011	2	3.37			
The Earthgrains Company				362	8	1.21			
Graybar Electric	production of the second secon			177	10	0.59			
Total	6,522		19.80	5,947		19.85			

### Notes:

Total employees for the City was estimated, based on square footage of commercial buildings that existed in Clayton nine years ago and currently. Source - Business License Database from Finance Division and Clayton School District.

# FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-Time Equivalent Employees As Of September 30,

	run-11me Equivalent Employees As Of September 30,												
Function/Program	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006			
General government:													
Elected officials	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7			
City Clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
City Manager	3	3	4	4	4	3	3	3	4	4			
Economic Development (1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		-			
Human resources	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
Finance	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	7			
Municipal court	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
Information systems	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3			
Planning and development	10	11	10	11	11	10	10	10	10	10			
Police:													
Officers	50	51	51	51	53	53	53	52	52	52			
Civilians (2)	13	13	13	13	15	15	14	8	8	8			
Fire:													
Firefighters and officers	29	30	30	32	32	33	32	35	35	35			
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Public Works:													
Engineering	5	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5			
Street maintenance	14	15	13	13	16	16	17	16	16	16			
Vehicle maintenance	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5			
Building maintenance	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3			
Parking maintenance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Parks and recreation:													
Administration/recreation	8	7	7	7	7	13	13	14	14	14			
Parks maintenance	8	9	8	10	10	10	9	9	9	9			
Total	170	175	173	179	187	192	188	185	186	186			

#### Notes:

Source: City of Clayton Annual Budgets (1997-2006)

<sup>(1)</sup> Economic development employee moved to communications in administrative services in 2005.

<sup>(2)</sup> Dispatcher positions eliminated in 2004 when City joined East Central Dispatch Center (ECDC). Dispatchers transferred to ECDC.

### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Four Fiscal Years\*

	Fiscal Year										
Function/Program		2003		2004	2005		2006				
Police:											
Arrests		432		670	848		973				
Parking violations		4,579		4,526	4,114		5,362				
Traffic violations		5,423		5,364	7,402		7,626				
Parking tickets **		59,829		57,738	50,222		44,221				
Fire:											
Emergency response ambulance		1,212		1,418	1,370		1,430				
Emergency response- fire		1,639		1,470	1,460		1,420				
Inspections		907		800	767		520				
Parks and recreation:											
Shaw Park Pool - Passes		533		542	528		651				
Shaw Park Ice Rink - Passes		11		13	16		8				
Tennis Court - Passes		26		30	26		8				
Pool/Tennis - Passes		81		73	69		57				
Tri Passes (pool/rink/tennis)		2		11	12		13				
Shelter Rentals (including picnic pads)		468		391	497		266				
Planning and development:											
Residential permits issued		173		202	172		304				
Estimated cost of construction for residential permits	\$	33,443,381	\$	20,694,236	\$ 29,333,420	\$	43,081,206				
Commercial permits issued		272		281	274		113				
Est.cost of construction											
for commercial permits	\$	33,135,438	\$	68,617,644	\$ 31,775,928	\$	57,891,052				
Finance and administration:											
Business licenses issued		890		893	894		889				
Liquor licenses issued		62		64	67		63				

### Notes:

No operating indicators by function/program are available for the Administration or Public Works Departments

Sources: City of Clayton Annual Reports (2003-2006), various City departments

<sup>\*</sup> Data for operating indicators by function/program before fiscal year 2003 is not readily available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Parking tickets not included in parking violations.

### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year											
Function/Program	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
Police:												
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Vehicles	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25		
Fire:												
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Fire hydrants	371	371	371	371	371	371	371	371	371	371		
Vehicles:												
Ladder Trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Pumpers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Rescue Trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Ambulances	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Public Works:												
Miles of streets - paved	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7		
Miles of alleys	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3		
Miles of sidewalks	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39		
Number of street lights	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500		
Parks and recreation:												
Acres of Parks	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75		
Number of Parks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Athletic Complex	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Aquatic Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

### Notes:

No capital asset indicators are available for the Administration, Finance, or Planning functions. Source: City of Clayton Annual Reports (1997-2006), various City departments